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I. INTRODUCTION

A. FOREWORD

"Physical education has unique and significant contributions to make in the total education of our youth. Through the medium of human movement, physical education can provide for individual development in the psychomotor, affective and cognitive domains." 1

"The physical education program is a sequence of experiences through which individuals LEARN TO MOVE as they MOVE TO LEARN." 2

Since movement is very personal we must cater to individual differences by providing students with a balanced physical education program, including activities chosen from the dimensions of games, individual and dual activities, dance, outdoor pursuits, aquatics, fitness and gymnastics.

The secondary program builds upon the movement experiences of the elementary grades. Students should have an opportunity to develop efficient and effective motor skills, knowledge and appreciation and to apply these to a wide variety of physical activities. This approach prepares students to meet their lifetime activity needs.

The premise of this guide lies in the articulation of elementary and secondary physical education so that students progress through a physical education program that has a full scope and sequence.

The purpose of this guide is to provide teachers with content which will aid in the development and implementation of relevant programs so that students develop performance abilities, appreciation and understandings of the most fundamental aspect of human and movement behavior.

¹CAHPER, Secondary School Physical Education, A position paper prepared by School Physical Activity Programs Committee, 1980, page 2.

²Government of Alberta, Conceptual Approach to Teaching Physical Education, An Alternative Method, 1977, page 1.

B. RATIONALE FOR PHYSICAL EDUCATION

The Canada fitness survey "Fitness and Lifestyle in Canada" states that "the main reason Canadians are active is to gain a sense of physical and mental well-being." 1

"Schooling, as part of education, accepts primary and distinctive responsibility for specific goals basic to the broader goals of education. Programs and activities shall be planned, taught and evaluated on the basis of these specific goals in order that students:

- acquire knowledge and develop skills, attitudes and habits which contribute to physical, mental and social well-being."2

The reason that Canadians are active and the responsibility that has been given to schools in Alberta to provide for activity which will lead to a sense of physical and mental well-being go hand in hand. Further to this, the Goals of Basic Education for Alberta as adopted by the Alberta Legislative Assembly in 1978 state:

"Achievement of the broader goals of education must be viewed as a shared responsibility of the community. Maximum learning occurs when the efforts and expectations of various agencies affecting children complement each other. Recognizing the learning that has or has not occurred through various community influences, among which the home is most important, the school will encourage the development of:

- intellectual curiosity and a desire for lifelong learning.
- self-discipline, self-understanding and a positive selfconcept through realistic appraisal of one's capabilities and limitations.
- an interest in cultural and recreational pursuits."3

¹Government of Canada Fitness and Amateur Sport, <u>Fitness and Lifestyle</u> in Canada, 1983, page 5.

²Goals of Basic Education, Junior and Senior High School Programs of Studies, Alberta Education, 1984.

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Our most recent information from <u>Canadian youth and physical activity</u> tells us that "enjoyment should remain the principal outcome of most programs for young people, but it is not the only reward they look for. Other important ones are feeling better, weight control and challenge." Through providing movement centered experiences in the seven dimensions of physical education, and through careful structuring of learning experiences to meet individual differences, teachers can ensure that physical education fulfills its purposes which are:

- to provide students with relevant physical education programs that promote activity for all youth, not just the elite.
- to provide programs that encourage lifelong participation in physical activity.
- to provide programs that develop and maintain physical fitness.

The role of the school in relation to the student and physical education is to ensure that the student will have the knowledge and understanding of physical activity needed to live effectively in today's society.

⁴Government of Canada Fitness and Amateur Sport, <u>Canadian Youth and Physical Activity</u>, 1983, page 9.

C. DESIRABLE CHARACTERISTICS

Developing Desirable Personal Characteristics 1

Children inhabit schools for a significant portion of their lives. Each day, in their relationships with fellow students, teachers and other adults who are in the school, children are exposed to a complex combination of influences, some deliberate and others incidental. In Canada, the common pattern of attitudes derives from many cultural sources, religious, ethnic and legal. Public schools exist within this culture and it is from this culture that the schools' dominant values emerge.

The school, as the site of a child's formal education, is not the sole or even dominant determiner of student attitudes. Other important sources of influence include the home, the church, the media, and the community. Educators alone cannot, and must not, assume the responsibility for the moral, ethical and spiritual development of their students. They do, however, play a significant role in support of other institutions. The actions of teachers and the activities which take place in schools contribute in a major way to the formation of attitudes.

Parents and other groups in society clearly expect teachers to encourage the growth of certain positive attitudes in students. These attitudes are thought of as being the prerequisites to the development of essential personal characteristics. For the guidance of all, the following list has been prepared. The list is not a definitive one, nor are the items ranked, but rather the list is a compilation of the more important attributes which schools ought to foster.

The Alberta community lives with a conviction that man is unique and is uniquely related to his world. Generally, but not universally, this expresses itself spiritually, through the belief in a Supreme Being (e.g., God). Ethical/moral characteristics, intellectual characteristics, and social/personal characteristics must be treated in a way that recognizes this reality and respects the positive contribution of this belief to our community.

1. ETHICAL/MORAL CHARACTERISTICS

¹ The Program of Studies for Junior High Schools, 1984, pages vi and vii. The Program of Studies for Senior High Schools, 1984, pages viii and ix.

RESPONSIBLE - accepts responsibility for own actions; discharges duties in a satisfactory manner.

FAIR/JUST - behaves in an open, consistent and equitable manner.

TOLERANT - is sensitive to other points of view, but able to reject extreme or unethical positions, free from undue bias and prejudice.

HONEST - is truthful, sincere, possessing integrity, free from fraud or deception.

KIND - is generous, compassionate, understanding, considerate.

COMMITTED TO DEMOCRATIC IDEALS - displays behavior consistent with the principles inherent in the social, legal and political institutions of this country.

2. INTELLECTUAL CHARACTERISTICS

OPEN-MINDED - delays judgements until evidence is considered and listens to other points of view.

THINKS CRITICALLY - analyzes the pros and cons; explores for and considers alternatives before reaching a decision.

CREATIVE - expresses self in an original but constructive manner; seeks new solutions to problems and issues.

PURSUES EXCELLENCE - has internalized the need for doing his/her best in every field of endeavour.

APPRECIATIVE - recognizes aesthetic values; appreciates intellectual accomplishments and the power of human strivings.

3. SOCIAL/PERSONAL CHARACTERISTICS

COOPERATIVE - works with others to achieve common aims.

ACCEPTING - is willing to accept others as equals.

CONSERVING - behaves responsibly toward the environment and the resources therein.

INDUSTRIOUS - applies himself diligently, without supervision.

POSSESSES A STRONG SENSE OF SELF-WORTH - is confident and self-reliant, believes in own ability and worth.

PERSEVERING - pursues goals in spite of obstacles.

PROMPT - is punctual; completes assigned tasks on time.

NEAT - organizes work in an orderly manner; pays attention to personal appearance.

ATTENTIVE - is alert and observant; listens carefully.

UNSELFISH - is charitable, dedicated to humanitarian principles.

MENTALLY AND PHYSICALLY FIT - possesses a healthy, sound attitude toward life; seeks and maintains an optimum level of bodily health.

D. FOSTERING RESPECT FOR ALL

The school curriculum has an important role to play in the development of healthy interpersonal and intergroup attitudes and relationships.

The physical education program provides many opportunities for students to interact with each other in an atmosphere of mutual respect and admiration for the competencies and the uniqueness of each individual.

Each learner, regardless of sex, race, color, creed or disability is evaluated relative to increase in personal skill rather than only in relation to peer development or abstract criteria. Thus, each student is able to take pride both in self-achievement and the achievements of others.

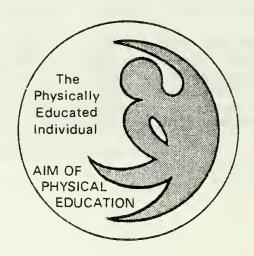
Regular physical activity, physical fitness and health maintenance are ingredients that help provide for a full and productive life. Physical education, as an integral part of the total education process aims at the development of physically, mentally, emotionally and socially fit persons. Throughout the program, efforts should be made to help the student develop a positive and realistic self-concept and to help the student understand that all persons have common needs, feelings and problems, and that each has something to offer or share.

E. PHILOSOPHY

Physical education is that portion of schooling which utilizes participation in movement experiences as a primary means of influencing development in the psychomotor, affective and cognitive domains. The students are richer for having participated; they are more healthy and vigorous, have a wide repertoire of physical skills and a predisposition to a lifestyle that involves using and building on these skills.

F. AIM OF PHYSICAL EDUCATION

The aim of physical education is a physically educated individdual who can develop an interest in physical activity as an essenial component of an active, healthy lifestyle. Physical education is an integral part of the total schooling program. Through movement-centered experiences, physical education provides a basis on which the individual's development can be maximized in the psychomotor, cognitive and affective domains.



G. MOVEMENT CONCEPTS

An outgrowth of physical education is quality and meaningful movement which is attained through carefully selected and sequenced experiences in the class instruction physical education program. These experiences allow the individual to respond physically at a level of performance related to the individual's level of development.

Much of the contemporary movement approach in physical education is based on the work done by Rudolph Laban. Although his work was primarily in the area of dance, others have adapted his work and applied it to other areas of physical education.

"Children who have been introduced to movement education during the elementary years have experienced fundamental movements such as those connected with locomotion, simple manipulation of objects and the use of their bodies to express their feelings." They have been exposed to experiences demanding body awareness, space awareness, a sensitivity to force and an awareness of relationships to objects and persons in the immediate environment. These experiences provide students with a foundation upon which can be built an understanding of human movement.

There are four main concepts that are used to classify movement in physical education. They are body awareness, space awareness, force and relationships.

Although the secondary curriculum is activity based, the four Laban concepts are important since the learners should emerge from the secondary physical education program appreciating that these four concepts are common to all physical activity. Teachers should take advantage of every opportunity to point out the influence of these four main movement concepts.

BODY AWARENESS is concerned with WHAT THE BODY MOVES. The student who understands this concept develops an awareness of how one part of the body moves in relation to other parts or to the whole, and can apply this understanding to the performance of movement skills.

"Every movement has a shape and as movement patterns in sport skills change, there is a characteristic change in body shape." The ice skater, in order to spin quickly, assumes a narrow body shape; to decrease speed the body shape must widen.

Transferring weight efficiently from one supporting body part to another is an element of body awareness. Each body part that receives body weight should anticipate and be ready for the arrival of that weight. The handstand is an example of transfer of weight in combination with supporting and balancing weight.

SPACE AWARENESS is concerned with WHERE THE BODY MOVES. In all movement activities, the student should be helped to develop an awareness of personal space and general space. Within space, whether it be a gymnasium floor, a court, a swimming pool or a balance beam, one can change directions, levels and patterns.

In physical activity direction changes may be forward, backward, sideward, upward, downward, diagonally and in all combinations of these.

When moving in space the movement can take place at one of three levels - close to the ground, high in the air, or in between these two levels.

The pathway of movement through space can be traced, thus forming a pattern which may be a zig-zag, straight line, curve, or any combination of these.

The concept of EFFORT is concerned with HOW THE BODY MOVES.

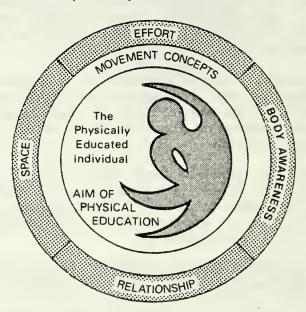
Movements can be fast or slow, or exist on a continuum between the two. The ability to accelerate and decelerate and to start and stop are necessities for controlled movement in physical activity.

Weight which refers to the strongness or lightness of movements requires control of energy output. A badminton player who is able to execute a dropshot from the forecourt and the backcourt has developed an awareness of force.

Movement FLOWS and if the flow is continuous the resulting movement is smooth, but if the flow is broken the resulting movement is jerky. Smooth flowing movement is exemplified by the grooved golf swing which is a rhythmical and efficient action.

The concept of RELATIONSHIPS, that is WITH WHOM OR WITH WHAT THE BODY MOVES encompasses all movement. Activities are performed in relationship to other people or to objects in the environment. The movements may be performed alone, with a partner, group or team. The relationship may be cooperative or competitive. The body may move in relation to large apparatus such as the high bar in gymnastics, or in relation to small apparatus such as balls in any one of a number of ball games.

THE ULTIMATE GOAL OF THE PHYSICALLY EDUCATED INDIVIDUAL WHO MOVES WITH MEANING IS THE CONCEPTUALIZATION OF THE INDIVIDUAL'S PERSONAL STYLE OF MOVEMENT BASED ON WHAT, WHERE, WHY AND HOW THE INDIVIDUAL IS MOVING.



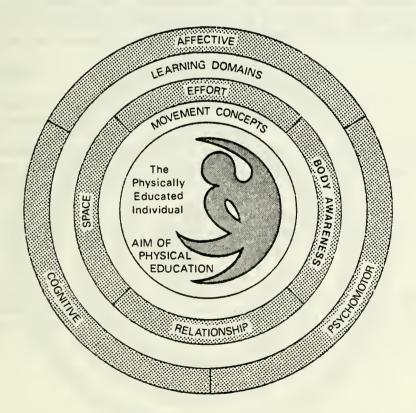
Beverly L. Seidel, Fay R. Biles, Grace E. Figley and Bonnie J. Neuman. Sports Skills, A Conceptual Approach to Meaningful Movement. P. 9.

² Ibid, P. 15.

H. LEARNING DOMAINS IN PHYSICAL EDUCATION

Physical education contributes significantly to the satisfaction of the individual's physical, intellectual and social-emotional needs. The program should provide for:

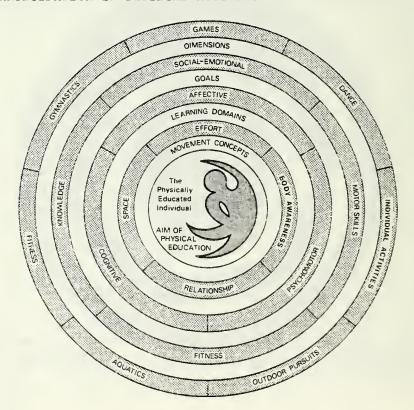
- psychomotor development as it pertains to motor proficiency and physiological functioning in the performance of physical activities;
- cognitive development as it involves knowledge, perception, memory, imagination, creative ability, thinking and reasoning related to performing physical activities; and
- 3. affective development as it refers to emotional control and social adjustment both to self and others. It is concerned with developing an appreciation and enjoyment of an activity for its own sake; recognizing the self-worth of each participant; and realizing the importance of physical activity in the maintenance of personal health.



I. GOALS OF PHYSICAL EDUCATION

The needs of the three learning domains provide the foundation upon which the following four physical education goals are formulated:

- 1. THE PHYSICAL EDUCATION PROGRAM SHOULD ASSIST THE INDIVIDUAL IN DEVELOPING EFFICIENT AND EFFECTIVE MOTOR SKILLS AND APPLYING THESE SKILLS IN A WIDE VARIETY OF PHYSICAL ACTIVITIES.
- 2. THE PHYSICAL EDUCATION PROGRAM SHOULD ASSIST THE INDIVIDUAL IN DEVELOPING AND MAINTAINING PHYSICAL FITNESS.
- 3. THE PHYSICAL EDUCATION PROGRAM SHOULD ASSIST THE INDIVIDUAL IN DEVELOPING KNOWLEDGE AND UNDERSTANDING OF FACTORS INVOLVED IN ATTAINING COMPETENCE IN AND APPRECIATION OF PHYSICAL ACTIVITY.
- 4. THE PHYSICAL EDUCATION PROGRAM SHOULD ASSIST THE INDIVIDUAL IN DEVELOPING AND MAINTAINING POSITIVE PERSONAL ATTRIBUTES AND INTERPERSONAL RELATIONSHIPS INCLUDING A POSITIVE ATTITUDE TOWARDS CONTINUED PARTICIPATION IN PHYSICAL ACTIVITY.



Goals and Learner Outcomes of Physical Education

Goal 1

THE PHYSICAL EDUCATION PROGRAM SHOULD ASSIST THE INDIVIDUAL IN DEVELOPING EFFICIENT AND EFFECTIVE MOTOR SKILLS AND APPLYING THESE SKILLS TO A WIDE VARIETY OF PHYSICAL ACTIVITIES.

Learner Outcomes

By the end of the physical education program the individual should be able to demonstrate:

- efficient locomotor, non-locomotor, and manipulative skills in a wide variety of physical activities suitable for developmental and recreational purposes; and
- proficiency in defining, analyzing, and solving movement problems inherent in a wide variety of physical activities suitable for developmental and recreational purposes.

Goal 2

THE PHYSICAL EDUCATION PROGRAM SHOULD ASSIST THE INDIVIDUAL IN DEVELOPING AND MAINTAINING PHYSICAL FITNESS.

Learner Outcomes

By the end of the physical education program the individual should be able to demonstrate:

- a personally efficient level of physical fitness in the areas of cardiorespiratory endurance, muscular endurance, strength, and flexibility; and
- 2. the ability to assess and monitor personal physical fitness needs and to design a safe program to meet these needs.

Goal 3

THE PHYSICAL EDUCATION PROGRAM SHOULD ASSIST THE INDIVIDUAL IN DEVELOPING KNOWLEDGE AND UNDERSTANDING INVOLVED OF FACTORS IN ATTAINING COMPETENCE IN AND APPRECIATION OF PHYSICAL ACTIVITY.

Learner Outcomes

By the end of the physical education program the individual should be able to demonstrate knowledge and understanding of and an appreciation for:

- physical and social skills, physical fitness, scientific principles of movement, and the relationship of exercise to personal well-being;
- 2. rules, techniques, strategies, and mechanical, physiological and psychological concepts as they relate to various physical activities;
- essential safety skills, practices, and techniques necessary in physical activity; and
- 4. vigorous action, fair play, competitive and cooperative effort.

Goal 4

THE PHYSICAL EDUCATION PROGRAM SHOULD ASSIST THE INDIVIDUAL IN DEVELOPING AND MAINTAINING POSITIVE PERSONAL ATTRIBUTES AND INTER-PERSONAL RELATIONSHIPS INCLUDING A POSITIVE ATTITUDE TOWARDS CONTINUED PARTICIPATION IN PHYSICAL ACTIVITY.

Learner Outcomes

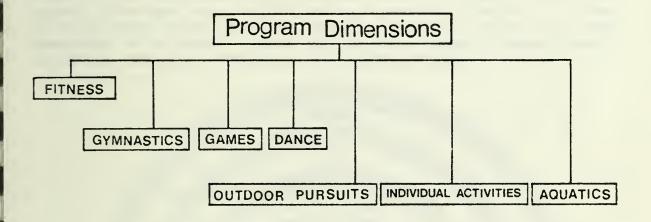
By the end of the physical education program the individual should be able to demonstrate:

- a positive attitude toward and independence in pursuing a wide variety of desirable recreational habits, interests, and skills which will lead to a wise and satisfying use of leisure time;
- 2. the development of leadership qualities as well as the ability to follow intelligently;
- 3. social skills which promote a positive self-concept that will encourage acceptable standards of behavior and respect for others;
- 4. a sense of achievement, joy, pleasure and satisfaction through a variety of wholesome physical activities; and
- a sensitivity and appreciation for the beauty of skilled movement.

J. DIMENSIONS

As an integral part of the well-balanced physical education program, each dimension utilizes carefully selected activities to contribute to the development of the physically educated individual.

All seven dimensions of physical education are desirable in a well-balanced program. It is recognized that students may be excused from instruction in special circumstances and that local conditions (finance, facilities, equipment, religious persuasion, etc.) may preclude the offering of some activities in a given dimension.



Aquatics use a unique environment to promote the safe pursuit of water-related activities.

<u>Dance</u> activities, through a variety of dance forms, emphasize the expressive aspect of movement in which the body is used as a means for communicating ideas and feelings.

Fitness emphasizes optimal functioning of the cardiorespiratory and musculo-skeletal systems and makes a significant contribution to the total well-being of the individual. The pursuit of physical fitness is an integral part of the other six program dimensions. In addition, the fitness dimension provides insights into the systems and functions of the body and how they are affected by movement and exercise.

Games activities emphasize sending, receiving and retaining skills, footwork, agility and body coordination, and elements of offense and defense.

Gymnastic activities emphasize body management skills which develop strength, flexibility and fluency of movement.

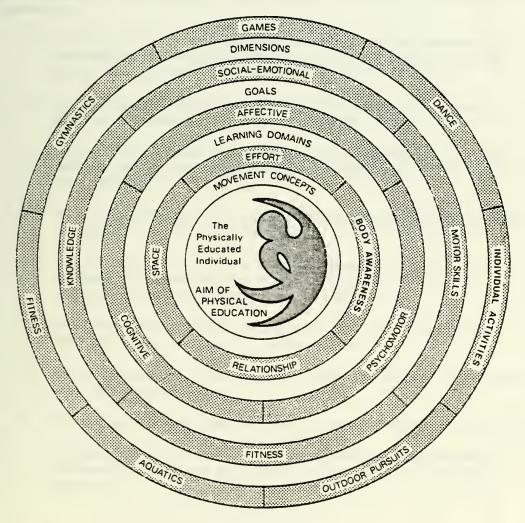
Individual Activities are those activities which, by their nature, can be pursued by an individual with or without a partner or opponent.

Outdoor Pursuits emphasize physical activities requiring wise and careful use of the environment.

K. PHYSICAL EDUCATION PROGRAM MODEL

The various influences affecting physical education can be combined to formulate the physical education program model.

The aim of physical education is to develop a physically educated individual. To that end, four movement concepts influence an individual: Body Awareness - 'What' the body moves; Space Awareness - 'Where' the body moves; Effort - 'How' the body moves; and Relationships - 'With Whom' or 'With What' the body moves. Developmental needs affect the individual in three learning domains: psychomotor, cognitive, and affective. These needs can be translated into the four goals of physical education: fitness, knowledge, motor skills, and social-emotional skills. In order to successfully achieve the four goals, a balanced program with seven dimensions is utilized. These are aquatics, dance, fitness, games, gymnastics, individual activities, and outdoor pursuits.





II. PROGRAM OBJECTIVES BY DIMENSIONS

Each of the seven program dimensions has objectives which identify the knowledge, attitudes, and physical and social skills. Each dimension provides for:

P - Psychomotor Development

C - Cognitive Development

A - Affective Development

A. AQUATICS

The following objectives identify the knowledge, attitudes, and physical and social skills related to the aquatics dimension. Acknowledging individual differences, each individual will demonstrate:

- P 1. a feeling of comfort and confidence in the water while displaying principles of buoyancy, propulsion techniques, water entries, and drownproofing skills;
- P 2. the ability to swim a variety of distances and to take part in selected water games and sports;
- P 3. an increase in muscular strength and the more traditional components of total fitness through activity and continuous participation in the water;
- P 4. the ability to use self-rescue skills and to assist persons in danger on, in or near water;
- P 5. the ability to identify and participate in a variety of vigorous fitness-inducing activities that relate to or complement selected aquatic activities;
- C 6. an understanding of the mechanical principles associated with efficient propulsion in the water;
- C 7. an understanding of safety and lifesaving skills associated with water activities;
- A 8. an appreciation and respect for the water environment; and
- A 9. an appreciation of the unique contribution of aquatics to personal fitness and to safety in lifetime water-related activities.

B. DANCE

The following objectives identify the knowledge, attitudes, and physical and social skills related to the dance dimension. Acknowledging individual differences, each individual will demonstrate:

- P 1. movement concepts of body awareness, space awareness, and quality of movement associated with one or more of folk, social, square, modern, creative, or jazz dance;
- P 2. the ability to develop and perform individual, partner, and/or group dance compositions in one or more dance forms;
- P 3. the capacity to perform dances of a vigorous nature that have the potential to contribute to total fitness;
- P 4. the ability to identify and participate in a variety of vigorous fitness-inducing activities that relate to or complement selected dance activities;
- C 5. an understanding of the history, current developments, etiquette, terms, origins, and mechanical principles which apply to one or more dance forms;
- C 6. an ability to analyze the various elements of rhythmical movement in dance;
- A 7. an appreciation of the opportunities for self-expression, creativity, individual interpretation, physical fitness, and social interaction provided through various dance forms; and
- A 8. an appreciation of dance as an enjoyable lifetime activity.

C. FITNESS

The following objectives identify the knowledge, attitudes, and physical and social skills related to the fitness dimension. Acknowledging individual differences, each individual will demonstrate:

- P 1. active participation in vigorous physical activities which will enhance personal fitness development throughout the total physical education program;
- P 2. the ability to assess and apply acceptable training principles in designing personal programs to improve cardiorespiratory efficiency, muscular strength, muscular endurance, flexibility, body composition, and posture;
- P 3. the ability to assess and apply acceptable training principles in designing personal programs to improve motor fitness components, power, reaction time, and speed;
- P 4. the ability to plan, monitor and participate in a personal fitness program that demonstrates the adaptation and refinement of varying activities so they may be utilized in school, home or community settings;
- 5. an understanding of the safety precautions common to fitness activities;
 - C 6. an understanding of the components of functional and motor fitness and the training principles, types of activities, and benefits associated with each;
 - C 7. an understanding of the relationship among nutrition, rest, relaxation, exercise, and sports to physical fitness;
 - A 8. an enjoyment of vigorous physical activity; and
 - A 9. a vital interest in the achievement and maintenance of one's personal fitness potential.

D. GAMES

The following objectives identify the knowledge, attitudes, and physical and social skills related to the games dimension. Acknowledging individual differences, each individual will demonstrate:

- P 1. the utilization of acquired physical skills in a wide variety of game situations;
- P 2. the ability to employ sound mechanical principles efficiently in the projection, reception and retention of objects under game conditions;
- P 3. the application of acceptable team/individual offensive/ defensive concepts in the creation and elimination of personal and team space in game situations;
- P 4. the ability to identify and participate in a variety of vigorous fitness-inducing activities that relate to or complement selected games;
- C 5. an understanding of the mechanical principles and team/ individual skills, strategies and techniques employed in a variety of games;
- C 6. an understanding of rules, etiquette, and safety precautions employed in a variety of games;
- A 7. an appreciation and respect for the effort, safety and abilities of one's self, teammates, opponents, officials, and instructors;
- A 8. an understanding and appreciation for etiquette and selfcontrol in game situations;
- A 9. an appreciation of the necessity to accept leadership/ followership roles in cooperative and competitive situations; and
- A 10. confidence and a desire to attempt new games or activities.

E. GYMNASTICS

The following objectives identify the knowledge, attitudes, and physical and social skills related to the gymnastics dimension. Acknowledging individual differences, each individual will demonstrate:

- P 1. ambidextrous movements that result in "balanced" body strength and mobility;
- P 2. the ability to demonstrate mechanical principles and motor patterns in the creation and performance of olympic/rhythmic/educational gymnastics sequences both on the floor and in formal/informal equipment arrangements;
- P 3. correct safety techniques where individual and/or cooperative assistance is appropriate;
- P&A 4. an increase in personal character traits such as perseverance, self-confidence, and individual initiative, in addition to the components of total fitness;
- P 5. the ability to identify and participate in a variety of vigorous fitness-inducing activities that relate to or complement selected gymnastics activities;
- C 6. knowledge of the history, terms, current developments, safety techniques, rules, etiquette, and mechanical principles which apply to olympic/rhythmic/educational gymnastics floor, vaulting, and apparatus activities;
- C 7. an understanding of the factors of space, weight, time and flow as they apply to gymnastics;
- C 8. the ability to monitor improvement and set personal performance goals in various olympic/rhythmic/educational floor, vaulting and apparatus activities;
- C 9. the ability to design and evaluate olympic/rhythmic/ educational gymnastics routines;
- A 10. an appreciation and respect for the safety, effort and abilities of one's self, teammates, opponents, officials and teachers; and
- A 11. the confidence and desire to participate willingly as a performer and/or organizer in class events.

F. INDIVIDUAL ACTIVITIES

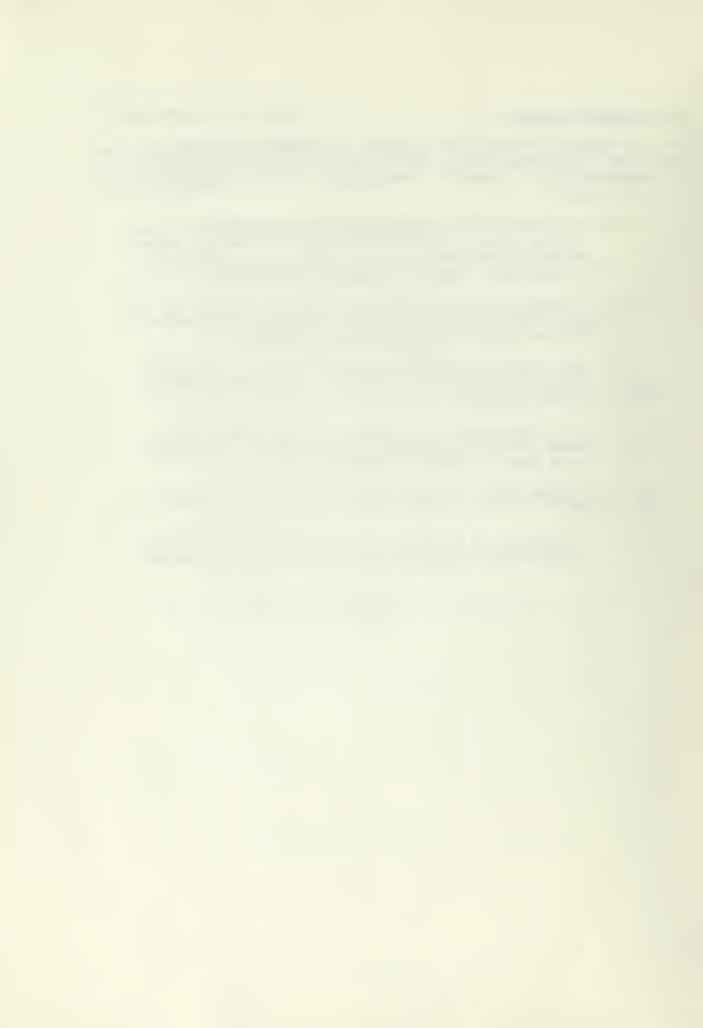
The following objectives identify the knowledge, attitudes, and physical and social skills related to the individual activities dimension. Acknowledging individual differences, each individual will demonstrate:

- P 1. the basic skills, techniques, and form associated with selected individual activities:
- P 2. the utilization of acquired physical skills in a wide variety of individual activities;
- P 3. the ability to identify and participate in a variety of fitness inducing activities that relate to or complement selected individual activities;
- C 4. knowledge of the etiquette, safety concepts, basic rules, and mechanical principles which apply to various individual activities;
- 5. the ability to monitor improvement and set personal goals in various individual activities;
- A 6. an appreciation and respect for the safety, effort, and abilities of one's self, partner, opponent, officials, and instructor:
- A 7. a confidence and desire to attempt new individual activities; and
- A 8. an increase in self-confidence, self-sufficiency, and individual initiative.

G. OUTDOOR PURSUITS

The following objectives identify the knowledge, attitudes, and physical and social skills related to the outdoor pursuits dimension. Acknowledging individual differences, each individual will demonstrate:

- P l. the basic skills, techniques and form associated with one or more of ice skating, snowshoeing, nordic skiing, alpine skiing, hiking, bicycle touring, small craft navigation, orienteering, camping or wilderness living skills;
- P&A 2. an increase in personal character traits such as selfconfidence, self-sufficiency, and individual initiative in addition to the components of total fitness;
- P 3. the ability to identify and pursue a variety of fitnessinducing activities that relate to or complement selected outdoor pursuits;
- C 4. an understanding of the history, current developments, terms, rules, safety concepts, and mechanical principles which apply to selected outdoor pursuits;
- A 5. an appreciation and respect for the natural environment; and
- A 6. an awareness of the potential of the natural environment for worthwhile lifetime outdoor pursuits in all seasons.



III. SCOPE AND SEQUENCE OF ACTIVITIES FOR SECONDARY PHYSICAL EDUCATION

A. PRINCIPLES OF SCOPING AND SEQUENCING

- 1. Individuals mature and develop at different rates.
- 2. Coordination develops as students mature.
- 3. Student ability to function in more socially complex situations improves as students mature.
- 4. Skills should be taught progressively from simple to more complex.
- 5. Skills should be taught as whole actions and only broken down into partial motions if necessary.

B. LEVELS APPROACH

The individual scope and sequences of the activities that follow are sequentially developed continuums of skills. Each of these skill continuums has been organized into four levels. Each level may serve as a stage to introduce and develop some of the necessary skills. Subsequent levels should reinforce the existing skills, knowledges, and appreciations. Although the continuums are generally presented as psychomotor skills it is intended that they be integrated with cognitive and affective components. In addition to performing skills, participants should be able to analyze and make appropriate correction and display positive attitudes and appreciations toward activities being studied.

The following should be noted about the skill continuums and suggested levels:

- Neither the skill continuums nor levels are intended to be prescribed programs. But rather, it is hoped they will serve as guides for teachers in the modification and development of programs tailored to their individual circumstances.
- 2. The levels suggested should not be tied to grade levels as they merely represent a suggested sequence. As we know, activity instruction normally begins with simple activities and progresses to the more complex. However, starting points and progressions are dependent upon individual participants and not necessarily determined by grade level.

- 3. Teachers are encouraged to use the suggested continuums and levels to their own advantage. For example, all of a particular level need not be covered when it is introduced. Skills can be added, deleted, or moved freely from one level to another when program or student circumstances warrant such action, or a number of levels can be offered simultaneously to different students in the same class.
- 4. Care should be taken to ensure that elementary, junior high and senior high school programs articulate with each other.

Further expansion of the scope and sequence beyond level four is subject to board approval.

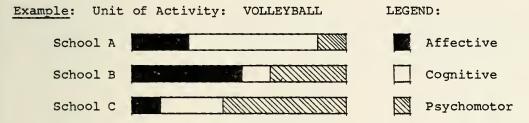
C. ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE

			LEVEL					
		I	II	III	IV			
	Affective							
DOMAINS	Cognitive							
	Psychomotor							

Use

This use of levels is very effective when dealing with a wide variety of growth and development within a particular class. Success of the levels approach depends to a large extent on students recognizing that the program is structured to enable them to progress at their own rate. In other words, these activity sequence charts are very useful and motivating to the individual students and should not be considered solely as a reference for teachers when they are planning units of instruction.

When implementing any curriculum, emphasis on the three domains may vary according to the unit being taught, the learning outcomes and the goals of the program, and the characteristics of both students and teachers.



In any one class, student differences will probably necessitate two or more levels being taught at the same time. It is also possible that a student may take a number of instructional units over two or more years before the requirements of a given level will be attained.

It is left to the discretion of the physical education teacher to determine the necessary proficiency required before a student progresses to the next level. In all cases, proficiency denotes the ability to repeat a particular requirement successfully and consistently.



AQUATICS

AQUATICS

DIVING

	CKILLE		Levels			
	SKILLS	1		III		
Α.	Basic Skills					
	1. Glide on the surface	*				
	2. Glide to the bottom	*				
	3. Glide to handstand	*				
В.	Modified Dives from Poolside					
	1. Sitting dive	*				
	2. Kneeling dive	*			_	
	3. Lunge dive	*	ļ		_	
	4. Pike fall	*			-	
	5. Spring header	*	ļ		-	
	6. Plain header	*			-	
~	Hairu a Basud					
C.	Using a Board 1. Standing take-off					
	a. straight jump forward					
	b. straight jump backward	*			+	
	2. Walking approach and take-off				\vdash	
	a. straight jump	*				
			1			
D.	Forward Dives					
	1. Tucked position	*				
	2. Piked position		*			
	3. Straight position		*			
	4. Forward somersault			*		
_						
E.	Inward Dives			*		
	1. Tucked position		 	*	+	
	2. Piked position		-	-	╀	
F.	Reverse Dives					
r •	1. Reverse jump from poolside		*	1		
	2. Reverse dive walk-off		*		+	
	3. Reverse dive straight		1	*	+	
	4. Reverse dive piked			*	+	
	5. Reverse somersault			*	1	
G.	Twist Dives					
	1. Forward dive half twist from a					
	standing position		*			
	2. Forward dive half twist		ļ	*	1	
Н•	Armstand Dives					
	1. Armstand dive		-	-	+	
	2. Armstand with forward cut through				+	
_	Co-Fotos	*				
<u> </u>	Safety	*	-		+	

DIVING Levels SKILLS 11 ı 111 IV J. Scoring K. Terminology L. History *

LIFESAVING

A. Basic Skills 1. Entering the water a. straddle jump b. compact jump 2. Surface dive 3. Undressing in the water 4. Strokes a. back stroke without arms b. side stroke c. trudgeon 5. Reach, throw, wade and row B. Swim and Tow Skills 1. Defensive methods a. reverse b. single leg block i. counter c. duck away 2. Releases a. push up break b. pull control c. arm pull d. elbow break e. joint pressure break 3. Recovery from the bottom 4. Supporting a person 5. Towing methods a. non-contact tow b. contact tow c. cross-chest tow d. extended tow i. chin tow c. cross-chest tow d. extended tow i. hair ii. clothing iii. chin 6. Removing a rescued person from water a. support position b. stirrup method c. straight arm method d. crossed arm method 7. Resusitation a. mouth-to-mouth method i. dry land ii. shallow water iii. deep water b. mouth-to-nose method c. Holger Nielsen method d. Sylvester method		Le II	vels III	
1. Entering the water a. straddle jump b. compact jump 2. Surface dive 3. Undressing in the water 4. Strokes a. back stroke without arms b. side stroke c. trudgeon 5. Reach, throw, wade and row B. Swim and Tow Skills 1. Defensive methods a. reverse b. single leg block i. counter c. duck away 2. Releases a. push up break b. pull control c. arm pull d. elbow break e. joint pressure break 3. Recovery from the bottom 4. Supporting a person 5. Towing methods a. non-contact tow b. contact tow b. contact tow c. cross-chest tow d. extended tow i. hair ii. clothing iii. chin 6. Removing a rescued person from water a. support position b. stirrup method c. straight arm method d. crossed arm method 7. Resusitation a. mouth-to-mouth method i. dry land ii. shallow water iii. deep water b. mouth-to-nose method c. Holger Nielsen method				
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b. compact jump 2. Surface dive 3. Undressing in the water 4. Strokes	*			
2. Surface dive 3. Undressing in the water 4. Strokes	*		-	
3. Undressing in the water 4. Strokes a. back stroke without arms b. side stroke c. trudgeon 5. Reach, throw, wade and row B. Swim and Tow Skills 1. Defensive methods a. reverse b. single leg block i. counter c. duck away 2. Releases a. push up break b. pull control c. arm pull d. elbow break e. joint pressure break 3. Recovery from the bottom 4. Supporting a person 5. Towing methods a. non-contact tow b. contact tow i. chin tow c. cross-chest tow d. extended tow ii. hair ii. clothing iii. chin 6. Removing a rescued person from water a. support position b. stirrup method c. straight arm method d. crossed arm method d. crossed arm method i. dry land ii. shallow water iii. deep water b. mouth-to-nose method c. Holger Nielsen method	*			-
4. Strokes a. back stroke without arms b. side stroke c. trudgeon 5. Reach, throw, wade and row B. Swim and Tow Skills 1. Defensive methods a. reverse b. single leg block i. counter c. duck away 2. Releases a. push up break b. pull control c. arm pull d. elbow break e. joint pressure break 3. Recovery from the bottom 4. Supporting a person 5. Towing methods a. non-contact tow b. contact tow i. chin tow c. cross-chest tow d. extended tow i. hair ii. clothing iii. chin 6. Removing a rescued person from water a. support position b. stirrup method c. straight arm method d. crossed arm method 7. Resusitation a. mouth-to-mouth method i. dry land ii. shallow water iii. deep water b. mouth-to-nose method c. Holger Nielsen method	*			-
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b. side stroke c. trudgeon 5. Reach, throw, wade and row B. Swim and Tow Skills 1. Defensive methods a. reverse b. single leg block i. counter c. duck away 2. Releases a. push up break b. pull control c. arm pull d. elbow break e. joint pressure break 3. Recovery from the bottom 4. Supporting a person 5. Towing methods a. non-contact tow b. contact tow i. chin tow c. cross-chest tow d. extended tow i. hair ii. clothing iii. chin 6. Removing a rescued person from water a. support position b. stirrup method c. straight arm method d. crossed arm method 7. Resusitation a. mouth-to-mouth method i. dry land ii. shallow water iii. deep water b. mouth-to-nose method c. Holger Nielsen method	*			1
C. trudgeon 5. Reach, throw, wade and row B. Swim and Tow Skills 1. Defensive methods	*	+	-	+
5. Reach, throw, wade and row B. Swim and Tow Skills 1. Defensive methods	*	-	-	-
B. Swim and Tow Skills 1. Defensive methods	*	1		-
1. Defensive methods a. reverse b. single leg block i. counter c. duck away 2. Releases a. push up break b. pull control c. arm pull d. elbow break e. joint pressure break 3. Recovery from the bottom 4. Supporting a person 5. Towing methods a. non-contact tow b. contact tow i. chin tow c. cross-chest tow d. extended tow i. hair ii. clothing iii. chin 6. Removing a rescued person from water a. support position b. stirrup method c. straight arm method d. crossed arm method 7. Resusitation a. mouth-to-mouth method i. dry land ii. shallow water iii. deep water b. mouth-to-nose method c. Holger Nielsen method		+	-	
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b. single leg block i. counter c. duck away 2. Releases a. push up break b. pull control c. arm pull d. elbow break e. joint pressure break 3. Recovery from the bottom 4. Supporting a person 5. Towing methods a. non-contact tow b. contact tow i. chin tow c. cross-chest tow d. extended tow i. hair ii. clothing iii. chin 6. Removing a rescued person from water a. support position b. stirrup method c. straight arm method d. crossed arm method 7. Resusitation a. mouth-to-mouth method i. dry land ii. shallow water iii. deep water b. mouth-to-nose method c. Holger Nielsen method		*		
i. counter c. duck away 2. Releases a. push up break b. pull control c. arm pull d. elbow break e. joint pressure break 3. Recovery from the bottom 4. Supporting a person 5. Towing methods a. non-contact tow b. contact tow c. cross-chest tow d. extended tow i. hair ii. clothing iii. chin 6. Removing a rescued person from water a. support position b. stirrup method c. straight arm method d. crossed arm method 7. Resusitation a. mouth-to-mouth method i. dry land ii. shallow water iii. deep water b. mouth-to-nose method C. Holger Nielsen method		-	-	-
c. duck away 2. Releases a. push up break b. pull control c. arm pull d. elbow break e. joint pressure break 3. Recovery from the bottom 4. Supporting a person 5. Towing methods a. non-contact tow b. contact tow i. chin tow c. cross-chest tow d. extended tow i. hair ii. clothing iii. chin 6. Removing a rescued person from water a. support position b. stirrup method c. straight arm method d. crossed arm method 7. Resusitation a. mouth-to-mouth method i. dry land ii. shallow water iii. deep water b. mouth-to-nose method C. Holger Nielsen method		*		
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b. pull control c. arm pull d. elbow break e. joint pressure break 3. Recovery from the bottom 4. Supporting a person 5. Towing methods a. non-contact tow b. contact tow c. cross-chest tow d. extended tow i. hair ii. clothing iii. chin 6. Removing a rescued person from water a. support position b. stirrup method c. straight arm method d. crossed arm method 7. Resusitation a. mouth-to-mouth method i. dry land ii. shallow water iii. deep water b. mouth-to-nose method c. Holger Nielsen method		*		
c. arm pull d. elbow break e. joint pressure break 3. Recovery from the bottom 4. Supporting a person 5. Towing methods a. non-contact tow b. contact tow i. chin tow c. cross-chest tow d. extended tow i. hair ii. clothing iii. chin 6. Removing a rescued person from water a. support position b. stirrup method c. straight arm method d. crossed arm method 7. Resusitation a. mouth-to-mouth method i. dry land ii. shallow water iii. deep water b. mouth-to-nose method c. Holger Nielsen method		*	-	-
d. elbow break e. joint pressure break 3. Recovery from the bottom 4. Supporting a person 5. Towing methods a. non-contact tow b. contact tow i. chin tow c. cross-chest tow d. extended tow i. hair ii. clothing iii. chin 6. Removing a rescued person from water a. support position b. stirrup method c. straight arm method d. crossed arm method 7. Resusitation a. mouth-to-mouth method i. dry land ii. shallow water iii. deep water b. mouth-to-nose method c. Holger Nielsen method		*		+-
e. joint pressure break 3. Recovery from the bottom 4. Supporting a person 5. Towing methods		*	+	+-
3. Recovery from the bottom 4. Supporting a person 5. Towing methods a. non-contact tow b. contact tow i. chin tow c. cross-chest tow d. extended tow i. hair ii. clothing iii. chin 6. Removing a rescued person from water a. support position b. stirrup method c. straight arm method d. crossed arm method 7. Resusitation a. mouth-to-mouth method i. dry land ii. shallow water iii. deep water b. mouth-to-nose method c. Holger Nielsen method		*	+	+-
4. Supporting a person 5. Towing methods a. non-contact tow b. contact tow i. chin tow c. cross-chest tow d. extended tow i. hair ii. clothing iii. chin 6. Removing a rescued person from water a. support position b. stirrup method c. straight arm method d. crossed arm method 7. Resusitation a. mouth-to-mouth method i. dry land ii. shallow water iii. deep water b. mouth-to-nose method c. Holger Nielsen method			*	+-
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b. contact tow i. chin tow c. cross-chest tow d. extended tow i. hair ii. clothing iii. chin 6. Removing a rescued person from water a. support position b. stirrup method c. straight arm method d. crossed arm method 7. Resusitation a. mouth-to-mouth method i. dry land ii. shallow water iii. deep water b. mouth-to-nose method c. Holger Nielsen method		*		
i. chin tow c. cross-chest tow d. extended tow				+
c. cross-chest tow d. extended tow				
d. extended tow i. hair ii. clothing iii. chin 6. Removing a rescued person from water a. support position b. stirrup method c. straight arm method d. crossed arm method 7. Resusitation a. mouth-to-mouth method i. dry land ii. shallow water iii. deep water b. mouth-to-nose method c. Holger Nielsen method			-	+-
i. hair ii. clothing iii. chin 6. Removing a rescued person from water a. support position b. stirrup method c. straight arm method d. crossed arm method 7. Resusitation a. mouth-to-mouth method i. dry land ii. shallow water iii. deep water b. mouth-to-nose method c. Holger Nielsen method				+-
ii. clothing iii. chin 6. Removing a rescued person from water a. support position b. stirrup method c. straight arm method d. crossed arm method 7. Resusitation a. mouth-to-mouth method i. dry land ii. shallow water iii. deep water b. mouth-to-nose method c. Holger Nielsen method			*	
iii. chin 6. Removing a rescued person from water a. support position b. stirrup method c. straight arm method d. crossed arm method 7. Resusitation a. mouth-to-mouth method i. dry land ii. shallow water iii. deep water b. mouth-to-nose method c. Holger Nielsen method			*	╁╌
6. Removing a rescued person from water a. support position b. stirrup method c. straight arm method d. crossed arm method 7. Resusitation a. mouth-to-mouth method i. dry land ii. shallow water iii. deep water b. mouth-to-nose method c. Holger Nielsen method			*	-
a. support position b. stirrup method c. straight arm method d. crossed arm method 7. Resusitation a. mouth-to-mouth method i. dry land ii. shallow water iii. deep water b. mouth-to-nose method c. Holger Nielsen method			1	-
b. stirrup method c. straight arm method d. crossed arm method 7. Resusitation a. mouth-to-mouth method i. dry land ii. shallow water iii. deep water b. mouth-to-nose method c. Holger Nielsen method	*			
c. straight arm method d. crossed arm method 7. Resusitation a. mouth-to-mouth method i. dry land ii. shallow water iii. deep water b. mouth-to-nose method c. Holger Nielsen method	*		1	+
d. crossed arm method 7. Resusitation a. mouth-to-mouth method i. dry land ii. shallow water iii. deep water b. mouth-to-nose method c. Holger Nielsen method		*	1	+-
7. Resusitation a. mouth-to-mouth method i. dry land ii. shallow water iii. deep water b. mouth-to-nose method c. Holger Nielsen method		*		-
a. mouth-to-mouth method i. dry land ii. shallow water iii. deep water b. mouth-to-nose method c. Holger Nielsen method		-	-	-
i. dry land ii. shallow water iii. deep water b. mouth-to-nose method c. Holger Nielsen method				
<pre>ii. shallow water iii. deep water b. mouth-to-nose method c. Holger Nielsen method</pre>		*		
iii. deep water b. mouth-to-nose method c. Holger Nielsen method		+		-
b. mouth-to-nose methodc. Holger Nielsen method			+	+-
c. Holger Nielsen method		*		+-
		+		-
d. Sylvester method		*		+-
		-		+

LIFESAVING				
SKILLS		Lev II	els III i	IV
	<u>"</u>	*1	- 111	
C. Terminology	*			
D. History	*			
	1			
				- 1
			1 8	
		1		

SKILLS			Levels		
	1		111	IV	
A. Basic Skills					
1. Selection of equipment	*				
2. Surface swimming	*			-	
	*				
3. Use of flippers		*		-	
4. Clearing the mask		*			
5. Clearing snorkel		*			
6. Entering the water	*				
7. Surface diving					
a. jackknife	*				
b. feet first	*				
8. Surfacing	*				
9. Underwater swimming	*				
10. Breath holding and hyperventilation		*			
11. Equalization methods (ears)		*			
B. Skill Developing Games					
1. Mask scramble	į	*			
2. Buddy swap		*		-	
3. Follow the leader	*	 			
4. Scavenger hunt	*			-	
5. Communications		*		-	
		*	-		
6. Capture the flag 7. Charades		*		-	
		*		-	
8. Diver's tictactoe		-	*	-	
9. Mine field		 			
10. Underwater hockey			*	-	
C. Locations					
1. Pool	*				
2. Lake			*		
				1	
D. Safety	*				
E. Terminology	*				
F. History	*				
•					

AOUATICS

SWIMMING Levels SKILLS IV A. Orientation to Water 1. Enter shallow water Exit shallow water Move through shallow water unassisted 3. 4. Wet face Open eyes Assisted front float 6. 7. Front float and recovery Exhale underwater * 8. 9. Rhythmic breathing (5 times) 10. Back float Surface support (15 seconds) 11. 12. Roll over Back float and recovery 13. 14. Rhythmic breathing (10 times) 15. Use of P.F.D. 16. Front float and recovery (deep water) 17. Back float and recovery (deep water) * 18. Surface support (30 seconds) 19. Front roll wearing a P.F.D. 20. HELP huddle (1 minute) 21. Surface support (1 minute) Rhythmic breathing (1 minute) 22. 23. Tread water (2 minutes) 24. Tread water (3 minutes) 25. Head first surface dive 26. Foot first surface dive 27. Tread water (4 minutes) 28. Treat water (5 minutes) * 29. Headfirst surface dive and 5 m underwater Footfirst surface dive and 5 m underwater swim B. Moving in the Water Front glide Front glide and kick 3. Back glide Back glide and kick Swim 5 m a. front b. back Swim 10 m a. front b. back Front crawl 25 m Back swim 15 m 9. Front crawl 50 m

SWIMMING

	SKILLS					
	Ollies			1111	1 1	
	10. Back crawl 25 m		*			
	11. Front crawl 50 m			*		
	12. Back crawl 50 m			*		
	13. Elementary back stroke 25 m			*		
	14. Front crawl 50 m				1	
	15. Back crawl 50 m				1	
	16. Elementary back stroke 50 m				,	
	17. Breast stroke 25 m				1	
	18. Legs only 25 m				1	
	19. Endurance swim 300 m		ļ		1	
	20. Breast stroke 50 m		ļ		1	
	21. Side stroke 50 m		-		1	
	22. Endurance swim 500 m		ļ		'	
_						
C.	Entering the Water	*				
	1. Jump into chest deep water		*		-	
	2. Jump into deep water		*	 	-	
	3. Front dive		 - -	*	-	
	4. Stride entry		-	 	-	
	5. Shallow dive		+		-	
_	Commetities Crimmin					
D.	Competitive Swimming					
	1. Racing start 2. Turns		-	+	-	
	3. Finish		-	+	+-	
	4. Butterfly stroke				+	
	4. Buddelly Belove		1	-	1	
E.	Rules	*				
F.	Officiating			*		
G.	Terminology	*				
H.	History	*		-	_	
•						
•						
•						

SYNCHRONIZED SWIMMING Levels					
	SKILLS	1	Lev	els III	IV
Α.	Basic Strokes				
•••	1. Breast stroke			1	
	a. with glide	*			
	b. bunny	*			
	2. Back crawl				
	a. straight arm recovery	*			
	b. bent arm recovery	*			
	3. Front crawl				
	a. straight arm recovery	*			
	b. bent arm recovery	*			
в.	Layouts				
	1. Back layout	*			
	2. Extended back layout		*		
	3. Front layout		*		
	4. Extended front layout	*			
	5. Front layout variant		*		
	6. Side layout	*			
c.	Sculling				
	1. Standard scull	*			
	2. Reverse scull	*			
	3. Torpedo scull		*		
	4. Dolphin scull		*		
	5. Canoe scull		*		
	6. Lobster scull	*			
	7. Russian scull		*		
	8. Support scull		*		
D.	Egg-Beater Leg Kick				
	1. Stationary		*		
	2. Forward		*		
	3. Backward			*	
	4. Sideways			*	
E.	Basic Body Positions				
	1. Tuck position	*			
	2. Pike position	*			
	a. back somersault tucked			*	
	b. front piked somersault			*	
	3. Dolphin				*
	4. Eiffel tower				*
F.	Twists				*
G.	Spins				*
Н.	Routines				
	1. Swimming to music		*		
	······································		1		

SYNCHRONIZED SWIMMING				
SKILLS	l i	Lev		IV
		-		
2 Swimming formations			*	
2. Swimming formations 3. Floating patterns				*
I. Entries	*			
1. Head first 2. Feet first	*			
2. 1000 11100				
J. Rules	*			
K. Terminology	*			
K. Telliminology				
L. History	*			
00				

*WATER GAMES		Lev	els	
SKILLS	1	II		IV
A. Games for Beginners				
1. Water orientation				
a. breath-holding contest	*			
b. rippling-rhythm contest	*			
c. underwater "pops" contest	*			
d. I spy	*			
e. siamese waders	*			
f. in-and-out race	*			
g. ferryboat relay	*			
h. water-ball race	*			
i. kickboard balance race	*			
j. duck-for-the-oyster game	*			
k. fish-spearing relay	*			
1. ring-around the rosie	*			
m. splash the cheese	*			
n. London bridge	*			
o. anchor-chain relay	*	,		
p. bobbing race	*			
q. I see a fish	*			
r. water call ball	*			
s. aquatic giant steps	*			
t. duck the shot	*			
u. aqua-spud	*			
v. ducking numbers	*			
w. sunken treasure	*			
2. Games with feet off bottom				
a. feet of lead	*			1
b. jellyfish tag	*			
c. jellyfish whistle	*			
d. jellyfish marshall	*			
e. floating wheelbarrows	*			
f. steamboat race	*			
g. tugboat relay	*			
h. back-float merry-go-round	*			
i. steamboat shuffle	*			
j. finny fun	*			
k. water circus	*			
1. still pond	*		ļ	
m. king of the rock	*			
n. salmon says	*			- 3
O. keep away	*			
p. cork retrieve	*		ļ	
q. water pushball	*		ļ	
r. shallow-water punchball	*		1	
s. balloon pop	*	ļ	ļ	
t. through the locks	*	ļ		
u. minnow chase	*	ļ		
v. change about	*			
	1			1

A.W A		Lev	els	
SKILLS	1	11		IV
B. Games for Intermediate Swimmers				
1. Stroke-practicing games				
a. for practicing elementary backstroke skill	3			
_ i. navy gliders		*		
ii. frog ferryboat		*		ļ
iii. galley race		*		
b. for practicing breaststroke skills				
i. kickboard race		*		<u> </u>
ii. jockey race	-	*	-	
iii. breaststroke tag		*		-
c. for practicing front crawl				
i. building blocks	-	*		-
ii. water-bug race	ļ	*		-
iii. zigzag tag	 	*		
d. for practicing sidestroke skills				
i. waiter race		*		-
ii. "help" race		*		
iii. deepwater tugs		*		-
e. for practicing back-crawl skills				
i. siamese back crawl		*		-
ii. back-crawl ball shuttle		*		-
iii. rubber-band exchange		*		
2. Treading and underwater games				
a. treading-water games	1			
i. aquatic red light		*		
ii. tread and catch		*		-
iii. hang out the wash	ļ	*		
iv. fish-net tag	-	*		-
v. dodge the beach ball		*		-
vi. deepwater newcomb		*		-
b. underwater swimming and surface diving				
i. thread the needle		*		
ii. under the arches	-	*		_
iii. over and under	-	*		-
iv. underwater croquet	1	*		
v. duck dinner	-	*		
vi. sunken treasure		*		_
vii. torpedo tag		*		_
viii. aquatic needle in a haystack		*		
ix. submarine scramble	-	*		
x. walking the channel		*		
c. games and races				
i. shooting the rapids		*		
ii. inner tube tilting	ļ	*		—
iii. inner tube water polo		*		-
iv. inner tube relay	ļ	*		-
v. human skish	ļ	*		
vi. aquatic snatch the bacon		*		-
vii. alphabet soup		*		

SKILLS Viii. aquaball ix. candle race x. pigs to market xi. touch race xii. aquatic Norwegian ball xiii. bombardier	els III	IV
viii. aquaball ix. candle race x. pigs to market xi. touch race xii. aquatic Norwegian ball	[]]	IV
ix. candle race		
ix. candle race		
ix. candle race		
x. pigs to market		
xi. touch race		
xi: touch race xii. aquatic Norwegian ball *	1	
vili hombardior		
XIII. DOMDAIGIEI		
xiv. Jumping beans		
xv. swimming channel *		
C. Games for Advanced Swimmers		
1. Races for water-safety skills		
a. human-chain race	*	
b. disrobing race	*	
c. recovery race	*	
d. head-carry race	*	
e. torpedo-buoy race	*	
f. shake-out contest	*	
g. canoe rescue	*	
h. surfboard rescue race	*	
2. Ball and tag games and contests		
a. deepwater volleyball	*	
b. punch bowl	*	
c. aquatic flicker ball	*	
d. skim ball	*	
e. surfboard tilting	*	
f. aquatic chicken fight	*	
g. greased-watermelon contest	*	
h. banana-eating contest	*	
i. deepwater raiders	*	
j. deepsea blowers	*	
k. captive tag	*	
1. cross tag	*	
m. blindman's bell	*	
n. handicap tag	*	
o. ballet-leg tag	*	
3. Obstacle races		
a. somersault attention	*	
b. torpedo race	*	
c. three-legged race	*	
d. thar she blows	*	
e. air-mattress jousting	*	
f. planking race	*	
g. blow the man down	*	
h. aquatic sack race	*	
i. surfboard crew race	*	
j. balance race	*	
k. deep-dish pie race	*	
1. bookworm race	*	
m. time to retire	*	
01 00 100110		

*WATER GAMES Levels				
SKILLS	1	els	IV	
n. umbrella race			*	
o. christmas tree race			*	
<pre>p. underwater hockey race q. suitcase jumble</pre>			*	
g. Barroase jambre				
D. Rules	*			
E. Terminology	*			
*Note: These games are from				
Smith, Hope M. <u>Water Games</u> . New York: The Ronald Press				
Company, 1962.				
company / //out				

WATER SAFETY		Los	els	
SKILLS				ıv
A. Basic Skills	*			
1. Knowing rules of facility	*			
2. Locating shallow water	*			
3. Locating deep water 4. Locating hazards	*			
4. Locating hazards 5. Understanding and using life jackets/P.F.D.'s		*		
6. Personal assists		*		
7. H.E.L.P.		*		
8. Throwing assists		*		
9. Safe boating practices				
a. equipment			*	
b. preventing accidents			*	
c. emergencies			*	
10. Rescue breathing			*	
11. Ice safety				
a. thickness			*	
b. emergency procedures			*	
12. Water hazards				
a. weeds				*
b. currents				*
c. local hazards				*
13. Rescue breathing from land, dock or boat				
to victim in water				*
14. Safety in water sport situations				
a. skin diving		ļ		*
b. water skiing				*
c. snorkelling	*			
15. Hypothermia				*
B. Terminology	*			
C. History	*			
C: HISCOTY				



	SKILLS		Level		
	SKIELS	1	11	111	1\
	ic Steps				
1.	Walk	*			
2.	Run	*	-		
3.	Jump	*			
4.	Leap	*			-
5.	Hop	*			-
6. 7.	Skip	*		-	-
8.	Gallop	*			
9.	Slip-step	*			-
10.	Step-hop Step-close	*			-
11.		*			-
12.	Step-draw Step-noint	*			-
13.	Step-point Step-swing	+	*		
14.	Schottische	*	 	-	-
15.	Bleking	*			
16.	Grapevine	*			-
17.	Yemenite	-		*	-
18.	Two-step			*	-
19.	Brush	*			-
20.	Waltz	*			
21.	Balance	*			┼─
22.	Buzz	 	*	 	-
23.	Charleston			*	-
24.	Kick	*			-
25.	Pas de basque		*		-
26.	Point				١,
27.	Polka	*			-
28.	Stamp	*	1		
29.	Cake-walk			*	
30.	English running step	+	*		-
31.	Heel clicks	1		1	١,
	Hungarian break step	1	*		
33.	Mazurka				,
34.	Rock				,
35.	Shuffle				,
36.	Solado				,
37.	Slide-step		*		
38.	Three-step-turn		*		
39.	Misirlou		*		
40.	Harmonica		*		
41.	Irish promenade			*	
42.	Four step turn			*	
43.	Choo-choo			*	
44.	Rubber-legs	Ų.		*	

*FOL	*FOLK DANCE							
	SKILLS		Lev	-				
	SKILLS	-	11	111	IV			
	Basic Dance Positions							
В.		*						
	1. Open 2. Shoulder-waist	*						
		*						
	3. Varsouvianna 4. Promenade	*						
	5. Two-handed hold	*						
	6. Back cross position	*						
	7. Closed dance position	*						
	7. Closed dance position							
c.	Basic Dance Formations							
	1. Non-partner							
	a. scatter	*						
	b. line		*					
	c. circle	*						
	d. broken circle	*						
	2. Partner							
	a. scatter	*						
	b. single circle partners facing	*						
	c. single circle facing centre	*		*				
	d. square	*						
	e. double circle facing counterclockwise	*						
	f. double circle partners facing	*						
	g. contra column			*				
	h. longways set		*					
	3. Groups of three							
	a. scatter	*						
	b. three facing three			*				
	c. triple circle	*						
	d. triangle			*				
	4. Groups of four or more							
	a. sets of two couples	*						
	b. scatters		*					
	D. Scatters							
D.	Dances							
٥.	1. Folk							
	a. ace of diamonds	*						
	b. alunelul	*						
	c. circle schottische	*						
	d. d'hammerschiedsg'selln	*						
	e. ersko kolo	*						
	f. fjaskern	*						
	g. gay Gordons	*						
	h. greensleeves	*	-					
	i. Gustaf's skoal	*	-					
	j. hora	*						
	k. jibidi jibida	*						
	l. kiigidi kaagidi	*	-					
	m. klumpakojis	*						
	n. la bastringue	*		-				
	11. 14 DASCITINGUE							

*FOLK DANCE	Levels			
SKILLS	1	l II		IV
o. la raspa	*			
p. la cucaracha	*			
q. maple leaf stomp	*			
r. milanovo kolo	*			
s. misirlou	*			
t. noriu miego	*			
u. Norwegian mountain march	*			
v. Oslo waltz	*			
w. road to the Isles	*			
x. St. Bernard waltz	*			
y. tinikling	*			
z. troika	*			
aa. call to the piper	*			
bb. dundai		*		
cc. gathering peascods		*		
dd. gigue aux six		*		
ee. hava nagila		*		
ff. kochari		*		
gg. korobushka		*		
hh. little man in a fix		*		
ii. man in the hay		*		
jj. mayim		*		
kk. never on a Sunday		*		
11. ribbon dance		*		
mm. Sellenger's round		*		
nn. shiboleth basadeh		*		
oo. sicilian tarantella		*		
pp. spinning waltz		*		
qq. sweet Kate		*		
rr. the hatterida		*		
ss. tropanka		*		
tt. zemer lach	1	*		
uu. black nag			*	
vv. bohreen's dance			*	
ww. brandy rump bump (I)			*	
xx. dashing white sergeant			*	
yy. dayagim			*	
zz. doublebska polka			*	
aaa. erev ba	1		*	
bbb. fado blanquita			*	
ccc. harmonica			*	
ddd. kalvelis		1	*	
eee. kohanochka		1	*	
fff. kuma echa	1	† · · · · ·	*	
ggg. machar			*	
hhh. marklander			*	
iii. mechol ovadya	+		*	
jjj. meitschi putz di	+		*	
kkk. migildi magildi			*	
Mills intgital inagital	+			

*FOLK	DANCE				
	SKILLS		Lev		11/
		1	11	111	IV
	lll. rheinlander			*	
	mmm. rheinlander for three			*	
	nnn. rufty tufty			*	
	ooo. rumonsko kolo			*	
	ppp. to tur			*	
	qqq. tzlil zogim			*	
	rrr. at the inn				*
	sss. bavarian landler				*
	ttt. corrido				*
	uuu. gardon volage				*
	vvv. hineh ma tov				*
	www. krakowiak				*
	xxx. kreuz koenig				*
	yyy. neapolitan tarantella				*
	zzz. siamsa beirte				*
	aaaa. weggis				*
	Novelty				
	a. alley cat I	*			
	b. continental	*			
	c. hustle	*			
	d. slosh	*			
	e. Montego Bay		*		
	f. alley cat II			*	
	g. black hawk waltz			*	
	h. hot pretzels			*	
	i. salty dog rag			*	
	j. shortcake			*	
	k. snoopy			*	
	1. stepping out			*	
	m. twelfth street rag			*	
	n. pata pata				*
E. E	riquette	*			
F. T	erminology	*			
G. H	istory	*			
			1		
*This	is based on the folk dance resource booklet				
	shed by Calgary Public.				

	SKILLS	Levels				
		1			1/	
7 T.C	ocomotor Techniques					
1.		*				
2.		*	-	-	-	
_		*			-	
3.					-	
4.		*	-			
5.		*	-			
6.		*	-	-	—	
	Slide	*			_	
8.	Gallop	T			-	
B. Fu	undamental Movement					
1.		*				
2.	Body's relationship to space					
	a. moving at different levels	*				
	b. moving in different directions	*				
	c. moving on different planes	*				
	d. moving in different dimensions	*				
	e. making designs	*				
	f. moving symmetrically	*	 		_	
	g. moving asymmetrically	*	 	 		
	h. moving in unison	*	+			
	i. moving in opposition	*	+		-	
	j. moving in succession	*		-		
				-	-	
	k. making various pathways	*				
	1. making various patterns					
3.	Body's expression of energy					
	a. intensity	*		-	-	
	b. accent	*		-	<u> </u>	
	c. quality	*		-	-	
4.	Movement and time					
	a. tempo	*				
	b. rhythm	*			-	
C. Th	nings to Explore					
	Levels					
	a. high	*				
	b. medium	*		-	-	
	c. low	*				
2.			+		-	
4.	a. feet					
	b. knees	*	+	-	-	
		*			-	
	c. sitting	*	 	-	-	
	d. lying				-	
3.						
	a. hands	*		-	-	
	b. elbows	*		-	-	
	c. legs	*	-	-		
	d. knees	*			_	
	e. hips	*			-	

MODERN DANCE

f. head			SKILLS	1	Lev	rels	I IV
g. feet h. torso i. arms j. back 4. Symmetry and asymmetry a. alone b. partner 5. Body shapes 6. Patterns and pathways 7. Qualities of movement a. changes in time b. changes in energy c. sudden i. light ii. heavy e. swings i. light ii. heavy iii. controlled iv. uncontrolled f. collapse g. explode h. contract D. Creative Activities F. Kistory * * * * * * * * * * * * *							
g. feet h. torso i. arms j. back 4. Symmetry and asymmetry a. alone b. partner 5. Body shapes 6. Patterns and pathways 7. Qualities of movement a. changes in time b. changes in energy c. sudden i. light ii. heavy e. swings i. light ii. heavy iii. controlled iv. uncontrolled f. collapse g. explode h. contract D. Creative Activities F. Kistory * * * * * * * * * * * * *			6 2-3	_			
h. torso i. arms							
i. arms j. back 4. Symmetry and asymmetry a. alone b. partner 5. Body shapes 6. Patterns and pathways 7. Qualities of movement a. changes in time b. changes in energy c. sudden i. light ii. heavy i. light ii. heavy iii. controlled iv. uncontrolled f. collapse g. explode h. contract * D. Creative Activities * * * * * * * * * * * * *							
1. back							
4. Symmetry and asymmetry a. alone b. partner 5. Body shapes 6. Patterns and pathways 7. Qualities of movement a. changes in time b. changes in energy c. sudden i. light ii. heavy e. swings i. light iii. controlled iv. uncontrolled f. collapse g. explode h. contract D. Creative Activities * * * * * * * * * * * * *							
a. alone b. partner C. Body shapes 6. Patterns and pathways 7. Qualities of movement a. changes in time b. changes in energy c. sudden i. light ii. heavy e. swings i. light iii. controlled iv. uncontrolled f. collapse g. explode h. contract Creative Activities F. History * * * * * * * * * * * * *		4					
b. partner		4.					
5. Body shapes 6. Patterns and pathways 7. Qualities of movement a. changes in time							
6. Patterns and pathways 7. Qualities of movement a. changes in time b. changes in energy c. sudden i. light ii. heavy e. swings i. light iii. controlled iv. uncontrolled f. collapse g. explode h. contract D. Creative Activities F. History * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		_					
7. Qualities of movement							
a. changes in time b. changes in energy c. sudden i. light ii. heavy e. swings i. light iii. controlled iv. uncontrolled f. collapse g. explode h. contract D. Creative Activities F. History * * * * * * * * * * * * *							
b. changes in energy		/ •					
C. sudden							
i. light ii. heavy e. swings i. light ii. heavy ii. loontrolled iv. uncontrolled f. collapse g. explode h. contract Terminology F. History * * * * * * * * * * * * *							
i. heavy e. swings i. light ii. heavy iii. controlled iv. uncontrolled f. collapse g. explode h. contract * Creative Activities E. Terminology * History * * * * * * * * * * * * *							
e. swings			i har-				
i. light				*		-	
ii. heavy iii. controlled iv. uncontrolled f. collapse g. explode h. contract Terminology F. History * * * * * * * * * * * * *				_			
iii. controlled iv. uncontrolled f. collapse g. explode h. contract E. Terminology * History * * * * * * * * * * * * *							
iv. uncontrolled f. collapse g. explode h. contract D. Creative Activities F. History * * * * * * * * * * * * *							
f. collapse g. explode h. contract D. Creative Activities * * * * * * * * * * * * *							ļ
g. explode h. contract * D. Creative Activities E. Terminology * History *							
h. contract						ļ	
D. Creative Activities * E. Terminology * F. History *							
E. Terminology * F. History *			h. contract	*			
F. History *	D.	Cre	ative Activities		*		
	E.	Ter	minology	*			
							1
	F.	His	tory	*			

SOCIAL AND BALLROOM DANCE Levels							
	SKILLS			III	ı IV		
Α.	Styles of Dance						
	1. Smooth						
	a. tall posture	*					
	b. long, smooth, even steps	*					
	c. gliding action	*					
1	2. Latin						
	a. forward body lean	*					
	b. small, precise steps	*					
	3. Swing	*					
	a. open to interpretation	*					
	b. small steps	-			-		
В.	Dance Positions						
"	1. Closed	*					
	2. Open	*					
1	3. Conversation	*					
	4. Shine	*					
C.	Leading						
	1. Forward lead	*					
	2. Backward lead	*					
	3. Left side lead	*					
	4. Right side lead	*					
	m.11 /						
D.	Following 1. Attention to cues	*					
	2. Sensitive to pressure	*					
	2. Schart to pressure						
E.	Dances						
	1. Territorial dances						
	a. Rumba						
	i. 1st position breaks	*					
1	ii. box	*					
	iii. Cuban walks	*					
	iv. underarm turn	*					
	v. 5th position break	*					
	vi. underarm turn to open Cuban walk	*					
	b. Cha Cha			*			
	i. side basic ii. forward-back progressive			*			
	iii. chase half turn			*			
	iv. cross-over with walk-around			*			
	v. freeze			*			
	vi. underarm turn			*			
	c. Samba						
	_i. caixo (box)		*				
	ii. balancetes		*				
	iii. natural copacabanas		*				
	iv. compasos		*				

SOCI	SOCIAL AND BALLROOM DANCE							
			SKILLS		Lev			
			ONIEE			111	IV	
			v. underarm turn right		*			
		a.	Swing					
		.	i. basic	*				
			ii. throw-out	*				
			iii. underarm turns	*				
			iv. kicks	*				
			v. wrap-around	*				
:	2.	Lir	ne-of-dance dances					
		a.	Foxtrot					
			i. magic (basic)	*				
			ii. box	*				
			iii. conversation	*				
			iv. left box turn	*				
			v. swing step	*				
			vi. side chasse	*				
		b.	Waltz					
			i. box		*			
			ii. progressive		*			
			iii. left box turn		*			
			iv. balances		*			
			v. turning balances		*			
			vi. progressive and balances vii. forward twinkle		*			
		_	Tango					
		C.	i. basic			*		
			ii. forward rocks			*		
			iii. corte			*		
			iv. conversation			*		
			v. flare fan			*		
			V · Little Lttl					
:	3.	Fad	d or novelty dances					
			butterfly	*				
			bunnyhop	*				
			polka	*				
			disco	*				
			charleston	*				
			schottische	*				
			two-step	*-				
F. 1	Eti	quet	te	*				
							i	
G	Ter	mino	ology	*				
H. 1	His	tory	7	*				

SQUARE DANCE

SKILLS			els	137
	1	II	111	IV
A. Basic Square Dance Positions				
1. Forming the square	*			
2. Star promenade formation	*			
3. Line formation	*			
4. Wagon wheel		*		
B. Basic Couple Positions				
1. Forearm swing	*			
2. Elbow swing	*			
3. Closed swing position	*			
4. Western promenade	*			
5. Courtesy turn	*			
C. Basic Square Dance Movements				
1. Forward and back	*			
2. Circle left/right	*			
3. Single circle half/three quarters	*			
4. Turn back	*			
5. Bow (honour)	*			
6. Swing (waist)	*			
7. Do-sa-do	*			
8. Make a star (right/left hand)	*			
9. Back with the left	*			
10. Lead to the right	*			
11. Break to a line	*			
12. Bend the line	*			
13. Star promenade	*			
14. Inside out, outside in	*			
15. Promenade	*			
16. Single file promenade	*			
17. Grand right and left	*			
18. Weave the ring	*			
19. Arm turns	*			
20. Allemande left/right	*			
21. Pair off	*			
22. Pass through	*			
23. Separate	*			
24. Around one/two		*		
25. Veer right/left		*		
26. Split two		*		
27. Square through (2, 3, 4 hands)		*		
28. California twirl	*			
29. Dive through		*		
30. Courtesy turn	*			-
31. Right and left through	*			
32. Ladies chain (half, three quarters,				
two/four ladies)	*			
33. Wheel around		*		
34. Grand square		*		
		-		

04114.0			/els	
SKILLS	1	- 11	111	1
35. Do puso		*		
36. All around your left-hand lady	*			
37. See saw your taw	*			
38. Rollaway to a half sashay		*		
39. Grand sashay		*		
40. Backtrack		*		
41. Box the gnat		*		
42. Cross trail		*		
43. Cross trail through		*		
44. Crisscross			*	
45. Allemande the star			*	
46. Shoot the star			*	
47. Slip the clutch		*		
48. Ocean wave (with/without balance)		*		
49. Alamo style		*		
50. Double pass through		*		
51. First go left (right) second right (left)		*		T
52. Star through	*			T
53. Ends turn in			*	Τ
54. Slide through		*		I
55. Cast off (one quarter, half around,				T
three quarters)		*		
56. Wheel and deal		*		T
57. Circle to a two-faced line			*	T
58. Swing through (right, left, double)			*	T
59. Eight chain through			*	T
60. Circulate (singles/couples/double)		*		T
61. Clover leaf				T
62. Go red hot				T
63. Substitute				T
64. Zoom				T
65. Dixie chain				T
66. Spin the top			*	
67. Trade (partner/couples/ends)			*	T
68. Trade the wave				T
69. Trade by				T
70. Flutterwheel				T
71. Sweep a quarter		*		
72. And a quarter more		*		T
73. Fold (gent/lady/ends/centers)		*		1
74. Face in/out			*	T
75. Quarter in/out				+
76. Tag the line				1
77. Centers in/out			1	+
78. Outsides in/out				+
79. Curlicue		1	*	+
80. Walk and dodge			*	+
81. Pass to the center		*		+
82. Peel off		1	1	+

	SKILLS	Levels						
			11	111	IV			
	83. Spin chain through		-		*			
	84. Hinge (partners/couples)				*			
	85. Hinge and trade	-			*			
	86. Scoot back			-	*			
	87. Fan the top 88. Turn and left through				*			
	89. Turn through and partner trade				*			
	90. Daisy chain		-		*			
	91. Recycle	-	-		*			
	Jiv Redyold	+	-					
D.	Etiquette	*						
E.	Terminology	*						
F.	History	*						
			-					

FITNESS

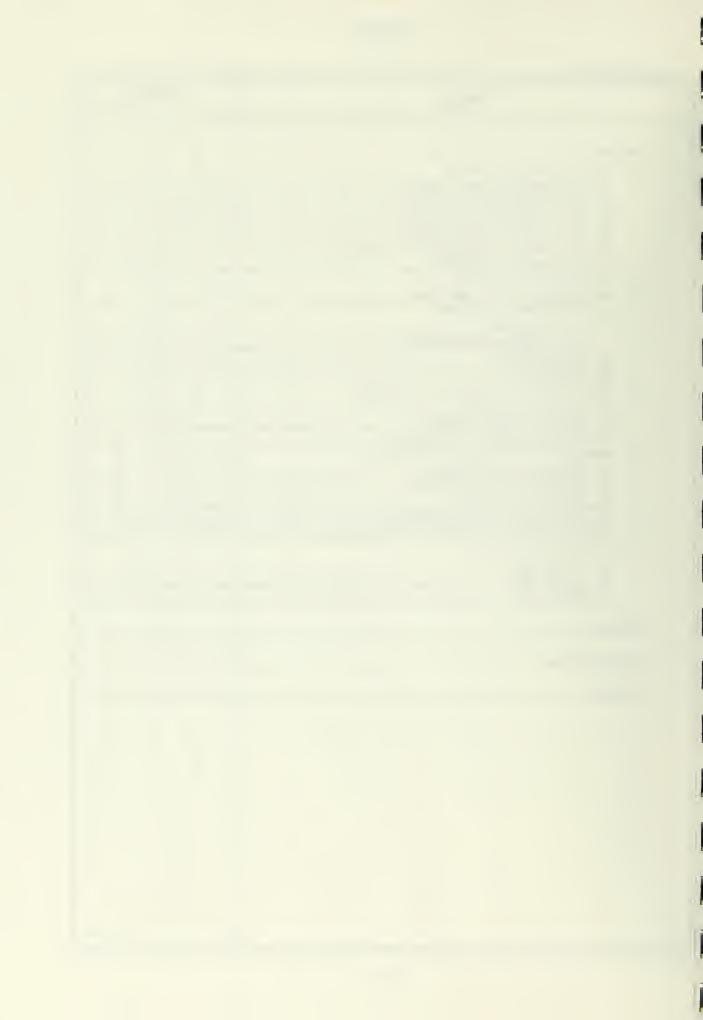


AEROBICS

AER	OBICS		Lev	eis	
	SKILLS	ı		111	IV
Α.	Measuring Aerobic Capacity				
	1. Laboratory setting				*
	2. Field testing				
	a. 12-minute test	*			
	b. 1.5 mile test	*			
В.	Principles of Aerobic Training				
	1. Progress slowly	*			
	2. Warm up	+			
	3. Cool down	*			
	4. Know your tolerance 5. Regularity	*			
	6. Environmental considerations				
	a. temperature		*		
	b. altitude		*		
	7. Age		*		
С.	Variety of Exercise Programs				
	1. Walking programs	*			
	2. Running programs	*			
	3. Cycling programs		*		
	4. Swimming programs		*		
	5. Sports programs			*	
	6. Dance programs		*		
	7. Rope skipping programs		~		
_	Cafaba				
D.	Safety 1. Foot problems		*		
	2. Knee and leg problems		*		
	3. Back trouble		*		
	4. Excess fatique		*		
E.	Cooper's Point System			*	
F.	Terminology	*			
G.	History -	*			
		•			
		-			



CAL	CALISTHENICS							
				Lev	els			
		SKILLS	1	11	111	IV		
A.	Bas					i		
	1.	Calisthenic groupings						
		a. for specific body parts	*					
		b. for different age groups	-					
		c. for various occupations		*				
		d. for posture correction	*	*				
		e. for degree of exertion required	-		*			
		f. for health problems			*			
	2.	Calisthenic purposes						
		a. strengthening exercises	*					
		b. endurance exercises						
		i. muscular	*					
		ii. circulo-respiratory	*					
		c. flexibility	*					
		d. relaxation	*					
	3.	Evaluating calisthenic exercises						
		a. principal action		*				
		b. muscle group working		*				
		c. role of force of gravity		*				
	4.	Adapting difficulty of exercise						
		a. speed of the movement		*				
		b. number of repetitions		*				
		c. range of movement]	*				
		d. resistance to be overcome	<u> </u>	*				
		Representative calisthenic exercises	*					
	6.	Calisthenic plans						
		a. 5 BX plan			*			
		b. 10 BX plan	<u>i</u>		*			
		c. XBX plan	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	*			
₽•	Saf	ety	i *					
				İ	1	! !		
C •	Ter	minology	*		<u> </u>			
D.	His	tory	*					
			Ì					
			-					
						1		
			ļ					
						1		



CIR	UIT TRAINING						
	SKILLS		Levels				
			11		IV		
A• .	What is it?	*					
	1. Definition	*					
	2. Advantages						
	3. Components	*					
	a. strength	*					
	b. cardio-respiratory endurance	*					
	c. muscular endurance	*					
	d. flexibility						
	4. Muscular contractions	*					
	a. concentric	*					
	b. eccentric	*					
	c. isometric	*					
В.	Principles of Training						
	1. Overload						
	a. resistance	*					
•	b. repetitions						
	c. speed	*					
	d. time	*					
	2. Progression	*					
	3. Regularity	*					
	4. Use and Disuse	*					
	5. Maintenance	*					
	6. Rest	*					
C.	Developing a Circuit						
	1. Goals		*				
	2. Current fitness level		*				
	3. Selecting exercises						
	a. factors						
	i. objectives		*				
	ii. balance for body parts		*				
	iii. intensity		*				
	iv. bias (if any) introduced		*				
	v. time available		*				
D.	Running a Circuit						
	1. Setting beginning load		*				
	2. Fixed loads		*				
	3. Modified circuits		*				
E.	Circuit Exercises						
	1. Requiring no equipment						
	a. running on the spot	*					
	b. jump starts	*					
	c. stride jumping	*					
	d. lateral leg raises	*					
	e. double lateral leg raises	*	-				
	f. squat thrusts	*					

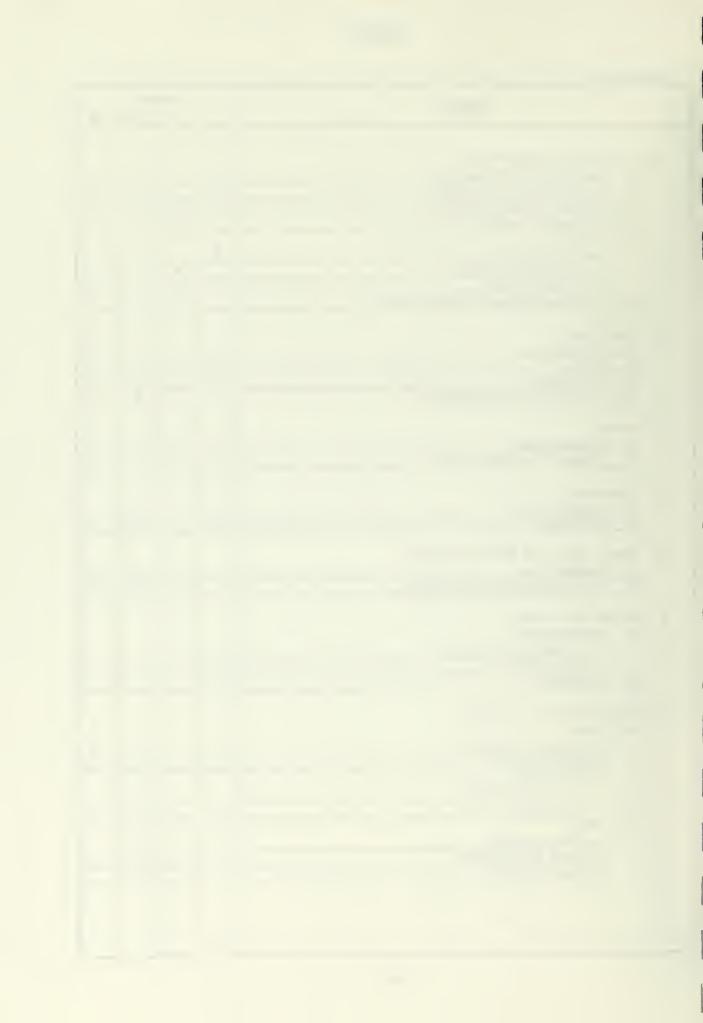


CIRCUIT TRAINING

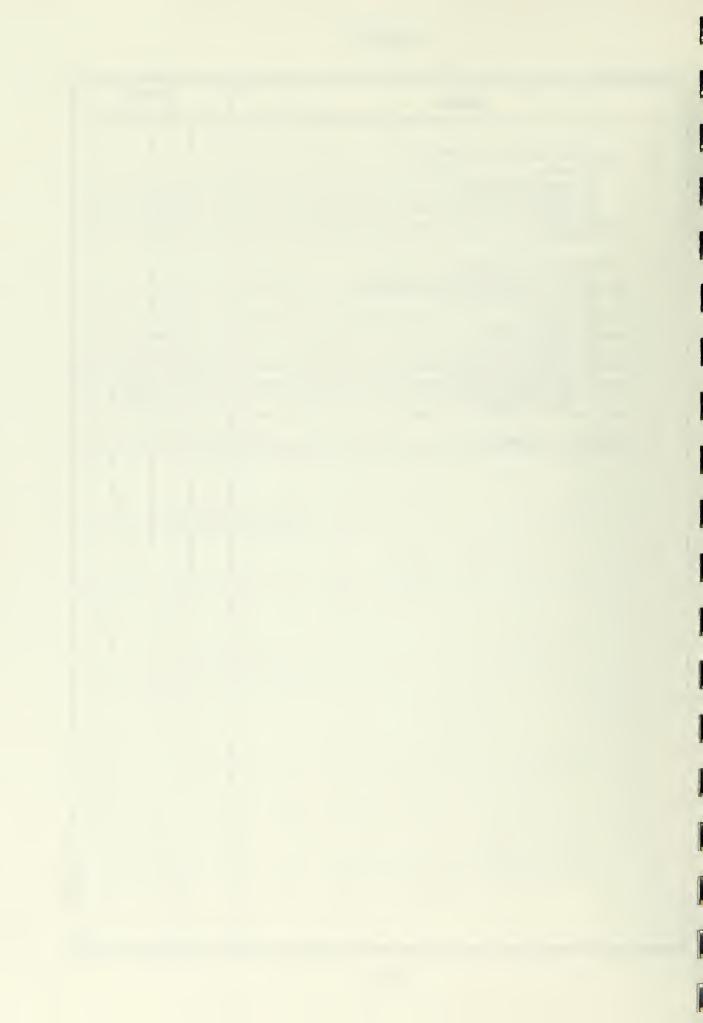
0110		CKULC			Levels				
		SKILLS	1	- 11	111	IV			
			1						
		g. hip raises	*						
		h. head and shoulder curls	*						
		i. sit-ups	*						
		j. v-sits							
		k. push-ups	*						
	2.	Requiring gymnasium equipment							
		a. bench stepping	*						
		b. stair running	*						
		c. back extensions	*						
		d. leg extensions							
		e. rope climbing	*						
		f. chin-ups	*						
		g. parallel bar travel							
		h. bent-arm travel on ladder	*						
		i. parallel bar dips	*						
	3.	Requiring free weights							
		a. three-quarter squat		*					
		b. straight-leg dead lift	ļ						
		c. bench press	}	*					
		d. bent rowing	<u> </u>	*					
		e. bent lateral raise		*					
		f. sideward bend		*					
		g. upward rowing		*					
		h. triceps extension		*					
		i. overhead press		*					
		j. bent-arm pullover		*					
		k. curl		*					
		1. straight-arm pullover		*					
		m. standing lateral raise		*					
		n. supine lateral raise	1	*					
	4.	Combinations of no equipment and equipment		*					
F.	Saf	ety	*						
			1						
G.	Ter	minology	*						
H.	His	tory	*						
		· ·							
				-					



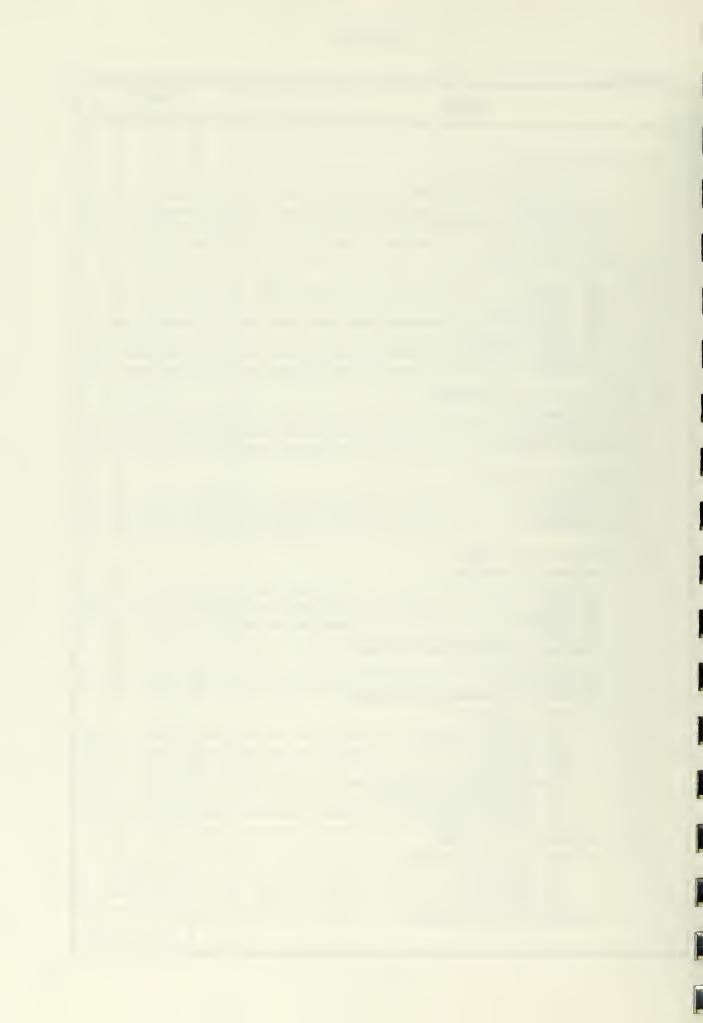
PIPCM AID						
Artificial Respiration 1. Mouth-to-mouth method 2. Mouth-to-nose method 3. Holger Nielsen method 4. Sylvester method 5. Choking						
		11		IV		
A Artificial Despiration						
	*					
	*					
		*				
		*	<u> </u>			
5 Choking						
	*	1				
		*				
Levels						
o. Cardiobalmonary resuscitation						
P Pleeding						
	*					
			*			
4. Dressings and Dandaging						
C Charle			1			
	-		-			
2. Treat the condition		1				
D. There advances				1		
			_			
		1	1			
2. Splinting		<u> </u>	-			
			_			
	. Mouth-to-most method					
2. Immobilizing injured area			-			
	*					
2. Treatment	*					
-						
			*			
			*			
			<u> </u>			
c. heat stroke			*			



ł da				
SKILLS	1		els	IV
	-	11	111	10
H. Disease Related Emergencies				
1. Diabetes				
a. insulin shock		*		
b. diabetic coma		*		
2. Epilepsy		*		
3. Fainting		*		
I. Transporting a Patient			i	
1. Blanket and stretcher carries		*		
2. Hand carry methods				
a. cradle		*		
b. human crutch		*		
c. pick-a-back		*		
d. fireman's lift		*		
e. four-handed seat			*	
f. two-handed seat			*	
g. chair carry			*	
	*			
J. Accident Prevention		!		



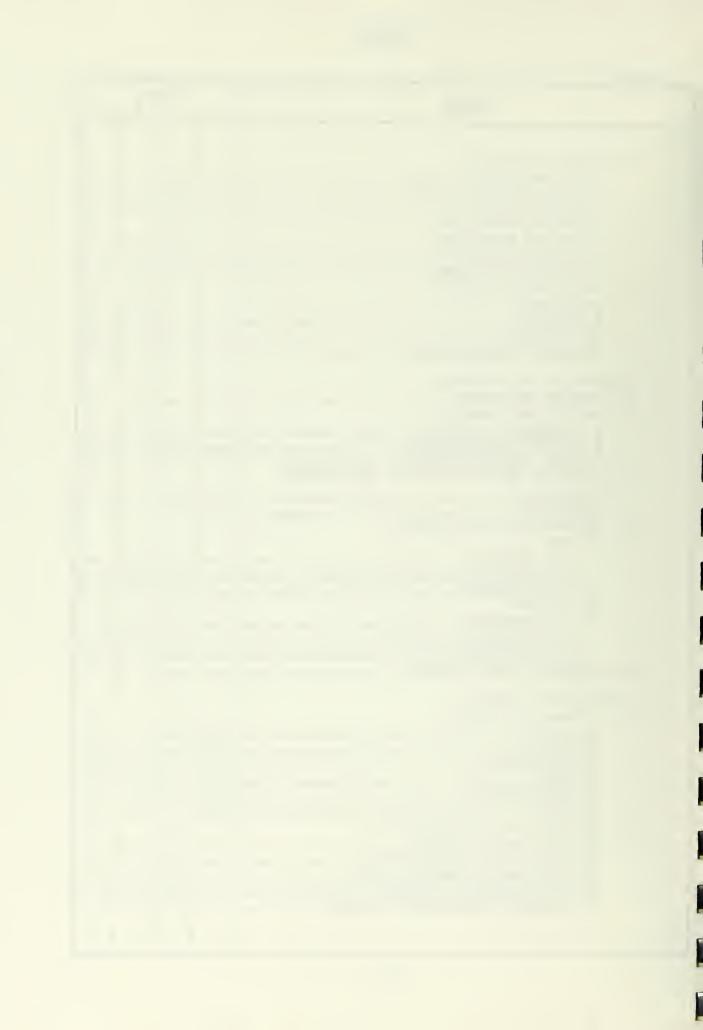
FIT	NESS				
	CVILLO		Lev	els	
	SKILLS	1	11 .	111	IV
A .	Basic Components				
	1. Health related				
	a. cardiovascular fitness	*			
	b. strength	*			
	c. muscular endurance	*			
	d. flexibility	*			
	e. body fitness	*			
	2. Skill related				
	a. agility	*			
	b. balance	*			
	c. coordination	*			
		+			
	d. power	-			
	e. reaction time	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *			
	f. speed				
В.	Basic Training Principles				
	1. Overload				
	2. Progression				
	3. Specificity	*			
c.	Determining Workload				
	1. Intensity	*			
	2. Duration	*			
	3. Frequency	*			
D.	Cardiovascular Fitness				
٥.	1. Effects of exercise				
	a. heart				
	b. lungs				
	c. arteries	1			
	d. veins	*			
	2. Testing cardiovascular fitness				
	a. 12-minute run				
	b. step test	*			
	3. Achieving cardiovascular fitness				
	a. aerobic exercise				
	i. jogging		*		_
	ii. walking briskly		*		
	iii. cycling		*		
	iv. swimming		*		
			*		
	vi. selected sports		*		
		i	*		
	vi. selected sports *				
	a. heart rate monitoring				
	i. intensity	rinciples * * * load * itness xercise * iovascular fitness run rdiovascular fitness run * * * iong briskly ing briskly ing s-country skiing cted sports bic dance workload e monitoring nsity tion vertical country tion * * * * * * * * * * * * *			
	ii. duration		<u> </u>		
	iii. frequency		1	*	
	5. Personal program planning		-		*
		1			



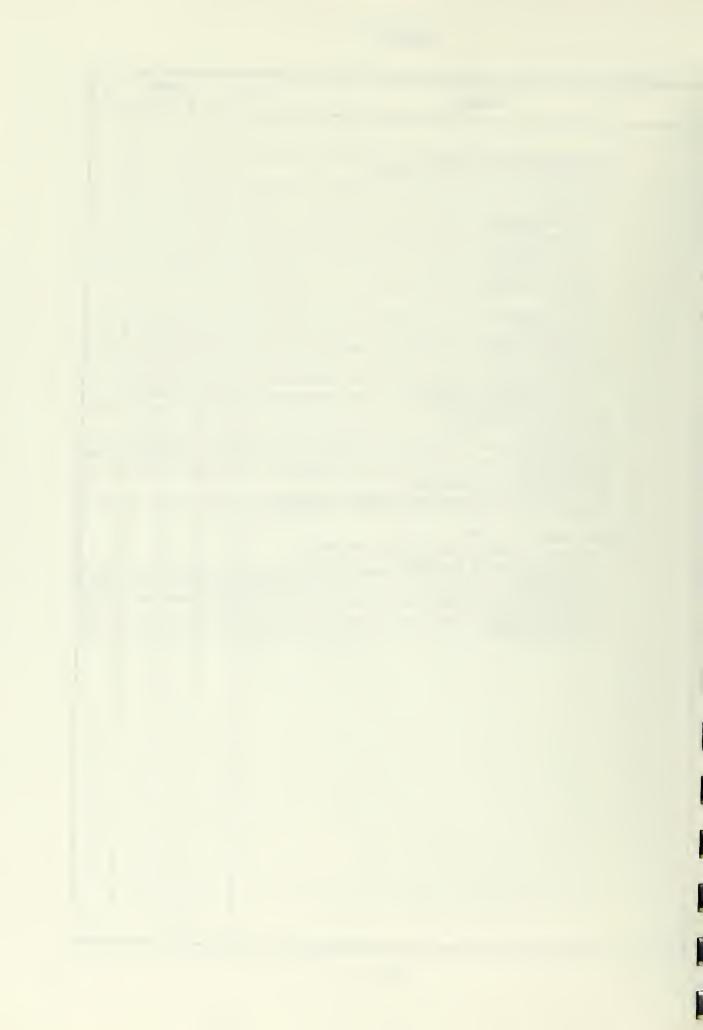
		SKILLS			rels	
		SKIEES		11	111	IV
				1		
_	a .					
E.		rength				
	1.	Effects of exercise	*			
		a. men	*			
		b. women				<u> </u>
	2.	Testing strength		*		
		a. bent knee sit-up		*		
		b. chin-up		*		
		c. push-up		*		
		d. knee-dip		*		
		e. using dynamometers		-		
	3.	Achieving strength				
		a. isotonic exercises				
		i. weights	*			
		ii. calisthenics	*			
		b. isometric exercises	*			
	4.	Determining workload				
		a. intensity			*	
		b. duration			*	
		c. frequency			*	
	5.	Personal program planning				*
F.	Mus	cular Endurance				
	1.	Effects of exercise				
		a. muscles	*			
	2.	Testing muscular endurance				
		a. side stands		*		
		b. sitting tucks		*		
		c. prone trunk lift		*		
		d. leg change		*		
		e. pogo hops		*		
	3	Achieving muscular endurance				
	٠.	a. for every day		*		
		b. for unusual situations		*		
				*		
		c. for sports d. exercises				
		i. weights		*		
		ii. calisthenics		*		
	A					
	4.	Determining workload			*	
		a. intensity			*	
		b. duration				
	_	c. frequency			*	
	5.	Personal program planning				*
G.		exibility				
	1.	Effects of exercise				
		a. joints	*			
		b. static and dynamic flexibility	*			
		c. strength and flexibility	*			



SKILS	रू ग्र	YESS	1			
2. Testing flexibility a. sit and reach b. arm and shoulder reach c. prone trunk lift 3. Achieving flexibility a. passive stretching b. active stretching c. selected exercises 4. Determining workload a. intensity b. duration c. frequency 5. Personal program planning W. Body Fatness and Fitness 1. Effects of exercise 2. Testing body fatness a. underwater weighing b. skinfold measurements c. body measurement test 3. Achieving desired levels of body fitness a. diet b. exercise i. intensity ii. duration iii. frequency b. exercise a. adilty b. balance c. coordination d. power e. reaction time f. speed 2. Testing skill related fitness a. stick test of balance b. stick test of foadination c. stick test of reaction time d. steeping test of acility c. steeping test		SKILLS				
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b. arm and shoulder reach c. prone trunk lift 3. Achieving flexibility a. passive stretching b. active stretching c. selected exercises 4. Determining workload a. intensity b. duration c. frequency 5. Personal program planning H. Body Fatness and Fitness 1. Effects of exercise 2. Testing body fatness a. underwater weighing b. skinfold measurements c. body measurement test 3. Achieving desired levels of body fitness a. diet b. exercise 4. Determining desired amount a. diet i. intensity ii. duration iii. frequency b. exercise i. intensity ii. duration iii. frequency 5. Personal program planning F. Skill Related Fitness 1. Effects of exercise a. agility b. balance c. coordination d. power e. reaction time f. speed 2. Testing skill related fitness a. stick test of halance b. stick test of coordination c. stick test of reaction time d. stepping test of agility e. constitution c. stick test of reaction time d. stepping test of agility e. constitution c. stick test of reaction time d. stepping test of agility e. constitution c. stick test of reaction time d. stepping test of agility e. constitution c. stick test of agility e. constitution c. stick test of agility e. constitution c. stick test of agility e. constitution c. stick test of agility e. constitution c. stick test of agility e. constitution c. stick test of agility e. constitution c. stick test of agility e. constitution c. stick test of agility e. constitution c. stick test of agility e. constitution c. stick test of agility e. constitution c. stick test of agility e. constitution c. stick test of agility e. constitution c. stick test of agility e. constitution c. stick test of agility e. constitution c. stick test of agility e. constitution c. stick test of agility e. constitution c. stick test of coordination c. stick test of agility e. constitution c. stick test of coordination c. stick test of agility e. constitution c. stick test of agility e. constitution c. stick test of coordination c. stick test of agility e. constitution c. stick test of agility				_	,	
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b. active stretching c. selected exercises 4. Determining workload a. intensity b. duration c. frequency 5. Personal program planning W. Body Fatness and Fitness 1. Effects of exercise 2. Testing body fatness a. underwater weighing b. skinfold measurements c. body measurement test 3. Achieving desired levels of body fitness a. diet b. exercise 4. Determining desired amount a. diet i. intensity ii. duration iii. frequency b. exercise i. intensity ii. duration iii. frequency 5. Personal program planning V. Skill Related Fitness 1. Effects of exercise a. acility b. balance c. coordination d. power e. reaction time f. speed 2. Testing skill related fitness a. stick test of halance b. stick test of coordination c. stick test of reaction time d. stepping test of agility * to the stick test of agility to the store time to the store						
c. selected exercises 4. Determining workload a. intensity b. duration c. frequency 5. Personal program planning H. Body Patness and Fitness 1. Effects of exercise 2. Testing body fatness a. underwater weighing b. skinfold measurements c. body measurement test 3. Achieving desired levels of body fitness a. diet b. exercise 4. Determining desired amount a. diet i. intensity ii. duration iii. frequency b. exercise i. intensity 5. Personal program planning F. Skill Related Fitness 1. Effects of exercise a. agility b. balance c. coordination d. power e. reaction time f. speed 2. Testing skill related fitness a. stick test of halance b. stick test of reaction time d. stepping test of agility * * * * * * * * * * * * *			1			
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b. duration c. frequency c. fr		4. Determining workload	!		1	
D. duration c. frequency 5. Personal program planning W. Body Fatness and Fitness 1. Effects of exercise 2. Testing body fatness a. underwater weighing b. skinfold measurements c. body measurement test 3. Achieving desired levels of body fitness a. diet b. exercise 4. Determining desired amount a. diet i. intensity ii. duration iii. frequency b. exercise i. intensity ii. duration iii. frequency 5. Personal program planning V. Skill Related Fitness 1. Effects of exercise a. agility b. balance c. coordination d. power e. reaction time f. speed 2. Testing skill related fitness a. stick test of balance b. stick test of coordination c. stick test of reaction time d. steepping test of agility * * * * * * * * * * * * *		a. intensity			*	
S. Personal program planning H. Body Fatness and Fitness 1. Effects of exercise 2. Testing body fatness		b. duration			*	
Levels						
1. Effects of exercise 2. Testing body fatness		5. Personal program planning				*
1. Effects of exercise 2. Testing body fatness			T			
1. Effects of exercise 2. Testing body fatness	н.	Body Fatness and Fitness				
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a. underwater weighing b. skinfold measurements c. body measurement test 3. Achieving desired levels of body fitness a. diet b. exercise 4. Determining desired amount a. diet i. intensity ii. duration iii. frequency b. exercise i. intensity ii. duration iii. frequency 5. Personal program planning 1. Skill Related Fitness 1. Effects of exercise a. agility b. balance c. coordination d. power e. reaction time f. speed 2. Testing skill related fitness a. stick test of halance b. stick test of reaction time d. stepping test of agility * * * * * * * * * * * * *						
b. skinfold measurements c. body measurement test 3. Achieving desired levels of body fitness a. diet b. exercise 4. Determining desired amount a. diet i. intensity ii. duration iii. frequency b. exercise i. intensity iii. duration iii. frequency 5. Personal program planning 1. Skill Related Fitness 1. Effects of exercise a. aqility b. balance c. coordination d. power e. reaction time f. speed 2. Testing skill related fitness a. stick test of halance b. stick test of reaction time d. stepping test of agility * * * * * * * * * * * * *		zv lesezing sour moneto			*	
c. body measurement test 3. Achieving desired levels of body fitness a. diet b. exercise 4. Determining desired amount a. diet i. intensity ii. duration iii. frequency b. exercise i. intensity ii. duration iii. frequency 5. Personal program planning 1. Skill Related Fitness 1. Effects of exercise a. agility b. balance c. coordination d. power e. reaction time f. speed 2. Testing skill related fitness a. stick test of balance b. stick test of reaction time d. stepping test of agility * * * * * * * * * * * * *			 	*		
3. Achieving desired levels of body fitness a. diet b. exercise 4. Determining desired amount a. diet i. intensity ii. duration iii. frequency b. exercise i. intensity ii. duration iii. frequency 5. Personal program planning 1. Skill Related Fitness 1. Effects of exercise a. agility b. balance c. coordination d. power e. reaction time f. speed 2. Testing skill related fitness a. stick test of palance b. stick test of reaction time c. stick test of reaction time d. stepping test of agility * * * * * * * * * * * * *			*			
a. diet b. exercise						
Determining desired amount				*		
4. Determining desired amount			+	*		
a. diet					·	
i. intensity ii. duration iii. frequency b. exercise i. intensity ii. duration iii. frequency 5. Personal program planning I. Skill Related Fitness 1. Effects of exercise a. agility b. balance c. coordination d. power e. reaction time f. speed 2. Testing skill related fitness a. stick test of coordination c. stick test of reaction time d. stepping test of agility * * * * * * * * * * * * *						
ii. duration iii. frequency b. exercise i. intensity ii. duration iii. frequency 5. Personal program planning 1. Skill Related Fitness 1. Effects of exercise a. agility b. balance c. coordination d. power e. reaction time f. speed 2. Testing skill related fitness a. stick test of coordination c. stick test of reaction time d. stepping test of agility * * * * * * * * * * * * *					١ .	
iii. frequency b. exercise i. intensity ii. duration iii. frequency 5. Personal program planning * I. Skill Related Fitness 1. Effects of exercise a. agility b. balance c. coordination d. power e. reaction time f. speed 2. Testing skill related fitness a. stick test of balance b. stick test of reaction time c. stick test of reaction time d. stepping test of agility * * * * * * * * * * * * *			+			
b. exercise i. intensity ii. duration iii. frequency 5. Personal program planning * I. Skill Related Fitness 1. Effects of exercise a. agility b. balance c. coordination d. power e. reaction time f. speed 2. Testing skill related fitness a. stick test of balance b. stick test of reaction time c. stick test of reaction time d. stepping test of agility * * * * * * * * * * * * *			-			
i. intensity ii. duration iii. frequency 5. Personal program planning * I. Skill Related Fitness 1. Effects of exercise a. agility b. balance c. coordination d. power e. reaction time f. speed 2. Testing skill related fitness a. stick test of balance b. stick test of coordination c. stick test of reaction time d. stepping test of agility * * * * * * * * * * * * *					-	
ii. duration iii. frequency 5. Personal program planning * I. Skill Related Fitness l. Effects of exercise a. agility b. balance c. coordination d. power e. reaction time f. speed 2. Testing skill related fitness a. stick test of balance b. stick test of coordination c. stick test of reaction time d. stepping test of agility * * * * * * * * * * * * *						
iii. frequency 5. Personal program planning * I. Skill Related Fitness 1. Effects of exercise a. agility b. balance c. coordination d. power e. reaction time f. speed 2. Testing skill related fitness a. stick test of balance b. stick test of coordination c. stick test of reaction time d. stepping test of agility * * * * * * * * * * * *			-			
5. Personal program planning	a. underwater weighing b. skinfold measurements c. body measurement test 3. Achieving desired levels of body fitness a. diet b. exercise 4. Determining desired amount a. diet i. intensity ii. duration iii. frequency b. exercise i. intensity ii. duration iii. frequency 5. Personal program planning I. Skill Related Fitness l. Effects of exercise					
I. Skill Related Fitness 1. Effects of exercise a. agility b. balance c. coordination d. power e. reaction time f. speed 2. Testing skill related fitness a. stick test of balance b. stick test of coordination c. stick test of reaction time d. stepping test of agility * * * * * * * * * * * * *					*	
1. Effects of exercise a. agility b. balance c. coordination d. power e. reaction time f. speed 2. Testing skill related fitness a. stick test of balance b. stick test of coordination c. stick test of reaction time d. stepping test of agility * * * * * * * * * * * * *		5. Personal program planning	ļ			*
1. Effects of exercise a. agility b. balance c. coordination d. power e. reaction time f. speed 2. Testing skill related fitness a. stick test of balance b. stick test of coordination c. stick test of reaction time d. stepping test of agility * * * * * * * * * * * * *						
a. agility b. balance c. coordination d. power e. reaction time f. speed 2. Testing skill related fitness a. stick test of balance b. stick test of coordination c. stick test of reaction time d. stepping test of agility * * * * * * * * * * * * *	I.					
b. balance c. coordination d. power e. reaction time f. speed 2. Testing skill related fitness a. stick test of balance b. stick test of coordination c. stick test of reaction time d. stepping test of agility * * * * * * * * * * * * *		1. Effects of exercise				
c. coordination		a. agility	*			
d. power		b. balance	*			
e. reaction time f. speed 2. Testing skill related fitness a. stick test of balance b. stick test of coordination c. stick test of reaction time d. stepping test of agility *		c. coordination	*			
f. speed 2. Testing skill related fitness a. stick test of balance b. stick test of coordination c. stick test of reaction time d. stepping test of agility * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *			*			
2. Testing skill related fitness a. stick test of balance b. stick test of coordination c. stick test of reaction time d. stepping test of agility *		e. reaction time	*			
a. stick test of balance		f. speed	*			
a. stick test of balance		2. Testing skill related fitness				
b. stick test of coordination				*		
c. stick test of reaction time			1	*		
d. stepping test of agility *				*		
			1	*		
				*		

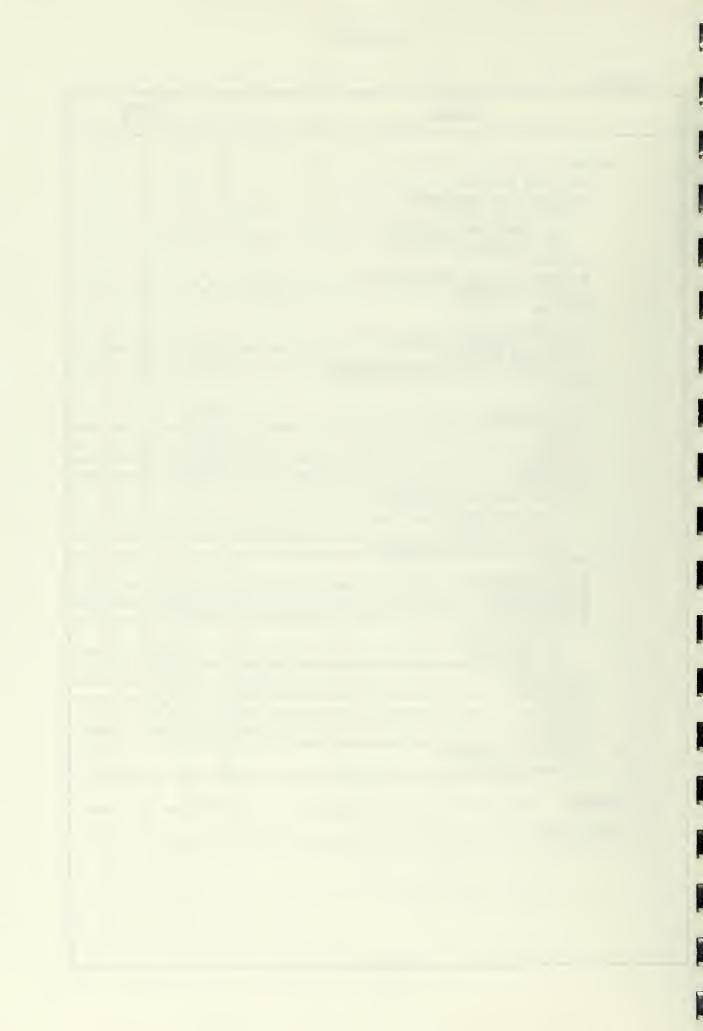


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SKILLS		Lev I II	els	
		11	111	IV
		-	1	
f. running test of speed		*		
3. Achieving skill related fitness			<u> </u>	
		*		
a. agility			1	
b. balance i. stationary		*		
ii. moving		+		
c. coordination			l	
i. hand-eye		*		
ii. foot-eye		*		
d. power			<u> </u>	
i. strength		*		
ii. speed		*		
e. reaction time		*	-	
f. speed		*	-	
i. strength		*		
		*	-	
ii. efficient movement		 	*	
g. sports that assist			-	
4. Determining workload		1		
a. intensity b. duration			+	
			*	
c. frequency			1 -	
5. Personal program planning				
a. evaluating sports for fitness potential				
7 Ditares Mineral Courts				i
J. Fitness Through Sports				
1. Evaluating sports for fitness potential a. cardiovascular fitness				
			1	*
b. strength c. muscular endurance			1	+
			-	+
d. flexibility		-	1	*
e. body fitness		-	1	
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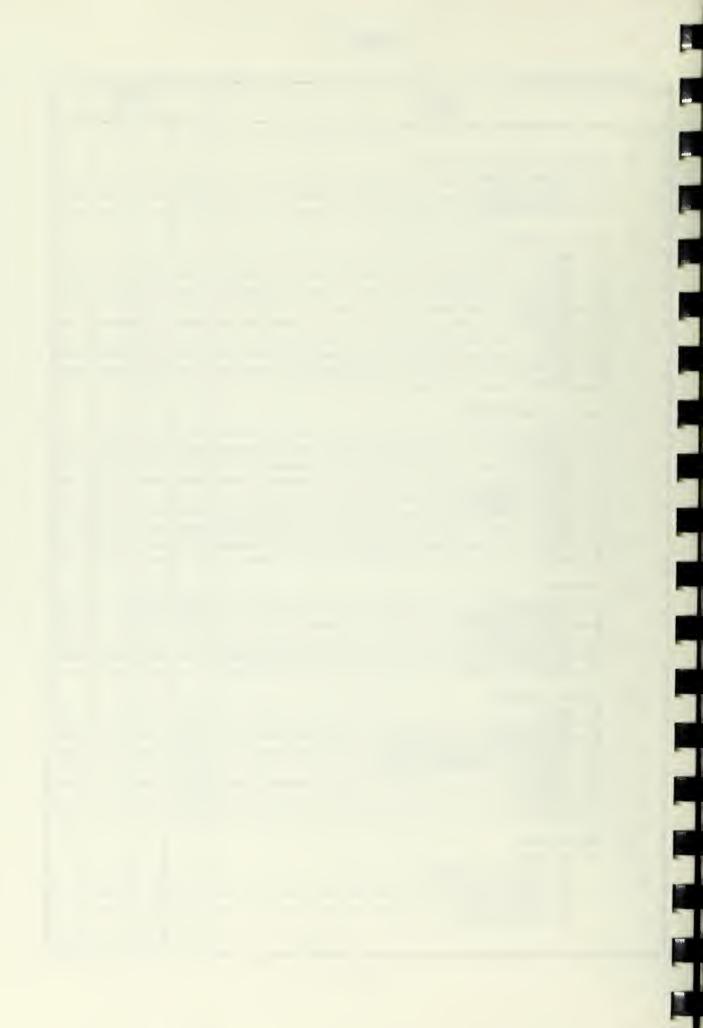


POSTURE

100	TURE	OVILLO		Lev	/els	
		SKILLS	1	11	111	IV
				1		
Α.	Bas					
	1.	Why good posture?	*			
		a. effect on appearance	-			
		b. effect on health	*			
		i. lower back fatigue				
		ii. curvature of spine	*		<u> </u>	
	2.	Standing				
		a. essentials of good carriage	*		ļ	
		b. body alignment	*			
	3.	Sitting				
		a. being seated	*			
		b. body position in chair	*			
		c. sitting on floor	*			
		d. standing from sitting position	*			
	4.	Walking				
		a. gait	*			
		b. leg swing	*			
		c. feet	*			
		d. arms	*			
		e. stride	*			
		f. rhythm	*	1		
		g. under adverse conditions		1		
		i. high heels		*		
		ii. in a hurry		*		
		iii. up and down stairs		*		
	5.	Running				
		a. body incline		*		-
		b. leg swing		*		i
		c. knee lift		*		
		d. landing on foot				
		i. fast run		*	1	
		ii. slow run		*		
		e. push-off		*		
		f. abdomen		*		
		g. arms		*		
		h. chest		*		
		i. head		*		
	6.	Lifting and carrying				
		a. heavy objects			*	
		The state of the s			<u> </u>	
в.	Saf	ety	*			
		and an analysis and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and			1	
c.	Ter	minology	*			
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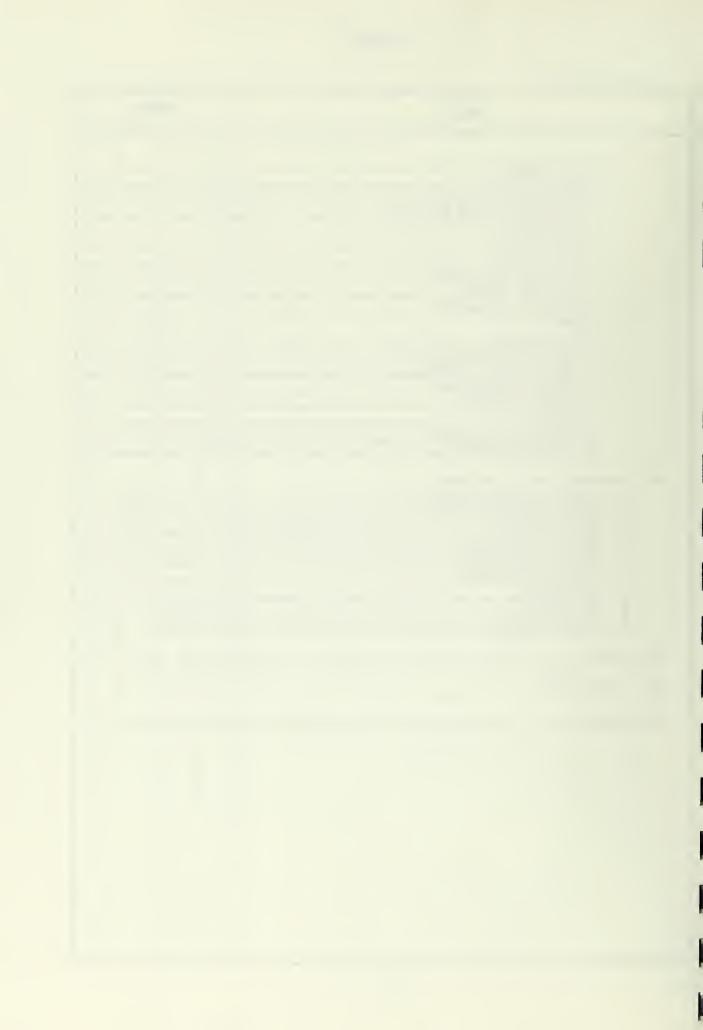


WEI	GHT TRAINING				
	SKILLS		Lev		43.4
		1	li .	111	IV
Α.	Types of Weight Trainers				
A +	1. Weight lifters	*			
	2. Power lifters	*			
	3. Body builders	*			
	5. Body Dullders				
в.	Muscle Groups				
υ.	1. Neck		*		
	2. Back		*		
	3. Chest		*		
	4. Shoulders		*		
	5. Abdomen		*		
	6. Arms		*		
	7. Hips		*		
	8. Thichs		*		
	9. Calves		*		
	7. Culves				
c.	Taking Measurements				
C .	1. Neck			*	
	2. Upper arm			*	
				*	
				*	
			<u> </u>	*	1
				*	
				*	
	Chest normal Chest expanded Waist Thigh Calf			*	
				*	
	9. Cali	<u> </u>		-	
_	Ducamana				
D.	1. Beginning	*		ļ	
	2. Gaining weight	*	1		
		*	-		
	3. Losing weight 4. Advanced				*
				-	
	5. Specific sports				
_	Tifting Weight				
E.	Lifting Weights				
	1. Sets	*			
	2. Repetitions	*	!	<u> </u>	
	3. Setting beginning level		-		
	4. Adding to beginning level	*		1	1
	5. Intensity	*			
	6. Duration				
	7. Frequency	*	-		
F.	Basic Lifts	1			
	1. Weights				
	a. standing press	*			
	b. high pull-up	*			
	c. front curl	*			
	d. reverse curl	*			
			1		



WEIGHT TRAINING

	SKILLS	1		rels	ı IV
	e. half squat	*			
	f. heel raises	*			
	g. bent arm pull-over	*			
	h. straight-legged dead lift	*			
		*			
		*			
		*		i	
		*			
		*			
		*			
		_			
G. Ad 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. H. Sa I. Te					
G. Ad. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. H. Sa.					
		*			
	f. curls	*			
	g. concentration curls	*			
	h. triceps extension	*			
н.	Advanced Training Methods				
٠.				*	
				*	
					*
					*
			*		
				*	
G. A 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 H. S		*			
	8. Supersets		*		
G. Ad 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. H. S. 1. T.	9. Split routines		*		
н.	Safety	*			
e. half squat					
7	History	*			
<u>u.</u>	niscory				
	•	·			
				* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	



BASKETBALL

			Lev	els	
	SKILLS				ı IV
			-		
Α.	Basic Skills				
	1. Running				
	a. straight	*			
	b. dodging and cutting	*			
	c. change of pace	*			
	d. backwards	*			
	e. sideways	*			
	f. transitions				
	i. back to front		*		
	ii. front to back		*		
	2. Catching				
	a. high	*			
		*			
		*			
			*		
	4. Ready position	*			
В.			1		
	1. Offensive				
			-		
	i. chest	*			
		*			
		*		1	
	iv. hand-off			*	
	v. one-hand push		*		
	vi. overhead	*			
	vii. baseball	*			
	viii. hook			*	
	ix. behind-the-back				*
	b. dribbling				
	i. low or control	*			
	ii. high or speed	*			
	iii. cross-over		*		
	iv. behind-the-back				*
	v. between the legs				*
	a. stride stop b. jump stop 1. Ready position 2. Individual Skills 3. Offensive a. passing i. chest ii. bounce iii. lob iv. hand-off v. one-hand push vi. overhead vii. baseball viii. hook ix. behind-the-back b. dribbling i. low or control ii. high or speed iii. cross-over iv. behind-the-back v. between the legs c. shooting i. set shot t two-handed - one-handed ii. jump shot iii. lay-up - overhand - underhand * * * * * * * * * * * * *				
			* * *		
	- two-handed	*			
		*			
	ii. jump shot		*		
		*			
			*		
	- different angles			*	
	- power lay-up			*	
	iv. free throws				
	- one-handed		*		
	- two-handed chest		*		

BASKETBALL

		SKILLS	1	Le II	vels III	IV
				*		I
					*	
			*	-		
			*	 		
				<u> </u>		
			*	Ì		
			*			
		iii. shoulder	*		1	
		iv. foot		*		
		v. eye		*		
		vi. ball			*	
	2.	Defense				
D. I. E. C. F. 5		a. stance	*			
			1		ļ	
					 -	
	_		*			
	3.					
				 		
		D. delensive		-	 	
C.			*			
		d. screen away		*		
						ı
						*
	2.					
	۷.		*			
				*		
		c. presses				
		_i. man-to-man			*	
		ii. zone			*	
						*
		f. one-man trap			*	
D.	Rul	es	*			
<u>E.</u>	Off.	iciating			*	
<u>F.</u>	- two-handed underhand v. hook shots d. pivoting and turning i. inside turn ii. outside turn iii. reverse turn e. fakes i. head ii. body iii. shoulder iv. foot v. eye vi. ball 2. Defense a. stance b. footwork c. player with ball d. player without ball 3. Rebounding a. offensive b. defensive b. screen the ball c. screen and roll d. screen away e. against zones i. 2-1-2 ii. 2-3 iii. 1-3-1 iv. 1-2-2 f. stalling 2. Defense a. man-to-man b. zones c. presses i. man-to-man ii. zone d. combatting the stall e. two-man trap f. one-man trap f. one-man trap f. one-man trap f. offensive E. Officiating F. Terminology * * * * * * * * * * * * *					
G.	His	tory	*			

	SKILLS		Lev	reis	
	SKILLS	1	11		11
Α.	Basic Skills				
	1. Selecting equipment				
	a. broom or brush	*			
	b. shoes	*			
	c. slider	*			
	d. gloves	*			
	2. Cleaning the sliding foot	*			
	3. Cleaning the stone	*	-		
	or oronizing the books		 		
В.	Ice Safety				
	1. Stepping on ice	*			
	2. Moving on ice	*			
	3. Moving a rock	*	1		
	4. Stopping a moving rock	*	1		-
			†		
c.	Delivery Skills				
٠.	1. Stance in the hack	*			
	2. Grip	*	1		-
	3. Turns	+	+		-
	a. in-turn	*			
		*	 		-
	b. out-turn	*		ļ	-
	4. Backswing	*			-
	5. Downswing				-
	6. Leg drive	*			-
	7. Slide	*		ļ	-
	8. Point of release	*	-	-	-
	9. Follow through	*			-
D.	Sweeping Skills				
٠.	1. Grip				
	a. overgrip				
	b. undergrip	*	-	-	-
		*	+		-
	c. push broom	*		-	-
	2. Balance 3. Tandem sweeping	*		-	-
	3. Tandem sweeping				-
Ε.	Delivery Weights				
1.3 •	1. Draw	*			
	2. Takeout	*	 		-
			*	-	-
	3. Raise	*	+	-	-
	4. Hack				-
F.	Skip's Signals				
	1. Turns				
	a. in-turn	*			
	b. out-turn	*	+	 	-
	2. Weight				+
	Z• WEIGHT				
	a dwaw	*			
	a. draw b. takeout	*			-

CURLING						
SKILLS		II	l III	ıv		
	 					
c. raise		*				
d. hack	*					
e. freeze	ļ	*				
O Objects						
G. Shots 1. Draw	*					
2. Guard	*	ļ				
3. Takeout	*					
4. Wick and roll	 	*				
5. Port shots	1		*			
6. Raise			*			
7. Chip			*			
H. Strategy						
1. Individual responsibilities						
a. lead	*					
b. second	*					
c. third	*					
d. skip	*					
2. Reading the ice	*					
3. Takeout game 4. Draw game	*					
4. Draw game	+					
I. Scoring	*					
J. Rules	*					
K. Etiquette	*					
	1					
L. Terminology	*					
M. History	*					
		}				
		ļ				
		1				
		<u> </u>	1			

		SKILLS			Levels				
		ONIELO	I	II	III				
Α.		ic Skills							
		Grip	*						
	2.	Stance	*						
	3.	Ball control							
		a. stationary	*	ļ		_			
		b. moving	*			-			
В.	Off	ensive Skills							
	1.	Pass receiving (stationary and moving)							
		a. straight	*		1				
		b. from right	*						
		c. from left	*						
		d. from behind		*					
	2.								
		a. loose dribble	*						
		b. close dribble	*						
		c. Indian dribble		*		1			
	3.								
		a. mobility							
		i. stationary	*						
		ii. moving	*	1	1				
		b. direction		 	1	+			
		i. diagonal	*						
		ii. through	*	 	 	-			
		iii. square	*			1			
		iv. back			*	+-			
		c. types of passes				+			
		i. drive			*				
		ii. push	*	 		+-			
		iii. scoop		*	+	-			
		iv. flick			+				
				*	+	+-			
	4.	v. reverse Shooting			 	-			
	4.	a. push	*						
		b. drive		-	*	-			
		c. feinting shot				+-			
		d. moving goaltender		-		╁			
		e. penalty shot			*	-			
	5.				 	-			
•	٥.	Dodging a. left dodge	*						
				-	+	-			
		b. split pass c. reverse stick dodge		*	-	-			
				 	*				
	_	d. scoop dodge		-	 	-			
	6.								
		a. tackling	*						
		i. straight	*		 	┼-			
		ii. two-handed chase tackle							
		- stickside	*	ļ.,		+-			
		- non-stickside		*					

FIELD HOCKEY

CKILLE	Levels				
SKILLS	1	11	III	IV	
iii. circular tackle				*	
iv. left-hand lunge				*	
v. jab		 		*	
v. jab		ļ			
C. Goaltending					
1. Positioning					
a. angles		*			
b. telescoping		*	<u> </u>		
2. Clearing		 			
a. basic kick	*				
b. stop and clear		*	 		
c. handstop		*			
d. use of stick	- 	 	*		
e. lunge			*		
f. penalty shot		 	*		
g. first time kick				*	
3. Controlling circle					
a. calling		*			
b. loose ball		*			
c. lone player			*		
		 			
D. Team Play					
1. Offensive					
a. positional responsibilities		*	ļ		
b. support responsibilities		*			
c. space creation					
i. dodging	*				
ii. passing	*				
d. shooting and rebounding	*				
2. Defensive					
a. marking					
i. man-to-man	*				
ii. zone	*				
b. covering		*			
c. support play		*			
3. Special situations					
a. free hits	*				
b. hit-ins	*				
c. corners			*		
d. penalty corners			*		
e. push back	*				
f. penalty strokes			*		
E. Games					
1. Mini	*				
2. Modified	*				
3. Conditional	*				
4. Full		*			
5. Indoor	*				

FIELD HOCKEY SKILLS				els III	IV
	Rules	*			
G.	Officiating 1. Use of whistle			*	
	2. Field responsibilities 3. Positioning			*	
	4. Game control			*	
н.	Terminology	*			
	History	*			
<u> </u>	middol y				

FLOOR HOCKEY

			els		
	SKILLS	1 1	11	111	IV
Α.	Basic Skills				
	1. Running	*			
	2. Starting and stopping	*			
	3. Change of directions	*			
	4. Pivoting	*			
В.	Individual Skills				
	1. Running				
	a. free				
	i. up gym floor				
	- starting	*			
	- stopping	*			
	- changing direction	*			
	ii. backwards				
	- checking	*			
	- defending	*			
	- dodging	*			
	2. Stickhandling				
	a. with puck				
	i. advancement	*			
	ii. controlling	*			
	3. Passing				
	a. forward	*			
	b. side	*			
	c. back		*		
	4. Shooting				
	a. sweep	*			
	5. Checking				
	a. stick				
	i. lift		*		
	ii. poke		*		
	b. body			*	
	6. Goaltending a. goal area				
	a. goal area			*	
	b. types of shots			*	
	b. types of shots c. distribution				
	<pre>b. types of shots c. distribution i. control with stick</pre>			*	
	b. types of shots c. distribution i. control with stick ii. control with hands			*	
	b. types of shots c. distribution i. control with stick ii. control with hands d. falling on puck			*	
	b. types of shots c. distribution			* *	
	b. types of shots c. distribution			* * * *	
	b. types of shots c. distribution			* * * * * * *	
	b. types of shots c. distribution i. control with stick ii. control with hands d. falling on puck e. positioning i. close to posts ii. center of crease iii. cut down angles			* * * *	
	b. types of shots c. distribution i. control with stick ii. control with hands d. falling on puck e. positioning i. close to posts ii. center of crease iii. cut down angles f. saves			* * * * * *	
	b. types of shots c. distribution i. control with stick ii. control with hands d. falling on puck e. positioning i. close to posts ii. center of crease iii. cut down angles f. saves i. kick			* * * * * * *	
	b. types of shots c. distribution i. control with stick ii. control with hands d. falling on puck e. positioning i. close to posts ii. center of crease iii. cut down angles f. saves i. kick ii. glove			* * * * * * * *	
	b. types of shots c. distribution i. control with stick ii. control with hands d. falling on puck e. positioning i. close to posts ii. center of crease iii. cut down angles f. saves i. kick ii. glove iii. stick			* * * * * * * * * * *	
	b. types of shots c. distribution i. control with stick ii. control with hands d. falling on puck e. positioning i. close to posts ii. center of crease iii. cut down angles f. saves i. kick ii. glove iii. stick iv. block			* * * * * * * * *	
	b. types of shots c. distribution i. control with stick ii. control with hands d. falling on puck e. positioning i. close to posts ii. center of crease iii. cut down angles f. saves i. kick ii. glove iii. stick			* * * * * * * * * * *	
	b. types of shots c. distribution i. control with stick ii. control with hands d. falling on puck e. positioning i. close to posts ii. center of crease iii. cut down angles f. saves i. kick ii. glove iii. stick iv. block			* * * * * * * * *	
	b. types of shots c. distribution i. control with stick ii. control with hands d. falling on puck e. positioning i. close to posts ii. center of crease iii. cut down angles f. saves i. kick ii. glove iii. stick iv. block			* * * * * * * * *	

FLOOR HOCKEY	F	L	0	0	R	H	0	C	KE	Y
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SKILLS	1	Lev	els III	IV
C. Team Play 1. Positional play individual a. forwards i. offensive ii. defensive b. defense i. offensive ii. defensive 2. Positional play team a. forwards b. defense c. goaltender d. penalty killing e. man advantage		* * * * * * *	*	
D. Rules	*			
E. Officiating			*	
F. Terminology	*			
G. History	*			

FLAG FOOTBALL

	SKILLS	1	Lev II	els III	IV
Α.	Basic Skills				
	1. Running	*			
	2. Faking	*			
в.	Individual Skills				
	1. Running with ball	*			
	2. Passing				
	a. while stationary	*			
	b. while rolling out		*		
	3. Catching				
	a. high pass	*			
	b. low pass	*			
	c. over-the-shoulder pass4. Running pass patterns				
	a. fly		*		
	b. hook		*		
	c. curl		*		
	d. square out		*		
	e. post		*		
	f. flag		*		
	5. Kicking				
	a. punt		*		
	b. place kick		*		
	6. Centering				
	a. short snap b. long snap		*	*	
	7. Blocking			*	
	7. Blocking				
c.	Team Skills				
	1. Offense				
	a. individual positions			*	
	b. running plays			*	
	c. team plays			*	
	2. Defense				
	a. individual positions			*	
	b. team formation			*	
	c. man-to-man coveragesd. zone coverages			*	
	d. Zone Coverages				
D.	Rules	*			
Ε.	Officiating			*	
F.	Terminology	*			
G.	History	*			
<u>.</u>	птэсоту				

	SKILLS			els	IV
	Basic Skills				
	. Running	*			
	2. Starting and stopping	*			
	3. Change of direction	*			
В.	Individual Skills				
_	Stance		ļ		
	a. three point				
	i. initial movement	*			
	ii. reaction	*			
	b. four point				
	i. initial movement	*			
	ii. reaction	*			
	c. two point				
	i. initial movement	*			
	ii. reaction	*			
	2. Blocking				
	a. drive block				
	i. head on	*			
	ii. cross	*			
	iii. inside or outside shoulder	*			
	b. pass block	*			
	c. chop block		*		
	d. cross body block		*		
	Meeting and shedding blockers				
	a. double forearm		*		
	<pre>b. forearm lift</pre>		*		
	c. hand shiver	1	*		
	d. swim		*		
	e. low block deflection		*		
	. Tackling				
	a. straight-on		*		
	b. from the side		*		_
	Ball handling				
	a. center - quarterback exchange				
	i. center	*			-
	ii. quarterback	*		-	-
	iii. exchange	 			-
	b. hand-offs	*			
	i. receiving	*		-	-
	ii. giving c. carrying the ball	+			-
			*		
	i. right hand ii. left hand	-	*	+	
	iii. switching	 	*		-
	d. passing techniques	+	*	-	-
	e. drop back action and setting up for pass	+		*	
	f. roll out action and setting up for pass			*	
	1. 2022 Out Gotton and Dooding up 101 pass	1			-
		1			

F00	TBAL	1				
		SKILLS			rels	
			-	11	111	IV
	6.	Running				
		a. with ball straight ahead		*		
		b. backwards (pulling)		*		
	7.	Receiving				
		a. receiving the pass				
		i. facing passer waist level or above		*		
		ii. facing passer below waist level		*		
		iii. running away from passer				
		- over shoulder		*		
		- over head		*		
		b. running effective pass routes				
		i. hook or comeback			*	
		ii. sideline or out-route (right or left)			*	
		iii. curl			*	
		iv. flag			*	
		v. post			*	
		vi. streak			*	
		vii. in or in-route			*	
	8.	Kicking game				
		a. long center snap			*	
		b. punting		*		
		c. place kicking				
		i. kicker				
		<pre>- conventional</pre>			*	
		- soccer			*	
		ii. holder			*	
C.		n Play				
	1.	Positional play individual				
		a. lineman				
		i. offensive				
		- stance		*		
		- blocking		*		
		ii. defensive				
		- stance		*		
		- shedding blockers		*		
		- tackling		*		
		b. backs				
		i. offensive				
		- stance		*		
		- ball handling		*		
		- blocking		*		i
		ii. defense				
		- stance		*		
		- shedding blockers		*		
		- tackling		*		
		c. quarterback				
		i. offensive		*		

SKILLS		Levels					
		"	1111	\			
			Ì				
d. receivers							
i. offensive		*					
e. linebackers							
i. stance		*					
ii. shedding blockers		*					
iii. tackling		*					
f. kicking game							
i. punt		*					
ii. place kick			*				
iii. kick off			*				
2. Positional play team							
a. offense							
i. running							
- dive				*			
- trap				*			
- counter				*			
- sweep				*			
- pitch				*			
ii. passing							
- hook				*			
- curl				*			
- roll out				*			
- quick				*			
- long				*			
d. defense							
i. 6-2 formation				*			
ii. 4-4 formation				*			
iii. 3-4 formation				*			
iv. 5-2 formation				*			
D. Rules	*						
E. Officiating				*			
F. Terminology	*						
G. History	*						

SKILLS			/els	
	-	II		IV
A. Individual Skills				
1. Skating				
a. forward				
i. skating posture	*			
ii. stride	*			
b. backward				
i. skating posture	*			
ii. stride	*			
c. stopping				
i. forward				
- snow plough	*			
- two-foot side stop	*			
- one-foot stop		*		
ii. backward				
- two-foot	*			
- one-foot	*			
d. starting				1
i. t-start	*			
ii. V or neutral start	*			
iii. crossover start		*		
e. pivoting				- 1
i. front to back	*			
ii. back to front	*			
f. turns				
i. to the left	*			
ii. to the right	*			
iii. gliding	*			
iv. using crossovers		*		
v. power turn		*		
2. Puck control				
a. stick length		*		
b. stick lie		*		
c. stickhandling while stationary		*		
d. stickhandling while moving		*		
3. Dekes		*		
a. stick-puck deke				
b. double-shift deke		*	*	
c. fake shot			~	*
d. dropping puck to skater		<u>-</u>	*	
e. outside carry			*	
4. Passing		*	1	2
a. forehand sweep pass		*		
b. backhand pass			*	
c. snap pass			*	
d. flip pass			*	
e. drop pass				

		CANTE		Levels			
		SKILLS	1	II	III	IV	
	5.	Pass receiving					
		a. passes that are on target		*			
		b. passes that are too far ahead	-		*	-	
		c. passes in the skates			*		
		d. knocking down high passes			*	-	
	6.		+				
	•	a. wrist shot		*			
		b. backhand shot		*			
		c. snap shot	-	 	*	-	
		d. flip shot		-	*		
					 	*	
	-	e. slap shot	-				
	7.				*		
		a. taking a body check	-	-	-	-	
		b. body checking		1			
		i. shoulder			*	-	
		ii. hip		ļ	-		
		c. stick checking					
		i. poke		*			
		ii. sweep		1		_	
		iii. lift-the-stick		*		-	
		iv. cover-the-stick		*		-	
	8.	Face-offs					
		a. forehand			*	ļ	
		b. backhand			*	 _ _ 	
	9.			1			
		a. styles					
		i. stand up		*			
		ii. butterfly		*			
		b. playing the angles		*			
		c. telescoping		*			
		d. directing rebounds			*		
		e. handling the puck moving			*		
В.	Tea	m Skills	1				
	1.	Checking					
		a. forechecking				*	
		b. backchecking				*	
	2.	Positional play					
		a. defensemen			*	1	
		b. centers			*		
		c. wingers			*		
	3.	Breakouts				*	
	4.	Attacking opponents blueline				*	
	5.	Killing penalties				*	
	6.	Power play				*	
C.	Rul	es	*		-	_	

HOCKEY Levels					
SKILLS	1	II	eis III	IV	
D. Officiating				*	
E. Terminology	*				
F. History	*				

LACROSSE

	SKILLS		Levels				
Α.	Bas	ic Skills					
•••	1.		*				
	2.	Preparing the pocket	*		1		
		Holding the stick	*				
В.	Ind	ividual Offensive Skills					
	1.	Picking up loose ball					
		a. scoop					
		i. stationary ball	*				
		ii. moving ball	*				
		b. trap-and-shoot	*				
		c. Indian pickup					
		i. stationary ball		*			
		ii. moving ball		*			
	2.	3					
		a. while stationary	*				
		b. while moving	*				
		c. while catching		*			
		d. while faking		*			
		e. while being checked		*			
	3.	Passing					
		a. dominant side					
		i. while standing	*				
		ii. while running	*				
		<pre>b. non-dominant side</pre>					
		i. while standing				*	
		ii. while running				*	
		c. overhand	*				
		d. sidearm	*				
		e. underhand		*			
		f. bounce	*				
		g. fake pass	*				
	4.	Catching					
		a. dominant side					
		i. while stationary	*			ļ	
		ii. while running	*			-	
		b. non-dominant side					
		i. while stationary				*	
		ii. while running				*	
		c. different levels					
		i. high	*			-	
		ii. low	*				
		d. different conditions					
		i. in the clear	*	*			
	_	ii. while covered		*			
	5.	Shooting	*				
		a. most advantageous floor position	*			-	
		b. overhand	*				
		c. side arm					

LACROSSE

	SKILLS		Lev		137
	ONESO		ll	111	IV
	d. underhand		*		
	e. bounce		*		
	f. fake-shot		*		
	g. non-dominant hand				*
	Fakes				
	a. body fakes	*			
	b. stick fakes	*			
	c. change of pace	*			
	d. pivot	*			
•					
C. Indi	vidual Defensive Skills				
	Cross check		*		
	Stick check		*		
	Body check		*		
					-
D. Team	Play				
	Offensive tactics				
	a. odd-man situations				
	i. two-on-one	*			
	ii. three-on-two	*	 		
	iii. four-on-three		*		
	iv. five-on-four		*		
,	b. give-and-go	*		 	
	c. screen		*		
	d. pick-and-roll		*	 	
	e. picot-screen	 		*	
	f. fast break		-	*	
	g. beating man-to-man defenses		-	*	
	h. beating zone defenses	 	-	*	
	i. changing lines	 	 		*
	Defensive tactics		 		-
	a. odd-man situations	*			
	b. man-to-man defenses	-	+	 	
	i. checking the ball carrier ii. checking the non-ball carrier	 	*	 	ļ
	c. switch	+	+	*	
		 		*	-
	d. stealing the ball	 		*	
	e. double teaming		 	<u> </u>	
	f. zones			*	
	i. box		 	*	
	ii. 2-1-2	-		*	-
	iii. 3-2	-		*	
	g. penalty killing		-	-	
	Games	*			
	a. mini games	*			
	b. modified games	*	*	-	
	c. conditional games		*	ļ	*
	d. fall games		-		*
				٠	

LACROSSE				
SKILLS		Lev II	rels	IV
E. Rules	*			
F. Officiating			*	
G. Terms	*			
H. History	*			
		1		

NET.	BALL				
	SKILLS		Lev		
			- 11		IV
					1
Α.	Basic Skills				
71.0					ł
		*			
		*			
		*			
		*			
		*			
В.	Individual Skills				
	1. Ball handling	*			
	2. Passing				
	a. chest pass	*			
	b. overhead pass	*			
	c. one hand	*			
	d. underhand pass	*			
	e. sidearm pass	*			
	3. Catching				
		*			
	a. no contact				
	b. dodging and cutting c. stopping d. jumping and landing e. pivoting B. Individual Skills 1. Ball handling 2. Passing a. chest pass b. overhead pass c. one hand d. underhand pass e. sidearm pass 3. Catching a. high balls b. low balls 4. Individual defense a. no contact b. distance from attacker c. blocking * * * * * * * * * * * * *				
		*			
	5. Shooting				
	a. two hand shot	*			
	b. one hand shot	*			
	6. Retrieving ground balls	*			
	7. Throw-up	*	ļ		
C.	Team Play 1. Offense				
				*	
	a. bringing ball from defensive end b. systems for moving ball from end to end		 	*	
	2. Defense				
	a. man-to-man		*		
	b. zone		*		
	3. Game situations				
	a. team passing	*			
	b. pass ball	*			
	c. fall court		 		
	i. 2 vs 2	*			
	ii. 3 vs 3	*			
	d. skittle ball	*			
	e. permit ball	*			
	f. lane netball		*		
	g. quarter-court lineball		*		
	h. half-court netball		*		
	i. line netball		*	 	
			1		
		L			

NETBALL				
SKILLS	1	Lev	els	IV
j. mini netball k. netball (7 vs 7)			*	
D. Rules	*			
E. Officiating			*	
F. Terminology	*			
G. History	*			

RINGETTE			. 1 .	
SKILLS			els	.,
	ı	11	111	IV
A. Individual Skills				
1. Skating				
a. forward				
i. skating posture	*			
ii. stride	*			
b. backward				
i. skating posture	*			
ii. stride	*			
c. stopping				
i. forward				
- snow plough	*			
- two-foot side stop	*			
- one-foot stop		*		
ii. backward				
- two-foot	*			
- one-foot	*			
d. starting	-			
i. t-start	*			
ii. two-foot side start	*			
iii. one-foot side start		*		
e. pivoting				
i. front to back	*			
ii. back to front				
- crossover turn		*		
- glide turn	*			
f. cornering				
i. to the left	*			
ii. to the right	*			
iii. gliding	*			
iv. using crossovers		*		
2. Carrying the ring				
a. two hands		*		
b. one hand		*		
3. Passing				
a. sweep pass		*		
b. flip pass		*		
4. Pass receiving				
a. with a stick				
i. sighting		*		
ii. following		*		
iii. stabbing			*	
b. with skates		*		
5. Shooting				
a. sweep shot		*		
b. flip shot		*		
6. Stick check		*		
7. Goaltending				
a. set position		*		
		L		

		SKILLS	1	Lev	els	IV
			-	11	111	IV
		b. moving				
		i. out		*		
		ii. back		*		
		iii. side to side		*		
		c. directing rebounds		-	*	
					*	
		d. handling the ring				
_	m	m Skills				
В.						
	1.	Positional play			*	
		a. forward			*	-
		b. center			*	
	_	c. defense	-	-	*	
	2.					
		a. forechecking				*
		b. backchecking				4
		Coming out of own end				*
	4.	Attacking opponents blueline				-
		Killing penalties				,
	6.	Power play				,
c.	Rul	es	*			1
D.	Off	iciating			*	
E.	Ter	minology	*			
F.	His	tory	*			
					1	
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				B	1	
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RUGRY		1.00	role.	
SKILLS	ı	Lev I II	/els III	ıv
		- 11	1111	IV.
A. Basic Skills				
1. Running	*			
2. Stopping	*			
3. Changing direction	*			
4. Moving into gaps		*		
B. Individual Offensive Skills				
1. Passing				
a. orthodox pass	*			
b. scrum-half pass	*			
i. standing ii. dive		*		
iii. reverse			*	
iv. pivot	*			
c. switch pass	*			
d. screen pass		*		
e. dummy pass		*		
f. lineout pass			*	
g. unorthodox pass			*	
h. French style				*
2. Receiving the ball				
a. from passes	*			
b. from kicks		*		
c. from throw-in	*			
d. fair-catch		*		
3. Pick-up				
a. stationary ball	*			
b. moving ball	*			
c. falling on ball and getting up	*			
4. Running				
a. with ball				
i. two hands	*			
ii. change of pace		*		
iii. sidestep		*		
iv. swerve		*		*
v. power running b. without ball				-
i. supporting the ball	*			
ii. realignment in order to receive				
a pass	*	•		
5. Kicking				
a. place kick				ı
i. ball upright	*			
ii. ball angled	*			
iii. straight approach			*	
iv. around the corner			*	
b. drop kick				
i. scoring		*		

	SKILLS			els	
		1		111	
	ii. kick-offs				
	- 25 yard line		*		
	- half-way line		*		-
	c. punt				-
	i. defensive kick to touch		*		
	ii. attacking high kick	 	*		-
	iii. attacking chip kick	 	*		-
	iv. cross kick	 			-
	v. up-and-under			*	-
	d. grubber				\vdash
			*		
	i. drop kick technique ii. punt technique		*		-
	e. dribbling		*		-
			*		-
6.	f. hooking Throw-in				-
6.					
	a. football pass	-			-
	31 13 3 B C 1				
	dividual Defensive Skills				
1.					
	a. side tackle	- - -			<u> </u>
	b. rear tackle		*		-
	c. front tackle	-	*		_
	d. smother tackle			*	-
	e. ankle tackle	-		*	L
2.	3. 3				
	a. scrum		*		_
	b. lineout	ļ	*		_
	c. rucking/mauling		*		_
	nning the Ball				
1.	Scrummaging				
	a. 3 person	*			_
	b. 4 person	*			L
	c. 5 person	*			-
	d. hooking	*			
2.	Line out	ļ	*		
3.	Rucking/mauling			*	_
	am Games				
1.	Touch rugby	*			
2.	Modified games	*			
3.			*		
4.					-
5.	Fifteen a side				
70 M-	om Chrohomi				
F. Tea	am Strategy				-
G. Ru	les	*			

Cevels	A. Individual Skills 1. Throwing	SOFTRALI.		Lov	ole	
A. Individual Skills 1. Throwing	A. Individual Skills 1. Throwing	SKILLS	1			IV
1. Throwing	1. Throwing					
1. Throwing	1. Throwing					
a. grip b. underarm c. sidearm d. three-quarter e. overhand 2. Catching a. above waist b. below waist 3. Fielding a. thrown balls b. ground balls c. blocking ground balls d. pop files e. fly balls 4. Batting a. grip b. stance c. swing d. follow through e. place hitting f. power hitting 5. Bunting a. sacrifice b. drag c. squeeze 6. Base running a. rounding the base b. slidding i. feet first slide ii. hook slide iii. pop-up slide iv. head first slide v. breaking up double plays c. stealing a. grip b. orthodox c. slingshot d. windmill 8. Team Play 1. Offensive a. batting order * * * * * * * * * * * * *	a. grip b. underarm c. sidearm d. three-quarter e. overhand 2. Catching a. above waist b. below waist b. below waist 3. Fielding a. thrown balls b. ground balls c. blocking ground balls d. pop files e. fly balls 4. Batting a. grip b. stance c. swing d. follow through e. place hitting f. power hitting 5. Bunting a. sacrifice b. drag c. squeeze 6. Base running a. rounding the base b. sliding i. feet first slide ii. hook slide iii. pop-up slide iiv. head first slide v. breaking up double plays c. stealing a. grip b. orthodox c. slingshot d. windmill B. Team Play 1. Offensive a. base stealing d. sacrifice plays * * * * * * * * * * * * *					
Description Description	Description Description					
C. sidearm	C. sidearm					
d. three-quarter	d. three-quarter e. overhand 2. Catching a. above waist b. below waist b. below waist c. blocking ground balls d. pop files e. fly balls 4. Batting a. grip b. stance c. swing d. follow through e. place hitting f. power hitting 5. Bunting a. sacrifice b. drag c. squeeze 6. Base running a. rounding the base b. sliding i. feet first slide ii. hook slide iii. pop-up slide iv. head first slide v. breaking up double plays c. stealing a. qrip b. orthodox c. slingshot d. windmill 8. Team Play 1. Offensive a. base stealing d. sacrifice plays * * * * * * * * * * * * *			+		
e. overhand 2. Catching	e. overhand					
2. Catching	2. Catching		*	-		
a. above waist b. below waist 3. Fielding a. thrown balls b. ground balls c. blocking ground balls d. pop files e. fly balls 4. Batting a. grip b. stance c. swing d. follow through e. place hitting f. power hitting 5. Bunting a. sacrifice b. drag c. squeeze 6. Base running a. rounding the base b. sliding i. feet first slide ii. hook slide iii. pop-up slide iv. head first slide v. breaking up double plays c. stealing a. grip b. orthodox c. slingshot d. windmill B. Team Play 1. Offensive a. batting order * * * * * * * * * * * * *	a. above waist b. below waist 7. Fielding a. thrown balls b. ground balls c. blocking ground balls d. pop files e. fly balls 4. Batting a. grip b. stance c. swing d. follow through e. place hitting f. power hitting 5. Bunting a. sacrifice b. drag c. squeeze 6. Base running a. rounding the base b. sliding i. feet first slide ii. hook slide iii. pop-up slide iv. head first slide v. breaking up double plays c. stealing 7. Pitching a. grip b. orthodox c. slingshot d. windmill 8. Team Play 1. Offensive a. batting order b. buting c. base stealing d. sacrifice plays * * * * * * * * * * * * *					
b. below waist	b. below waist		*			
3. Fielding a. thrown balls b. ground balls c. blocking ground balls d. pop files e. fly balls 4. Batting a. grip b. stance c. swing d. follow through e. place hitting f. power hitting 5. Bunting a. sacrifice b. drag c. squeeze 6. Base running a. rounding the base b. sliding i. feet first slide ii. hook slide iii. pop-up slide iv. head first slide v. breaking up double plays c. stealing 7. Pitching a. grip b. orthodox c. slingshot d. windmill 8. Team Play 1. Offensive a. batting order ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	3. Fielding		*			
a. thrown balls b. ground balls c. blocking ground balls d. pop files e. fly balls 4. Batting a. grip b. stance c. swing d. follow through e. place hitting f. power hitting 5. Bunting a. sacrifice b. drag c. squeeze 6. Base running a. rounding the base b. sliding i. feet first slide ii. hook slide iii. pop-up slide iiv. head first slide v. breaking up double plays c. stealing 7. Pitching a. grip b. orthodox c. slingshot d. windmill 8. Team Play 1. Offensive a. batting order * * * * * * * * * * * * *	a. thrown balls b. ground balls c. blocking ground balls d. pop files e. fly balls 4. Batting a. grip b. stance c. swing d. follow through e. place hitting f. power hitting 5. Bunting a. sacrifice b. drag c. squeeze 6. Base running a. rounding the base b. sliding i. feet first slide ii. hook slide iii. pop-up slide iv. head first slide v. breaking up double plays c. stealing 7. Pitching a. grip b. orthodox c. slingshot d. windmill 8. Team Play 1. Offensive a. batting order b. bunting c. base stealing d. sacrifice plays * * * * * * * * * * * * *					
b. ground balls	b. ground balls		*			
C. blocking ground balls	C. blocking ground balls		*			
d. pop files	d. pop files				*	
e. fly balls	e. fly balls		*			
a. grip b. stance c. swing d. follow through e. place hitting f. power hitting 5. Bunting a. sacrifice b. drag c. squeeze 6. Base running a. rounding the base b. sliding i. feet first slide ii. hook slide iii. pop-up slide iv. head first slide v. breaking up double plays c. stealing 7. Pitching a. grip b. orthodox c. slingshot d. windmill 8. Team Play 1. Offensive a. batting order ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	a. grip b. stance c. swing d. follow through e. place hitting f. power hitting 5. Bunting a. sacrifice b. drag c. squeeze 6. Base running a. rounding the base b. sliding i. feet first slide ii. hook slide iii. pop-up slide iv. head first slide v. breaking up double plays c. stealing 7. Pitching a. grip b. orthodox c. slingshot d. windmill B. Team Play 1. Offensive a. batting order b. bunting c. base stealing d. sacrifice plays * * * * * * * * * * * * *	e. fly balls	*			
b. stance c. swing d. follow through e. place hitting f. power hitting 3. sacrifice b. drag c. squeeze 6. Base running a. rounding the base b. slidding i. feet first slide ii. hook slide iii. pop-up slide iv. head first slide v. breaking up double plays c. stealing 7. Pitching a. grip b. orthodox c. slingshot d. windmill 8. Team Play 1. Offensive a. batting order * * * * * * * * * * * * *	b. stance c. swing d. follow through e. place hitting f. power hitting f. power hitting 5. Bunting a. sacrifice b. drag c. squeeze 6. Base running a. rounding the base b. sliding i. feet first slide ii. hook slide iii. pop-up slide iv. head first slide v. breaking up double plays c. stealing 7. Pitching a. grip b. orthodox c. slingshot d. windmill B. Team Play 1. Offensive a. batting order b. bunting c. base stealing d. sacrifice plays * * * * * * * * * * * * *	4. Batting				
C. Swing	C. Swing d. follow through e. place hitting f. power hitting 5. Bunting a. sacrifice b. drag c. squeeze 6. Base running a. rounding the base b. sliding i. feet first slide ii. hook slide iii. pop-up slide iv. head first slide v. breaking up double plays c. stealing 7. Pitching a. grip b. orthodox c. slingshot d. windmill B. Team Play 1. Offensive a. batting order b. bunting c. base stealing d. sacrifice plays * * * * * * * * * * * * *	a. grip				
d. follow through	d. follow through	b. stance				
e. place hitting f. power hitting 5. Bunting a. sacrifice b. drag c. squeeze 6. Base running a. rounding the base b. sliding i. feet first slide ii. hook slide iii. pop-up slide v. breaking up double plays c. stealing 7. Pitching a. grip b. orthodox c. slingshot d. windmill B. Team Play 1. Offensive a. batting order * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	e. place hitting					
f. power hitting f. power hitting a. sacrifice b. drag c. squeeze 6. Base running a. rounding the base b. sliding i. feet first slide ii. hook slide iii. pop-up slide iv. head first slide v. breaking up double plays c. stealing 7. Pitching a. grip b. orthodox c. slingshot d. windmill B. Team Play 1. Offensive a. batting order * * * * * * * * * * * * *	f. power hitting f. power hitting f. power hitting a. sacrifice b. drag c. squeeze 6. Base running a. rounding the base b. sliding i. feet first slide ii. hook slide iii. pop-up slide iv. head first slide v. breaking up double plays c. stealing 7. Pitching a. grip b. orthodox c. slingshot d. windmill B. Team Play 1. Offensive a. batting order b. bunting c. base stealing c. base stealing d. sacrifice plays * * * * * * * * * * * * *		*			
5. Bunting	5. Bunting					
a. sacrifice b. drag c. squeeze 6. Base running a. rounding the base b. sliding i. feet first slide ii. hook slide iii. pop-up slide iv. head first slide v. breaking up double plays c. stealing 7. Pitching a. grip b. orthodox c. slingshot d. windmill B. Team Play 1. Offensive a. batting order * * * * * * * * * * * * *	a. sacrifice b. drag c. squeeze 6. Base running a. rounding the base b. sliding i. feet first slide ii. hook slide iii. pop-up slide iv. head first slide v. breaking up double plays c. stealing 7. Pitching a. grip b. orthodox c. slingshot d. windmill B. Team Play 1. Offensive a. batting order b. bunting c. base stealing d. sacrifice plays * * * * * * * * * * * * *				*	
b. drag	b. drag					
C. squeeze 6. Base running	C. squeeze 6. Base running			*	-	
6. Base running	6. Base running					
a. rounding the base	a. rounding the base b. sliding					
b. sliding	b. sliding					
i. feet first slide	i. feet first slide ii. hook slide iii. pop-up slide iv. head first slide v. breaking up double plays c. stealing 7. Pitching a. grip b. orthodox c. slingshot d. windmill B. Team Play 1. Offensive a. batting order b. bunting c. base stealing d. sacrifice plays					
ii. hook slide	ii. hook slide iii. pop-up slide iv. head first slide v. breaking up double plays c. stealing 7. Pitching a. grip b. orthodox c. slingshot d. windmill B. Team Play 1. Offensive a. batting order b. bunting c. base stealing d. sacrifice plays			*		
iii. pop-up slide	iii. pop-up slide				*	
iv. head first slide * v. breaking up double plays * c. stealing * 7. Pitching * a. grip * b. orthodox * c. slingshot * d. windmill * B. Team Play * 1. Offensive * a. batting order *	iv. head first slide					
v. breaking up double plays c. stealing 7. Pitching a. grip b. orthodox c. slingshot d. windmill B. Team Play 1. Offensive a. batting order * * * * * * * * * * * * *	v. breaking up double plays					*
c. stealing * 7. Pitching * a. grip * b. orthodox * c. slingshot * d. windmill * B. Team Play * 1. Offensive * a. batting order *	C. stealing				*	
7. Pitching a. grip b. orthodox c. slingshot d. windmill B. Team Play 1. Offensive a. batting order *	7. Pitching			*		
a. grip b. orthodox c. slingshot d. windmill B. Team Play 1. Offensive a. batting order *	a. grip b. orthodox c. slingshot d. windmill B. Team Play 1. Offensive a. batting order b. bunting c. base stealing d. sacrifice plays * * * * * * * * * * * * *					
b. orthodox c. slingshot d. windmill B. Team Play 1. Offensive a. batting order *	b. orthodox c. slingshot d. windmill B. Team Play 1. Offensive a. batting order b. bunting c. base stealing d. sacrifice plays * * * * * * * * * * * * *		*			
d. windmill * B. Team Play 1. Offensive a. batting order *	d. windmill B. Team Play 1. Offensive a. batting order b. bunting c. base stealing d. sacrifice plays *		*			
B. Team Play 1. Offensive a. batting order *	B. Team Play 1. Offensive a. batting order b. bunting c. base stealing d. sacrifice plays *	c. slingshot				*
1. Offensive a. batting order *	1. Offensive a. batting order b. bunting c. base stealing d. sacrifice plays *	d. windmill				*
1. Offensive a. batting order *	1. Offensive a. batting order b. bunting c. base stealing d. sacrifice plays *					
a. batting order *	a. batting order * b. bunting * c. base stealing * d. sacrifice plays *					
	b. bunting					
M. hitches and	c. base stealing		*			
D. Building	d. sacrifice plays *			*		
	e. squeeze plays *					
e. squeeze plays *		e. squeeze plays			*	

SKILLS	1	Le	vels	
		, , ,		
f. hit and run			*	
g. signals				-
2. Defensive				
a. fielding positions	*	ļ		
b. situations - where and when to throw				
the ball	*			
c. cut-offs	*			
d. tagging runners			*	_
e. double plays	*			_
f. rundowns			*	_
g. covering teammates				
i. infield			*	
ii. outfield			*	_
C. Rules	*		-	
D. Officiating				
1. Bases			*	
2. Home plate			*	-
3. Score keeping	*		 	-
E. Terminology	*			
	*			
F. History			-	
•				

TEA	M HANDBALI	1			1
	SKILLS		Lev		
			11	111	IV
Α.	Basic Skills				
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		*			
		*			
		*			
в.	Individual Skills				
	1. Handling the ball				
		*			
	b. faking	*			
		*			
	3. Catching				
	a. while stationary and moving	*			
	b. passes from front, side and behind	*			
	c. high and low passes	*			
	4. Passing				
	a. overhand pass	*			
	b. jump pass		*		
	c. underhand pass	*			
	d. chest pass	*			
	e. overhead pass	*			
2. Stopping and starting 3. Faking 4. Jumping and landing 8. Individual Skills 1. Handling the ball a. protecting the ball b. faking 2. Dribbling 3. Catching a. while stationary and moving b. passes from front, side and behind c. high and low passes 4. Passing a. overhand pass b. jump pass c. underhand pass d. chest pass e. overhead pass f. drop pass g. behind-the-back pass 5. Shooting a. overhand shot b. side-arm shot c. jump shot d. diving shot e. lob shot			*		
	g. behind-the-back pass				*
	5. Shooting				
	a. overhand shot	*			
	b. side-arm shot	*			
	c. jump shot		*		
	d. diving shot			*	
				*	
	f. fall-away shot			*	
	6. Goal tending				
	a. basic position		*		
	b. playing the angles	<u> </u>	*		
	c. low saves		*		
	d. high saves	ļ	*		
C.	Individual Defensive Skills				
	1. Stance	*			
	2. Side stepping	*			
	3. Checking a player	*			
	4. Blocking shots	*			
D.	Team Play				
	1. Offense				
	a. Offensive tactics				
	i. crossing		*		
	ii. screening		*		
	iii. blocking	*	*		
	iv. give and go	-			
					- 19

	SKILLS			els	
	SKILLO		11	111	1
	ffensive strategies				
	i. stationary offenses	*			
_	ii. moving offenses				
c. s	et plays			*	
d. s	pecial situations				
2. Defe					
a. d	lefensive tactics				
	i. covering	*			
	ii. switching	*			
	ii. rolling-off			*	
	one defenses				
	i. 6-0	*			
-	ii. 5-1		*	 	-
	ii. 4-2		*		-
	nan-to-man defenses		 	*	-
	combined defenses				-
	pecial situations		-		+
e. S	pectal situations			-	-
E. Rules		*			1
E. Rules					+
F. Officiat	ina			*	
F. OILICIAL	.ing				+-
		1	1		
G. Terminol	ogy	*			
G. Terminol	ogy	*	-		-
	ogy	*			
G. Terminol H. History	ogy				
	.ogy				
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OI.	LEYE	ALT.	T	1		
		SKILLS	1	Lev II	els III	IV
	Ind	ividual Offensive Skills				
	1.	Serve				
		a. underhand	*			
		b. sidearm		*		
		c. overhand		*		
		d. roundhouse				*
		e. floater			*	
	2.	Volley or set				
		a. overhead volley	*			
		b. backsetting		*		
		c. attack volley				
		i. with approach		*		
		ii. no approach	*			
		d. jump setting	1	<u> </u>		*
		e. quick set	*			
	3.	Bumping	*			
	4.	Attacking				
		a. half speed spike	*			
		b. tipping	*			
		c. power	1	*		
	Ind	ividual Defensive Skills				
	1.	Reception skills	ł			
		a. forearm dig pass	*	1		
		b. rolling			*	
		c. diving			*	
		d. one arm digging	1			*
		e. recovery off net	<u> </u>			*
	2.	Blocking	 			
	۷.		*			
		a. one player		*		
		b. two players	 	-		
	Шол	m Dlav				
•		m Play				
	1.	3 vs 3	*			
		a. serve reception position	*			
		b. defensive position		*		
		c. position for spiking and covering		*		
	2.	6 vs 6				
		a. serve reception position				
		i. 4-2 system			*	
		ii. 5-1 system				*
		iii. 6-0 system				*
	_	b. defensive position	ļ		*	
	3.	Positions for spiking and covering				
		a. 4-2 system	-		*	
		b. 5-1 system				*
		c. 6-0 system				*
	Rul	es	*			

VOLLEYBALL Levels SKILLS IV F | H E. Officiating F. Terminology * * G. History

GAMES B

BADMINTON

A. Basic Skills 1. Stroke preparation a. ready position b. footwork for court coverage c. grip i. forehand d. stroke 2. Serve a. preparatory skills i. ready position ii. releasing the shuttle iii. stroking iv. follow-through b. short serve c. long serve d. flick serve 3. Clear a. overhead clear i. ready position ii. setting up iii. impact iv. follow-through b. backhand clear i. ready position ii. setting up iii. impact iv. follow-through b. backhand clear i. ready position ii. ready position ii. grip iii. setting up c. drop shot i. overhand ii. underhand iii. underhand iii. backhand d. drive shot i. down-court ii. close to the net e. smash i. forehand i. i. overhand ii. underhand iii. backhand iii. backhand f. net shot or hairpin g. round-the-head shots B. Game Strategy 1. Singles a. court placement i. offensive ii. defensive ii. derensive ii. derensive ii. defensive ii. derensive ii. derensive ii. derensive ii. defensive ii. derensive		SKILLS	1	els III	I IV
1. Stroke preparation a. ready position b. footwork for court coverage c. grip i. forehand ii. backhand d. stroke 2. Serve a. preparatory skills i. ready position ii. releasing the shuttle iii. stroking iv. follow-through b. short serve c. long serve d. flick serve 3. Clear a. overhead clear i. ready position ii. setting up iii. stroking iv. follow-through b. backhand clear i. ready position iii. setting up iii. setting up iii. setting up iii. setting up iii. setting up iii. setting up iii. setting up iii. setting up iii. setting up iii. setting up iii. setting up iii. setting up iii. setting up iii. setting up iii. setting up iii. setting up c. drop shot i. overhand ii. backhand iv. forehand d. drive shot i. down-court ii. close to the net e. smash i. forehand f. net shot or hairpin g. round-the-head shots B. Game Strategy 1. Singles a. court placement i. offensive ii. defensive b. serving * defensive b. serving					
1. Stroke preparation a. ready position b. footwork for court coverage c. grip i. forehand ii. backhand d. stroke 2. Serve a. preparatory skills i. ready position ii. releasing the shuttle iii. stroking iv. follow-through b. short serve c. long serve d. flick serve 3. Clear a. overhead clear i. ready position ii. setting up iii. stroking iv. follow-through b. backhand clear i. ready position iii. setting up iii. setting up iii. setting up iii. setting up iii. setting up iii. setting up iii. setting up iii. setting up iii. setting up iii. setting up iii. setting up iii. setting up iii. setting up iii. setting up c. drop shot i. overhand ii. underhand iii. backhand iv. forehand d. drive shot i. down-court ii. close to the net e. smash i. forehand f. net shot or hairpin g. round-the-head shots B. Game Strategy 1. Singles a. court placement i. offensive b. serving * * * * * * * * * *	Α.	Basic Skills			
a. ready position b. footwork for court coverage c. grip i. forehand ii. backhand d. stroke 2. Serve a. preparatory skills i. ready position iii. releasing the shuttle iii. stroking iv. follow-through b. short serve c. long serve d. flick serve 3. Clear i. ready position ii. setting up iii. setting up iii. setting up iii. impact iv. follow-through b. backhand clear i. ready position ii. grip iii. setting up c. drop shot i. overhand ii. underhand ii. underhand iii. backhand iv. forehand d. drive shot i. down-court ii. close to the net e. smash i. forehand f. net shot or hairpin g. round-the-head shots B. Game Strategy 1. Singles a. court placement i. offensive ii. defensive b. serving * * * * * * * * * * * * *					
D. footwork for court coverage *			*		1
C. grip			*		
i. forehand ii. backhand d. stroke 2. Serve a. preparatory skills i. ready position ii. releasing the shuttle iii. stroking iv. follow-through b. short serve c. long serve d. flick serve 3. Clear a. overhead clear i. ready position ii. setting up iii. impact iv. follow-through b. backhand clear i. ready position ii. grip iii. setting up c. drop shot i. overhand d. drive shot i. down-court ii. close to the net e. smash i. forehand f. net shot or hairpin g. round-the-head shots B. Game Strategy 1. Singles a. court placement i. defensive b. serving * * * * * * * * * * * * *					
d. stroke 2. Serve a. preparatory skills i. ready position ii. releasing the shuttle iii. stroking iv. follow-through b. short serve c. long serve d. flick serve 3. Clear a. overhead clear i. ready position ii. setting up iii. impact iv. follow-through b. backhand clear i. ready position ii. grip iii. setting up c. drop shot i. overhand ii. underhand iv. forehand d. drive shot i. down-court ii. close to the net e. smash f. net shot or hairpin g. round-the-head shots B. Game Strategy 1. Singles a. court placement i. offensive ii. defensive b. serving * * * * * * * * * * * * *	ĺ		*		
2. Serve a. preparatory skills		ii. backhand	*		
2. Serve a. preparatory skills i. ready position ii. releasing the shuttle iii. stroking iv. follow-through b. short serve c. long serve d. flick serve 3. Clear a. overhead clear i. ready position ii. setting up ii. setting up ii. impact iv. follow-through b. backhand clear i. ready position ii. grip iii. setting up iii. setting up iii. setting up iii. sething up iii. grip iii. uredy position ii. grip iii. setting up c. drop shot i. overhand ii. underhand iii. underhand iii. toloskhand iv. forehand iv. forehand iv. forehand ii. close to the net e. smash i. forehand ii. backhand iv. sort hairpin g. round-the-head shots B. Game Strategy 1. Singles a. court placement i. offensive ii. defensive b. serving * *		d. stroke	*		
i. ready position ii. releasing the shuttle iii. stroking iv. follow-through b. short serve c. long serve d. flick serve 3. Clear a. overhead clear i. ready position ii. setting up iii. impact iv. follow-through b. backhand clear i. ready position ii. grip iii. setting up iii. setting up iii. setting up iii. setting up iii. setting up iii. setting up iii. setting up iii. setting up iii. setting up iii. setting up iii. setting up iii. setting up c. drop shot i. overhand ii. underhand iii. backhand iv. forehand d. drive shot i. down-court ii. close to the net e. smash i. forehand ii. backhand ii. backhand ii. backhand ii. backhand ii. setting up * B. Game Strategy 1. Singles a. court placement i. offensive ii. defensive ii. defensive * * * * * * * * * * * * *					
ii. releasing the shuttle		a. preparatory skills 🔪 —			
iii. stroking		i. ready position	*		
iv. follow-through			*		
b. short serve c. long serve d. flick serve d. fl			*		
C. long serve d. flick serve *					
d. flick serve					
3. Clear a. overhead clear i. ready position / * ii. setting up iii. impact iv. follow-through b. backhand clear i. ready position ii. grip iii. setting up c. drop shot i. overhand ii. underhand iii. backhand iv. forehand d. drive shot i. down-court ii. close to the net e. smash i. forehand ii. backhand ii. backhand ii. backhand ii. short hairpin g. round-the-head shots B. Game Strategy 1. Singles a. court placement i. ofefensive ii. defensive b. serving			-		
a. overhead clear			*		
i. ready position / ii. setting up					
ii. setting up					
11. setting up					
iv. follow-through					
b. backhand clear					
i. ready position			*		
ii. grip iii. setting up c. drop shot i. overhand ii. underhand iii. backhand iv. forehand d. drive shot i. close to the net e. smash i. forehand ii. backhand ii. backhand ii. backhand ii. sachand ii. sachand iii. sachand iii. backhand iii. backhand iii. backhand iii. backhand iii. backhand iii. sachand iii. sachand iii. sachand iii. sachand iii. sachand iii. sachand iii. sachand iiii. sachand iiii. sachand iiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiii					
iii. setting up c. drop shot					
c. drop shot					
1. overhand * ii. underhand * iii. backhand * iv. forehand * d. drive shot * i. down-court * ii. close to the net * e. smash * i. forehand * ii. backhand * f. net shot or hairpin * g. round-the-head shots * B. Game Strategy 1. Singles a. court placement i. offensive ii. defensive b. serving * * * * * * * * * * * * *			*		
ii. underhand iii. backhand iv. forehand d. drive shot i. down-court ii. close to the net e. smash i. forehand ii. backhand f. net shot or hairpin g. round-the-head shots B. Game Strategy 1. Singles a. court placement i. offensive ii. defensive b. serving		_			
iii. backhand iv. forehand d. drive shot			-	 	
iv. forehand iv. forehand d. drive shot i. down-court ii. close to the net e. smash i. forehand ii. backhand f. net shot or hairpin g. round-the-head shots B. Game Strategy 1. Singles a. court placement i. offensive ii. defensive b. serving					
## d. drive shot i. down-court					
i. down-court ii. close to the net e. smash i. forehand ii. backhand f. net shot or hairpin g. round-the-head shots B. Game Strategy 1. Singles a. court placement i. offensive ii. defensive b. serving * * * * * * * * * * * * *					
ii. close to the net e. smash i. forehand ii. backhand f. net shot or hairpin g. round-the-head shots B. Game Strategy 1. Singles a. court placement i. offensive ii. defensive b. serving * * * * * * * * * * * * *					
e. smash i. forehand ii. backhand f. net shot or hairpin g. round-the-head shots B. Game Strategy 1. Singles a. court placement i. offensive ii. defensive b. serving * * * * * * * * * * * * *					
i. forehand ii. backhand f. net shot or hairpin g. round-the-head shots B. Game Strategy 1. Singles a. court placement i. offensive ii. defensive b. serving * * * * * * * * * * * * *	1				
ii. backhand iii. backhand f. net shot or hairpin g. round-the-head shots B. Game Strategy 1. Singles a. court placement i. offensive ii. defensive b. serving				 	
## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##				+	
g. round-the-head shots				 	
B. Game Strategy 1. Singles a. court placement i. offensive ii. defensive b. serving *	1				
1. Singles a. court placement		g. round-the-head shots	-		
1. Singles a. court placement	, p	Cama Stratogi			
a. court placement i. offensive ii. defensive b. serving *	В.				2
i. offensive ii. defensive b. serving *					
ii. defensive			*		
b. serving *			*		
			*		
			*		17
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GAMES B

BADMINTON				
SKILLS			/els	
	 1		111	IV
d. attacking shots	*			
e. defensive shots	*			
2. Doubles				
a. court placement				
i. offensive		*		
ii. defensive	 	*		
b. servingc. returning serves		*		
d. attacking shots	 	*		
e. defensive shots		*		
CV GCICIOZVC SNOCS				
C. Rules	*			
D. Etiquette	*			
E. Officiating			*	
F. Terminology		*		
G. History		*		
G. HISLOTY				
				1

HANDBALL Levels **SKILLS** 1 | II | III | IV A. Basic Skills 1. Footwork a. ready position b. hitting position i. dominant hand ii. offhand * Individual Skills В. 1. Overhand stroke a. hand position b. setting up c. impact * d. follow-through e. ceiling shots Sidearm stroke a. hand position b. setting up * * c. impact d. follow-through * Low sidearm stroke a. hand position b. setting up c. impact d. follow-through * Underhand stroke 4. a. hand position b. setting up * c. impact d. follow-through 5. Serve a. low drive serve b. change up serve c. lob d. three-wall serve * e. the natural hop f. the reverse hop The return 6. a. back wall return b. left corner return * c. right corner return 7. Basic shots a. passing shot i. straight pass shot ii. two-wall pass b. kill shot i. straight kill ii. outside corner kill * iii. inside corner kill

GAMES B

HANDBALL				
SKILLS		Lev		
SKILLS	1	11	Ш	IV
c. ceiling shot			*	i
d. three-wall shot			*	
e. hook shot				
i. natural hook shot				*
ii. reverse hook shot				*
C. Game Strategy				
1. Singles				ı
a. court placement				
i. offensive		*		
ii. defensive		*		
b. serving		*		
c. returning serves		*		
d. attacking shots		*		
e. defensive shots			*	
2. Doubles				1
a. court placement				
i. offensive		*		
ii. defensive		*		
b. serving		*		
c. returning serves		*		
d. attacking shots		*		
e. defensive shots			*	
D. Dulan	*			
D. Rules				
E. Etiquette	*			
F. Officiating	-		*	
G. Terminology	*			- 1
H. History	*			
				- 1

RACQUETBALL

		SKILLS	ı	Lev II	els III	1
Α.	Bac	ic Skills				
Λ.	1.	Stroke fundamentals				
		a. grip				
		i. forehand	*			
		ii. backhand	*			-
			*			-
		b. ready position	*			┡
		c. swing	*			-
		d. impact				-
		e. follow-through	*			L
		f. footwork	*			
	2.	Serve				
		a. grip	*			
		b. stance	*			
		c. dropping the ball	*			
		d. swing	*			
		e. impact	*			
		f. follow-through	*			
		g. lob serve	*			
		h. power serve	*			1
		i. Z serve		*		
		j. overhead		-	*	-
	3.	Returning serve				-
	٥.		*			
		a. power	*			+
		b. lob	-	*		-
		c. Z serve		*		-
		d. overhead			*	-
	4.	Shots				
		a. kill shot				
		_ i. front wall kill		*		L
		ii. sidewall - front wall kill		*		
		iii. front wall - side wall kill		*		
		b. passing shots				
		i. down the line	*			
		ii. cross-court	*			
		c. ceiling shot			*	
		d. lob shot		*		
		e. dropshot		*		
в.	Gam	e Strategy				
٥.	1.	Singles	*			
	2.	Doubles		*		-
	3.	Cutthroat	*	-		-
			*			-
	4.	Keeping ball in play		*		+
	5.	Controlling the T		*	*	-
	6.	Playing the front court			*	-
	7.	Shots in the back sidewall				-
_						
C.	Rul	es	*			-
					1	

GAMES B

SKILLS Levels	
SKILLS	IV
D. Officiating *	
E. Terminology *	
E. Terminology *	
F. History *	
G. Etiquette *	
	1

SQUASH

		SKILLS			vels	
			-			
75	Pag	ic Skills				
Α.	1.					
	1 •	Grip	*			
		a. forehand	*		-	-
	2	b. backhand				-
	2.	Stance		-	-	-
	3.	Swing	*	-		-
	4. 5.	Impact	*		-	
	6.	Follow-through Footwork	*		-	-
	0.	FOOLWOIK				-
в.	Ind	ividual Skills				
٠.	1.	Strokes				1
	' •	a. forehand	*			
		b. backhand	*			-
	2.	Serves				-
	٠.	a. lob serve	*			
		b. angle serve		*	 	
		c. hand serve			*	
	3.	Receiving serves				
	٠.	a. ready position	*			
		b. straight return	*			
		c. cross-court return	*			-
	4.	Basic shots				
		a. ground shots				
		i. forehand rail shot	*			
		ii. backhand rail shot	*			
		iii. forehand cross-court shot	*			-
		iv. backhand cross-court shot	*			-
		v. forehand lob		*		-
		vi. backhand lob		*	 	
		b. touch shots				
		i. drop shot				
		- straight drop			*	
		- cross-court drop			*	_
		ii. reverse-corner shot			*	
		iii. side-wall front wall shot			*	
		c. volleys				
		i. reverse corner		*		
		ii. cross-drop nick		*		
		d. three-wall nick shot				
		e. boast shot				
c.	Str	ategy				
	1.		*			
	2.	Controlling the T		*		
	3.				*	
	4.	Shots in the back side-wall				

GAMES B

SOUASH Levels **SKILLS** 1 11 | 111 | IV D. Rules E. Etiquette F. Safety * G. Terminology H. History

TABLE TENNIS Levels **SKILLS** 1 | 11 | 111 | 1V Basic Skills Α. 1. Choosing a racquet a. sponge-sandwich racquet b. "pimpled rubber" bat a. orthodox or shake-hand grip b. penhold grip Footwork a. forehand strokes b. backhand strokes Individual Skills 1. Serve a. backhand serve i. bottom-spin ii. top-spin iii. mixed-spin b. forehand serve i. bottom-spin ii. top-spin iii. mixed-spin Blocks or counters a. backhand i. counter to top-spin serve ii. counter to bottom-spin serve iii. counter to mixed-spin serve b. forehand i. counter to top-spin serve ii. counter to bottom-spin serve iii. counter to mixed-spin serve c. blocks i. half-volley - forehand - backhand ii. late push shot - forehand - backhand Drive shots a. forehand drive b. backhand drive Chop shot a. forehand chop b. backhand drive 5. Kill shot

a. forehand kill
b. backhand kill

a. forehand lobb. backhand lob

Lob shot

GAMES B

TABLE TENNIS CKILIC Levels								
SKILLS		Lev III	els III	ıv				
		- 11	111	-10				
7. Drop shot								
a. forehand drop b. backhand drop			*					
8. Loop drive				*				
or hop alive								
C. Game Strategy								
1. Singles								
a. body position								
i. offensive play		*						
ii. defensive play	-	*						
b. serving c. returning serves		*						
d. attacking shots		*						
e. defensive shots			*					
2. Doubles								
a. body position								
i. offensive play		*						
ii. defensive play		*						
b. serving		*						
c. returning servesd. attacking shots		*						
e. defensive shots		*						
D. Rules	*							
E. Etiquette	*							
F. Officiating			*					
G. Terminology	*							
H. History	*							
				ı				
				- 1				
				- 1				
				l				

TENNIS

1.	ic Skills Footwork a. ready position b. hitting position	*	11	itt	
1.	Footwork a. ready position b. hitting position i. forehand ii. backhand				
1.	Footwork a. ready position b. hitting position i. forehand ii. backhand				
	a. ready position b. hitting position i. forehand ii. backhand				
2.	b. hitting positioni. forehandii. backhand				
2.	i. forehandii. backhand	*			
2.	ii. backhand	*			
2.					
2•	Domest alaille	*			
	Racquet skills				
	a. grips				
	i. eastern forehand	*			L
	ii. eastern backhand	*			-
	iii. continental	*			ļ
_	b. racquet faces	*			-
3.	Forehand groundstroke				
	a. grip	*			-
	b. stroke components				
	i. ready position	*			┝
	ii. setting up	*			╀
	iii. impact iv. follow-through	*			╀
					┝
	c. imparting spin				
	i. no spin				┼╌
	ii. top spin	 			╀
	iii. back spin iv. side spin				╂╌
4.					\vdash
4.	a. grip	*			
	b. stroke components				╁
	i. ready position	*			
	ii. setting up	*			+
	iii. impact	*			+
	iv. follow-through	*			+
	c. variations				\vdash
	i. two-handed	*			
	ii. semi-two-handed	*			+-
	d. imparting spin				-
	i. no spin				
	ii. top spin	+			1
	iii. back spin	 			1
	iv. side spin	 			\vdash
5.	Serve	1			\vdash
	a. grip		*		
	b. stroke components			-	1
	i. ready position		*		
	ii. tossing the ball		*		
	iii. setting up		*		
	iv. impact		*		
	v. follow-through		*		1
	c. imparting spin			*	1
		1			-

TENNIS

Components	6. Volley	III	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
6. Volley a. grip b. stroke components i. ready position ii. tossing the ball iii. setting up iv. impact v. follow-through c. variations i. drop volley ii. half volley 7. Lob 8. Smash 9. Chop B. Game Strategy 1. Singles a. court placement i. offensive ii. defensive b. serving c. returning serves d. attacking shots e. defensive shots a. court placement a. court placement a. attacking shots e. defensive shots a. court placement a. court placement	6. Volley a. grip b. stroke components i. ready position ii. tossing the ball iii. setting up iv. impact v. follow-through c. variations i. drop volley ii. half volley 7. Lob 8. Smash 9. Chop B. Game Strategy 1. Singles a. court placement	*	* * * * * * * *
a. grip	a. grip b. stroke components	*	* * * * * * * * *
a. grip	a. grip b. stroke components	*	* * * * * * * * *
a. grip	a. grip b. stroke components	*	* * * * * * * * *
b. stroke components	b. stroke components	*	* * * * * * *
i. ready position ii. tossing the ball iii. setting up iv. impact v. follow-through c. variations i. drop volley ii. half volley ii. half volley 7. Lob 8. Smash 9. Chop B. Game Strategy 1. Singles a. court placement i. offensive ii. defensive b. serving c. returning serves d. attacking shots e. defensive shots 2. Doubles a. court placement i. occurt placement i. defensive shots c. returning serves d. attacking shots e. defensive shots x y y y y x y x y x y x y x y x y x y	i. ready position ii. tossing the ball iii. setting up iv. impact v. follow-through c. variations i. drop volley ii. half volley 7. Lob 8. Smash 9. Chop B. Game Strategy 1. Singles a. court placement	*	* * * * * * *
ii. tossing the ball iii. setting up iv. impact v. follow-through c. variations i. drop volley ii. half volley 7. Lob 8. Smash 9. Chop B. Game Strategy 1. Singles a. court placement i. offensive ii. defensive b. serving c. returning serves d. attacking shots e. defensive shots 2. Doubles a. court placement i. ocurt placement i. offensive i. defensive * b. serving c. returning serves d. attacking shots e. defensive shots * Doubles a. court placement	ii. tossing the ball iii. setting up iv. impact v. follow-through c. variations i. drop volley ii. half volley 7. Lob 8. Smash 9. Chop B. Game Strategy 1. Singles a. court placement	*	* * *
iii. setting up	iii. setting up	*	* *
iv. impact v. follow-through c. variations i. drop volley ii. half volley 7. Lob 8. Smash 9. Chop B. Game Strategy 1. Singles a. court placement i. offensive ii. defensive b. serving c. returning serves d. attacking shots e. defensive shots 2. Doubles a. court placement v. total court placement v. total court placem	iv. impact * v. follow-through * c. variations * i. drop volley * ii. half volley * 7. Lob * 8. Smash * 9. Chop * B. Game Strategy * 1. Singles * a. court placement *	*	*
v. follow-through * c. variations * i. drop volley * ii. half volley * 7. Lob * 8. Smash * 9. Chop * B. Game Strategy * 1. Singles * a. court placement * ii. defensive * b. serving * c. returning serves * d. attacking shots * e. defensive shots * 2. Doubles * a. court placement *	v. follow-through * c. variations * i. drop volley * ii. half volley * 7. Lob * 8. Smash * 9. Chop * B. Game Strategy * 1. Singles * a. court placement *	*	*
C. variations	C. variations	*	
i. drop volley * ii. half volley * 7. Lob * 8. Smash * 9. Chop * B. Game Strategy * 1. Singles * a. court placement * ii. defensive * b. serving * c. returning serves * d. attacking shots * e. defensive shots * 2. Doubles * a. court placement *	i. drop volley	*	
ii. half volley	ii. half volley 7. Lob 8. Smash 9. Chop * B. Game Strategy 1. Singles a. court placement	*	*
7. Lob	7. Lob	*	
8. Smash 9. Chop * B. Game Strategy 1. Singles	8. Smash 9. Chop * B. Game Strategy 1. Singles a. court placement		
9. Chop	9. Chop * B. Game Strategy 1. Singles a. court placement		
B. Game Strategy 1. Singles	B. Game Strategy 1. Singles a. court placement	*	
1. Singles a. court placement i. offensive ii. defensive b. serving c. returning serves d. attacking shots e. defensive shots 2. Doubles a. court placement	1. Singles a. court placement		
1. Singles a. court placement i. offensive ii. defensive b. serving c. returning serves d. attacking shots e. defensive shots 2. Doubles a. court placement	1. Singles a. court placement		
a. court placement i. offensive ii. defensive b. serving c. returning serves d. attacking shots e. defensive shots 2. Doubles a. court placement	a. court placement		
i. offensive * ii. defensive * b. serving * c. returning serves * d. attacking shots * e. defensive shots * 2. Doubles a. court placement			
ii. defensive			*
b. serving c. returning serves d. attacking shots e. defensive shots 2. Doubles a. court placement			*
c. returning serves d. attacking shots e. defensive shots 2. Doubles a. court placement			*
d. attacking shots e. defensive shots 2. Doubles a. court placement			*
e. defensive shots			
2. Doubles a. court placement			
a. court placement			
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	*
			*
c. returning serves	D. Selving		*
			* * *
			* * * * * * *
e. detensive shots	e. detensive shots		* * *
C. Rules *	C Pulos		* * * * * *
C. Rules *	C. Vates		* * * * * * * *
D. Ftiguette			* * * * * *
D. Eciquette	D. Etiquette		* * * * * * *
F Officiating	D. Etiquette *		* * * * * * *
L. ULICIATING			* * * * * * * *
	D. Etiquette * E. Officiating *		* * * * * * * *
	E. Officiating *		* * * * * * *
F. Terminology *	E. Officiating *		* * * * * * *
F. Terminology *	E. Officiating * F. Terminology *		* * * * * * * * * * * * *
	E. Officiating * F. Terminology *		* * * * * * * * * * * * *
F. Terminology *	E. Officiating * F. Terminology *		* * * * * * * * * * * * *
F. Terminology *	E. Officiating * F. Terminology *		* * * * * * * * * * * * *
F. Terminology *	E. Officiating * F. Terminology *		* * * * * * * * * * * * *
F. Terminology *	E. Officiating * F. Terminology *		* * * * * * * * * * * * *
F. Terminology *	E. Officiating * F. Terminology *		* * * * * * * * * * * * *
F. Terminology *	E. Officiating * F. Terminology *		* * * * * * * * * * * * *
F. Terminology *	E. Officiating * F. Terminology *		* * * * * * * * * * * * *
F. Terminology *	E. Officiating * F. Terminology *		* * * * * * * * * * * * *



DUAL BALANCE

	SKILLS	1	Lev II	els	IV
Α.	Basic Skills				
	1. Scales				
	a. front scale on feet	*			
1	b. back scale on feet	*			
	c. back scale straddling waist		*		
i	d. front scale straddling waist		*		
	2. Cheststands		İ		
	a. on bottom person's back	*			
	b. on bottom person's stomach	*			
	3. Shoulderstands				
	a. knee shoulderstand		*		
	b. shoulderstand on feet			*	
	c. arm-to-arm shoulderstand				*
	4. Feetstands				
	a. foot-to-hand		*		*
	b. seat-on-feet		*		
	c. lift to foot-to-hand				*
	d. foot-to-foot				*
	e. thighstand		*		
	f. shoulder mount			*	
	5. Hand balances				
	a. two-handed high front side				*
	b. one-handed high back scale				*
	c. handstand on thighs			*	
	d. low arm-to-arm shoulderstand			*	
	e. on stomach			*	
	f. on back			*	
	g. on hips				+
	h. on feet				*
	i. hand-to-hand				*
	j. on forearm				
	6. Levers				
	a. double elbow lever			*	
	i. on stomach			*	
	ii. on back			*	
	iii. on hips			*	
	b. back lever on thighs				
_		*			
В.	Safety				
	Marmin all ams				
C.	Terminology				
_	Ui atom:	*			
D.	History				

EDUCATIONAL GYMNASTICS Levels						
		SKILLS				11/
				11	111	IV
Α.	Basi	ic Elements				
•••	1.	Definition	*			
		Objectives	*			
	3.	Where it can be done				
		a. floor	*			
		b. mats and small apparatus	*			
		c. large apparatus	*			
	4.	With whom it can be done				
		a. alone	*			
		b. pairs	*			
		c. partners	*			
в.	Then	ne Samples				
	1.	Gross body action themes				i
		a. travelling and stopping				
		i. on different body parts	*			
		ii. with direction changes	*			
		iii. with speed changes	*			
	2.	Weight bearing				
		a. large body surfaces	*			
		b. stable bases	*			
		c. unstable bases	*			
	3.	Transferring weight .				
		a. stepping	*			
		b. jumping	*			
		c. twisting	*			
		d. rocking	*			
		e. rolling	*			
		f. falling	*			
	4.	Changes of speed				
		a. accelerating	*			
		b. decelerating	*			
	5.	Flight				
		a. take-offs		*		
		b. flight position		*		
		c. recovery		*		
	6.	Body shape				
	•	a. contracted		*		
		b. stretched		*		
		c. twisted		*		
	7.	Twisting and turning				
		a. body rotations				i
		i. vertical axis		*		
		ii. sagittal axis		*		
		iii. horizontal axis	-	*		
		b. twisting actions		*		
		c. combining twisting and turning actions		*		
		or companing twisting and turning actions				

	SKILLS		Levels				
		1	"	- 111	IV		
8.	Rising and falling						
	a. elevation						
	i. springing		*				
	ii. swinging		*		-		
	iii. stretching and balancing		*				
	b. lowering						
	i. counterbalance		*				
	ii. landings	 	*		-		
		-	*				
	iii. transference of weight		+				
	c. changing levels		*		-		
9.	Levels and directions						
	a. levels						
	i. the body in space		*				
	ii. body parts in relation to each other		*				
	b. pathways		*				
10.	Swinging						
	a. using arms	1		*			
	b. using legs			*			
11.	Symmetry and asymmetry						
	a. in stillness			*			
	b. in movement			*			
12.							
	a. with no body contact			*			
	b. with body contact			*			
	b. with body contact		-				
C. Ter	minalam	*					
<u>c.</u> 181	minology						
D 77.5.	A	*					
D. His	tory	-					

*MEN'S ARTISTIC GYMNASTICS

	ONIL C	Levels				
	SKILLS	1	l II	111	IV	
3 53	loor Exercises					
		*				
$\frac{1}{2}$		*				
$\frac{2}{3}$		*				
3		*				
4 =		*				
5		*				
<u>6</u> 7		*				
		*				
8		*	*			
9			*			
10						
11			*			
12			*			
13			*			
14			*			
15.				*		
16.				*		
17				*		
18.	Backward roll-extension			*		
19	Handstand without assistance			*		
20	Handstand quarter-turn			*		
21	Round-off			*		
22	Headspring on a rolled mat or box-top			*		
23	Tucked press to handstand (flexed arms)			*		
24	Straddle press to handstand				*	
25.	L-support				*	
26	Headspring on the floor				*	
27	Handspring				*	
28	One-arm cartwheel				*	
29.	Backhandspring				*	
30.	Handstand - forward roll in piked position				*	
31.		*	*	*	*	
B. Po	ommel Horse					
1.		*				
2.		*				
3.		*				
4			*			
5.			*			
6			*			
7				*		
8.				*		
9.				*		
	rear presup frank both legs to rear support					
*Note	This is from Gerald A. Carr's					
HOLE	Men's Gymnastics Handbook, Vancouver:					
	Hancock House Publishers.					
	nancock nouse rubitshers.					

*MEN'S ARTISTIC GYMNASTICS

	SKILLS		Levels		
					-
	10. Front pickup flank both legs to front support				
	11. Front scissors				
	12. Back scissors				
	13. Rear dismount				
	14. Double leg circle				
	15. Combinations and routines	*	*	*	
C.	Rings				
	1. Straight inverted hang	*			L
	2. Piked inverted hang	*	ļ		L
	3. Cross support	*			Ļ
	4. Skin the cat	*			L
	5. Swings (low amplitude)	*			-
	6. Tucked support		*		-
	7. Backward tuck dismount		*		-
	8. Muscle-up			*	-
	9. L-support			*	L
	10. Tucked shoulder balance			*	_
	11. From support half backward roll to piked	1			
	inverted hang			*	L
	12. Flyaway (backward dismount with straight				
	body)			*	
	13. Backward straddle dismount			*	L
	14. From cross support half forward roll to				
	piked inverted hang				
	15. Shoulder balance				
	16. Inlocate	1			
	17. Back uprise				
	18. Combinations and routines	*	*	*	
D.	Vault				
	1. Front vault - side horse	*			L
	2. Flank vault - side horse	*			_
	3. Rear vault - side horse		*		L
	4. Squat vault - side horse		*		L
	5. Straddle vault - side horse			*	
	6. Straddle vault - long horse			*	-
	7. Stoop vault - side horse			*	
	8. Squat vault - long horse				
	9. Stoop vault - long horse				
	10. Headspring vault - side horse				
	11. Handspring vault - side horse				
	12. Rear pickup flank both legs to rear support			*	
E.	Parallel Bars				
	1. Cross support hop travel	*			
	2. Cross support swings	*			
	3. Dismount from forward swing	*			1

*MEN 'S	ARTISTIC	GYMNAS	TICS

		Lev	/els	
SKILLS	1			ııv
4. Underarm support swing	*			
5. Glide swing and return	*			
6. Glide swing to piked inverted hang		*		
7. Dismount from backward swing		*		
8. L-support		*		
9. Shoulder balance			*	
10. Forward roll from momentary shoulder balance			*	
11. Back uprise			*	
12. Underarm kip to cross support			*	
13. Front uprise				*
14. Glide kip				*
15. Drop kip at end of bars				*
16. Momentary handstand quarter-turn dismount				
at end of bars				*
17. Combinations and routines	*	*	*	*
F. Horizontal Bars (chest height throughout)				
1. Front support swings (simple cast)	*			
2. Front support - forward roll dismount	*			
3. Front support to stride support	*			
4. Single knee swing-up	*			
5. Pullover mount		*		
6. Backward hip circle		*		
7. Underswing dismount		*		
8. Glide swing and return		*		
9. Stride inverted swing			*	
10. Forward stride circle			*	
11. Forward hip circle			*	
12. Piked inverted swing			*	
13. Glide-stride inverted swing to stride support				*
14. Cast-straddle sole dismount				*
15. Glide kip				*
16. Glide-piked inverted swing to rear support	-			*
17. Combinations and routines	*	*	*	*
77. COMBINATIONS and Toutines				
G. Rules	*			
O+ Aules				
U Diguette	*			
H. Etiquette				
I Officiating			*	
I. Officiating				
T Marminalage	*			
J. Terminology				
V Uichow	*			
K. History	~			

			Levels			
		<u> </u>	11	111	11	
A. Bas	sic Skills					
1.						
1.	a. toe walk	*				
	b. flat foot walk	*	-	-		
		*			_	
	c. spring walk				_	
	d. pedalling	*				
	e. skipping	*	-		_	
	f. sneaky walk	*				
	g. impulse walk	*				
2.	Runs		1			
	a. running	*				
	b. jogging	*				
	C. galloping	*				
	d. partners	*				
3.	Legs					
	a. swings					
	i. straight	*				
	ii. bent	*				
	b. circles					
	i. leg	*				
	ii. knee	*			-	
4.	Leaps				-	
4.	a. split		-	*		
	b. stag			*		
				*		
-	c. scissor			-		
5.			*	Ì		
	a. tuck		-	*	-	
	b. split			*	_	
	c. stag			*		
	d. arch		*			
6.	The second secon					
	a. on knees		*			
	b. standing					
	i. flat foot		*			
	ii. on toes		*			
	c. question mark		*			
7.	Abdominals					
	a. sit-ups	*				
	b. bicycle	*				
	c. train	*				
8.						
	a. lower back lift	*				
	b. basic back exercise	*				
	c. peanut crawl	*				
	d. back exercise with relaxation	*				
	e. side relaxation drop	*				
		*				
	<pre>f. upper body and arm relaxation g. backward questions mind</pre>	*				
	u. Dackward diestions mind					
	h. chest lift	*				

MOD	ERN	RHYTHMIC GYMNASTICS	 			
		SKILLS			els	
		Office	1 .		III	IV
			:			
	9.	Wing				
	9.	Hips	*			
		a. forward weight shift b. side body wave		*		
		c. hip circles	*			
		d. sitting side to side	*			
		e. hip lifts	*			
		f. sitting hip lift	*			
		g. body waves on knees		*		
		h. pelvis lift	*			
		i. hip throw	*			
		j. crawling	*			
		j. crawing	-			
в.	Bal	le				
٥٠	1.	Throwing				1
	1.	a. two-handed throw	*			
		b. overhead throw	*			
		c. one-handed throw	*			
		d. over-shoulder throw		*		
		e. continuous over-shoulder throw			*	
	2	Catching	*		-	
	$\frac{2}{3}$		-	-	-	
	٥.		*			
		a. standing position	*			
		b. sitting position	*			
		c. kneeling position		*		
		d. around the body	 	*		
		e. across the body		*		
		f. bounce and turn	 	*		
		g. bounce while walking		*		
		i. running	ļ	*		
		ii. skipping			*	
		iii. grapevine steps	-		*	
		iv. leap	-		*	
		v. side gallop			*	
		h. scissor kick	-		*	
	4.	Rolling				
		a. sitting position	*			
		b. prone position			ļ	
		c. kneeling position	*		ļ	
		d. standing position	*			
		e. run with roll			*	
		f. run and leap with roll		-	*	
		g. leap over rolling ball		*		
		h. roll between the hands		*		
		i. roll on the legs	-		*	
		j. roll on the arms			*	
		k. roll on back				*
	5.	Swinging				
		a. backward and forward	*			
		b. pendular swing	*			
-			1	<u> </u>	L	

	SKILLS			vels	
		-	11	111	1
	c. body wave	*			
	d. across the body				-
	e. circling				
	i. forward	*			_
	ii. backward	*			
	iii. across the body	*	-		_
	iv. around the body		*		<u> </u>
	v. figure eight				
	- both arms			*	
	- one arm			*	_
6.	Balancing				
	a. while curling and uncurling the arms		*		
	b. spiral		*		
	c. reverse spiral		*		
	d. spiral turn			*	
7.	Movement with two balls				
	a. throwing				
	i. simultaneously		*		
	ii. alternately			*	
	b. bouncing				
	i. simultaneously				•
	ii. alternately				,
	c. juggling two balls				-
C. Ro	pes				
1.	Jumping movements		1		
	a. forward	*			
	b. backward	*			
	c. step-hop forward	*			
	d. step-hop backward	*			
	e. cradle	*			
	f. pendulum swing		*		
	g. running		*		
	h. gallop		*		
	i. front cross			*	
	j. back cross			*	
	k. double turn			*	
	1. triple turn				-
	m. schottische step				,
	n. polka step				,
	o. cabriole				,
				*	
	o. leaps g. cowboy kick			*	
	*		-	*	-
	r. oblique turn		*		
	s. lateral turn			*	-
	t. forward-to-backward turn			*	-
	u. backward-to-forward turn			*	
			1		
	v. folded rope turn				
	w. double-folded rope jump				•

MODE	ERN :	RHYTHMIC GYMNASTICS				
		0//// 0		Lev	els	
		SKILLS	1	- 11	Ш	IV
		x. partner jumping with one rope			*	
		y. partner jumping with two ropes				*
	2.	Swinging movements				
		a. in front	*			
		b. sitting and circling	*			
		c. figure eight front-to-back		*		
		d. figure eight sideward	*	*		
		e. kneeling and circling	*	*		
		f. with different rope lengths	*			
		g. overhead	*		*	
		h. under the leg		*	*	
		i. turning with horizontal swing		*		
		j. kneeling turn		*		
		k. circling around the body			*	
		1. circling around with a twist			*	
		m. horizontal swing with straight rope				*
	_	n. partner swinging				
	3.	Wrapping movements				
		a. wrap around waist		*		
		i. folded rope		*		
		ii. straight rope			*	
		b. wrap around the arms				
	4.	Balancing movements			*	
		a. rope hooked around the leg			*	
		b. arabesque			*	
		c. side with folded rope			*	
	_	d. balancing with double-folded rope				
	5.	Tossing and catching movements			*	
		a. swing and catch				*
		b. one-handed release				*
		c. backward swing and tossd. sideward swing and toss				*
						*
		e. folded rope toss	<u> </u>			*
		f. partner tossing				
_	TI o o o					
D.	Hoop	Basics				
	1.	a. grips				
		i. regular	*			
		ii. reverse	*			
		iii. inside	*			
		iv. outside	*			
		v. mixed	*			
		b. planes				
		i. frontal	*			
		ii. sagittal	*			
		iii. horizontal	*			
		TITO HOLLZOIICAL				

MODERN RHYTHMIC GYMNASTICS

SKILLS	1	Lev	els	IV
c. axis				
i. horizontal	*			
ii. vertical	*			
2. Swinging movements				
a. across the body	*			
b. swing and lean	*			
c. changing hands				
i. in front	*			
ii. behind		*		
iii. overhead		*		
iv. under the leg		*		
d. swing backward and forward	-	*		
e. swing to backbend		*		
f. swing around the body			*	
g. swing overhead			*	
h. figure eight				
i. frontal plane ii. sagittal plane				
iii. horizontal plane			*	
i. poses			*	
3. Turning movements				
a. in various planes				
i. frontal			*	
ii. sagittal			*	
iii. horizontal			*	
4. Circling movements				
a. in front of the body	*			
b. change hands in front of the body		*		
c. in front of the arm		*		
d. in back of the arm		*		
e. combinations in front and back of arm		*		
f. change hands in back of body			*	
g. combinations of front and back hand				
changes			*	
h. combination of front and back circle			*	
i. circle back of head and front of body			*	
j. circle in sagittal plane			*	
k. circle to backbend			*	
1. horizontal circle in front of body m. horizontal circle overhead			*	
n. combination of front and overhead circles			*	
o. poses		*		
p. hula-hooping		*		
5. Throwing movements				
a. in sagittal plane				
i. two-handed throw		*		
ii. one-handed throw		*		
iii. overhead throw		*		

	RHYTHMIC GYMNASTICS SKILLS		Lev		
	SKILLS	1	11		IV
	b. overhead throw in frontal plane		*		
	c. circle and throw over the head			*	
	d. throw behind shoulder			*	
	e. throw in horizontal plane			*	
	f. throw with horizontal spin			*	
	g. throw the leap				*
	h. partner tossing				*
6.	Rolling movements				
	a. in frontal plane	*			
	b. run with roll	*			
	c. jump over rolling hoop			*	
	d. throw behind the shoulder			*	
	e. throw in horizontal plane			*	
	f. throw with horizontal spin			*	
	g. throw and leap				*
	h. partner tossing				*
	i. roll with backspin		*		
	j. in a circle			*	
	k. crawl through rolling hoop			*	
	1. roll on arm and back				*
	m. roll along the arms				
	i. in front	ĺ	1		*
	ii. in back				*
	iii. to partner				*
7.	Jumping movements				
	a. forward		*		
	b. backward		*		
	c. step-hops		*		
	d. leaps			*	
	e. pendulum swing		 	*	-
	e. pendulum Swing		<u> </u>		
Rib	bons				
1.	Grips				
	a. regular	*			
	b. reverse	*			
2.	Swinging movements				
	a. forward and backward	*			
	b. across the body	*	 		·
	c. overhead	*			†
	d. forward and overhead	*		 	
	e. under the leg		*	 	
	f. swing and catch		-	*	
	g. around the body		*		
	h. with two ribbons		+	*	
3.	Circling movements		 	 	
٥.		*			
	a. frontal plane	*	 		
	b. sagittal plane	*			-
	c. horizontal plane				
					1

MODERN RHYTHMIC GYMNASTICS Levels SKILLS 1 | II | III | IV d. under the leg e. with two ribbons 4. Figure eight movements a. frontal plane b. sagittal plane c. horizontal plane d. leap over the ribbon e. front and back 5. Serpentine movements a. vertical serpentines b. turns with vertical serpentines c. horizontal serpentines i. in the air ii. on the floor d. with two ribbons Spiral movements a. vertical spirals i. on the floor ii. in the air b. frontal circle with spiral c. spirals with increasing circles d. spirals with decreasing circles e. horizontal spirals f. with two ribbons 7. Throwing and catching movements a. giving toss overhead b. overhead throw i. frontal plane ii. sagittal plane c. two-ribbon throw F. Compositions G. Group Exercises H. Ruler I. Officiating J. Terminology K. History

PYRAMID BUILDING Levels **SKILLS** 11 | III | IV 1 1 A. Basics 1. Foundation Center of gravity 3. Balance Types of Pyramid 1. Straight line 2. Curved line 3. Tower 4. Intersecting line C. Body Positions 1. Sitting 2. Hands and knees 3. Lying 4. Kneeling 5. Standing Triples Pyramid 1. Outside performers' horizontal 2. Outside performers' verticle 3. Bottom performers' support top performer 4. Three high E. Four-Person Pyramid 1. Two performers support two performers * 2. One performer supports three performers F. Five-Person Pyramid G. Six-Person Pyramid H. Seven-Person Pyramid I. Eight-Person Pyramid J. Nine-Person Pyramid K. Ten-Person Pyramid L. Mass Pyramid M. Safety N. Terminology O. History

TRAMPOLINE

	SKILLS	1	Lev II	vels	J 1 1
Α.	Basic Bounce	*			
В.	The Break	*			
c.	Basic Bounce Variations				
	1. Swan	*			
	2. Tuck		*		
	3. Pike	-	*		
	4. Jackknife			*	1
	5. Straddle pike			*	
	6. Turns		*		
D.	Seat Drop		*		
E.	Hands and Knee Drop		*		
F.	Knee Drop		*		
G.	Front Drop	-		*	
**	Park Pure			*	
н.	Back Drop			-	-
ı.	Combinations and Twists				
⊥•	1. Half twist to seat			*	
	2. Swivel hips			*	-
	3. Seat drop to front			*	-
	4. Front drop to seat drop			*	
	5. Half twist to back drop			*	
	6. Back drop to front drop			*	
	7. Front drop to back drop			*	
	8. Airplane			*	
	9. Half twist from back drop			*	
	10. Half turntable		·	*	
	11. Band roll			*	
	12. Cradles			*	
J.	Rules	*			
<u>K.</u>	Officiating			*	
L.	Terminology	*			
М.	History	*			

TUMB	LING				
	CVII I C		Lev	rels	
	SKILLS	1	- 11	111	IV
	_ ,_,,				
Α.	Forward Rolls	*			
	1. Forward roll to squat	*			
	2. Forward roll to stepout	*			
	3. Straddle forwarrd roll 4. Dive forward roll				
			*		
	a. piked b. layout			*	
	D. Tayout				
в.	Backward Rolls				
ь.	1. Backward roll to squat	*			
	2. Piked backward roll		*		
	3. Straddle backward roll		*		
	4. Back extension			*	
	4. back extension				
c.	Inverted Stunts and Springs				
C.	1. Headstand		*		
	2. Handstand		*		
	3. Cartwheel		*		
	4. One-hand cartwheel			*	
	5. Front walkover			*	
	6. Back walkover			*	
	7. Headspring on folded mat			*	
	8. Neckspring				*
	9. Round-off				*
	10. Front handspring				*
-	11. Back handspring				*
-	12. Round-off back handspring				*
-	12. Round-off back handspring				
D.	Aerial Somersaults				
ν.	1. Aerial cartwheel				*
	2. Aerial walkover				*
	3. Forward somersault				*
	4. Back somersault				*
	4. Back Somersault				
E.	Aerial Twisting Somersaults				
٠.	1. Layout front somersault with half twist		1		*
	2. Back somersault with half twist				*
	3. Back full-twisting somersault				*
	5. Back full twisting somersault				
F.	Officiating			*	
G.	Terminology	*			
<u></u>	TOTAL TOTAL				
н.	History	*			

WOMEN'S ARTISTIC GYMNASTICS

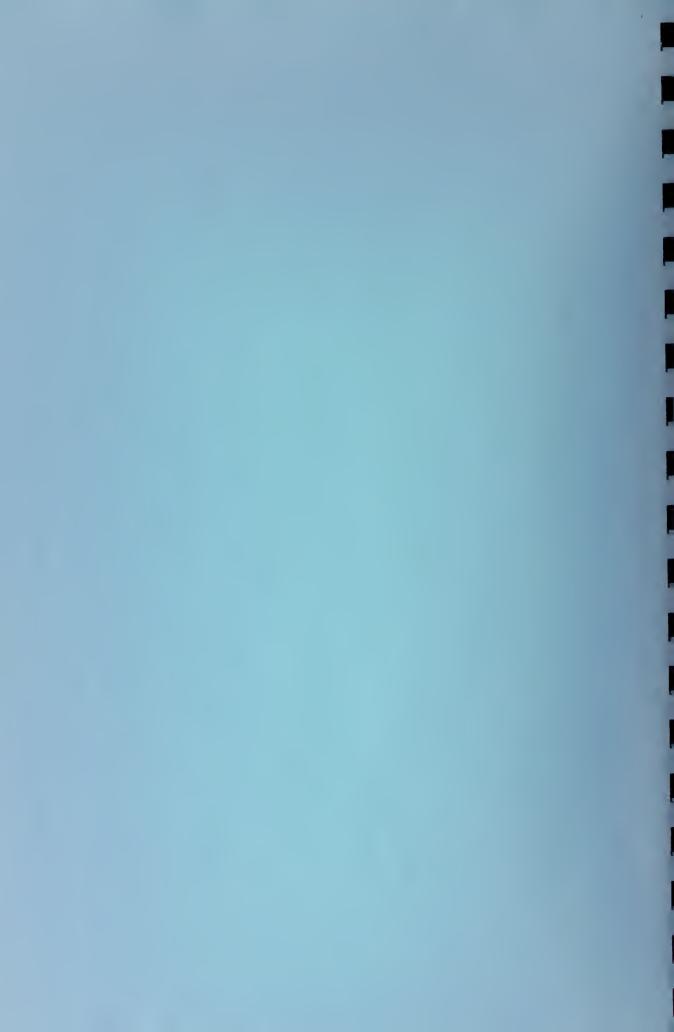
	SKILLS		Le ¹	vels	i IV
	alance Beam				
•	• Mounts		1		
	a. from two feet	1			
	i. front support mount	*			
	ii. knee scale mount	*			
	iii. squat mount			*	
	iv. wolf mount		*		
	v. straddle mount		*		
	vi. clear straddle support mount			*	_
	vii. single leg squat through			*	
	viii. stoop through to a clear V support				*
	ix. forward roll mount				*
	b. from one foot				
	i. scissor mount			*	
	ii. step-on mount			*	
	iii. jump with a half-turn mount				*
	iv. thief mount				*
2	. Locomotor movements				
	a. walking				
	i. forward	*			
	ii. backward	*			
	b. dipping steps	*			
	c. running forward		*		
	d. running backwards		*		
3	. Leaps, jumps and hops				
	a. quick two-foot jumps	*			
	b. changement		*		
	c. cissone			*	
	d. tuck jump		*		
	e. scissor leap			*	
	f. split leap				*
	g. pas de chats			*	
	Turns				
	a. pivot turn	*			
	b. squat turn		*		
	c. lunge turn			*	
	d. cross straddle seat turn				*
	e. knee scale turn			-	*
	f. tip toe turn			*	
	g. pirouette			*	
c	Balances and poses				
	a. low balances				-
			*		
	i. V supportii. stag seat		*		
	iii. knee scale	*			
		*			-
	iv. squat on one leg	*			-
	v. ballet point		*	-	
	vi. forward lunge	-	*		-
	vii. sideward lunge			-	

WOMI	EN'S	ARTISTIC GYMNASTICS	1			
		SKILLS	1		els	
					111	IV
		viii. front split				*
		ix. lateral split				*
		b. high balances	1			
		i. arabesque			*	
		ii. needle scale			*	
		iii. one leg balances			*	
		iv. headstand				*
		v. cross handstand				*
		vi. side handstand				*
	6.	Tumbling				
		a. forward roll	*			
		b. swing forward roll			*	
		c. free forward roll	ļ			*
		d. backward roll		*		
		e. backward roll to handstand				*
		f. cartwheel				*
		g. front walkover				*
	_	h. back walkover				*
	7.	Dismounts				
		a. jump-offs	*			
		i. arch jump-offs	*	*		
		ii. straddle jump-offs		*	*	
		iii. pike jump-offs	*	1	*	
		b. cross support dismount	*		*	
		c. round-off dismount				*
		d. walk-over dismount				*
		e. handstand straddle-off dismount f. cartwheel quarter turn outward dismount				
		1. Cartwheel quarter turn outward dismodnic				
в.	Ilner	ven Bars				
μ.		Grips				
	•	a. regular	*			
		b. reverse	*			
		c. mixed	*			
	2.	Positions				
		a. front support	*			
		b. rear support	*			
		c. front lying position	*			
		d. rear lying position	*			
		e. long hang	*			
		f. pike hang	*			
	3.	Mounts				
		a. straight arm support mount	*			
		b. back hip pullover mount	*			
		c. beat swing to shoot over low bar mount		*		
		d. single-leg swing-up mount			*	
		e. double-leg stemrise mount			*	
		f. glide kip mount			*	
		g. glide kip double-leg stoop through mount				*
			I			

WOMEN'S ARTISTIC GYMNASTICS

	SKILLS		Let	vels	
			1		
					١,
	h. front hip circle mount				
	i. vault mounts			-	
	Circling and turning movements				
	a. backward hip circle		-	*	
	b. forward hip circle			*	
	c. single-knee swing up			*	
	d. single-knee circle backward		*		-
	e. seat circle backward				
	f. seat circle forward		ļ		ļ
	Swinging movements				
	a. cast			*	
	b. cast from HB to long hang			*	
	c. flying hip circle				
	Kipping movements				
	a. double-leg stemrise		*		
	b. single-leg stemrise		*		
	c. short kip from LB to HB			*	
	d. glide kip				
	e. drop kip				
7.	Dismounts				
	a. cast off from front support	*			
	b. single leg flank quarter-turn		*		
	c. shut off from rear support	*			
	d. penny drop			*	
	e. underswing dismount from low bar				
	f. vault dismounts				
C. Vaul	ting Flank vault				
	Front vault		*		-
	Rear vault		*		
	Thief vault			*	-
-	Squat vault	*			-
	Stoop vault			*	-
			*		-
	Straddle vault			*	
	Headspring				-
	Layout-squat				-
	Layout-straddle		 		-
11.	Handspring		 		-
n m3	r Exercise				
	Tumbling	*			
	a. forward roll		*		-
	b. forward straddle roll	*	-		-
	c. backward roll	*	-		-
	d. backward straddle roll	*			-
	e. headspring		*		-
	f. handstand		-	*	-
	g. backroll extension		-		-

WOMEN'S ARTISTIC GYMNASTICS				
SKILLS			els	157
		11	111	IV
h. cartwheel		*		
i. round-off			*	
j. front walkover				*
k. back walkover				*
1. handspring				*
m. valdez				*
n. back handspring				*
o. round-off backhandspring				*
2. Dance elements				
a. chasse		*		ł
b. waltz step		*		
c. arabesque hop		*		
d. scissors leap		*		
e. split leap			*	
f. cissone			*	
g. tour jete			*	
h. body wave		*		
i. one-foot turns		*		
E. Rules	*			
F. Etiquette	*			
G. Officiating			*	
H. Terminology		*		ŀ
I. History		*		
				1



ARCHERY

A. Basic Skills 1. Eye dominance 2. Labeling archery tackle 3. Selection of equipment a. bow b. arrow c. finger tab and glove d. arm guard e. quiver 4. Stringing the bow a. step-through method 5. Unstringing the bow a. step-through method 6. Placement of quiver with arrows 7. Wearing of finger tab 8. Wearing of arm guard 9. Retrieving arrows B. Shooting Skills 1. Stance 2. Bow hold 3. Nocking the arrow 4. Set hook 5. Raise unit 6. Draw 7. The anchor a. primary anchor b. secondary anchor Aiming a. instinctive b. point of aim c. gap methods d. bow sights * * * * * * * * * * * * *
1. Eye dominance 2. Labeling archery tackle 3. Selection of equipment a. bow b. arrow c. finger tab and glove d. arm guard e. quiver 4. Stringing the bow a. step-through method 5. Unstringing the bow a. step-through method 6. Placement of quiver with arrows 7. Wearing of finger tab 8. Wearing of arm guard 9. Retrieving arrows 4. Stance 2. Bow hold 3. Nocking the arrow 4. Set hook 5. Raise unit 6. Draw 7. The anchor a. primary anchor b. secondary anchor b. secondary anchor 8. Aiming a. instinctive b. point of aim c. gap methods d. bow sights * * * * * * * * * * * * *
2. Labeling archery tackle 3. Selection of equipment a. bow b. arrow c. finger tab and glove d. arm guard e. quiver 4. Stringing the bow a. step-through method 5. Unstringing the bow a. step-through method 6. Placement of quiver with arrows 7. Wearing of finger tab 8. Wearing of arm guard 9. Retrieving arrows B. Shooting Skills 1. Stance 2. Bow hold 3. Nocking the arrow 4. Set hook 5. Raise unit 6. Draw 7. The anchor a. primary anchor b. secondary anchor 8. Aiming a. instinctive b. point of aim c. gap methods d. bow sights * * * * * * * * * * * * *
a. bow b. arrow c. finger tab and glove d. arm guard e. quiver 4. Stringing the bow a. step-through method 5. Unstringing the bow a. step-through method 6. Placement of quiver with arrows 7. Wearing of finger tab 8. Wearing of arm guard 9. Retrieving arrows * B. Shooting Skills 1. Stance 2. Bow hold 3. Nocking the arrow 4. Set hook 5. Raise unit 6. Draw 7. The anchor a. primary anchor b. secondary anchor b. secondary anchor 8. Aiming a. instinctive b. point of aim c. gap methods d. bow sights
a. bow b. arrow c. finger tab and glove d. arm guard e. quiver 4. Stringing the bow a. step-through method 5. Unstringing the bow a. step-through method 6. Placement of quiver with arrows 7. Wearing of finger tab 8. Wearing of arm guard 9. Retrieving arrows * B. Shooting Skills 1. Stance 2. Bow hold 3. Nocking the arrow 4. Set hook 5. Raise unit 6. Draw 7. The anchor a. primary anchor b. secondary anchor b. secondary anchor 8. Aiming a. instinctive b. point of aim c. gap methods d. bow sights
b. arrow c. finger tab and glove d. arm guard e. quiver d. Stringing the bow d. arm guard d. step-through method d. step-through m
C. finger tab and glove d. arm guard e. quiver 4. Stringing the bow a. step-through method 5. Unstringing the bow a. step-through method 6. Placement of quiver with arrows 7. Wearing of finger tab 8. Wearing of arm guard 9. Retrieving arrows * B. Shooting Skills 1. Stance 2. Bow hold 3. Nocking the arrow 4. Set hook 5. Raise unit 6. Draw 7. The anchor a. primary anchor b. secondary anchor 8. Aiming a. instinctive b. point of aim C. gap methods d. bow sights * * * * * * * * * * * * *
d. arm guard e. guiver
e. quiver 4. Stringing the bow
4. Stringing the bow
a. step-through method
5. Unstringing the bow
a. step-through method
6. Placement of quiver with arrows 7. Wearing of finger tab 8. Wearing of arm guard 9. Retrieving arrows * B. Shooting Skills 1. Stance 2. Bow hold 3. Nocking the arrow 4. Set hook 5. Raise unit 6. Draw 7. The anchor a. primary anchor b. secondary anchor 8. Aiming a. instinctive b. point of aim c. gap methods d. bow sights * * * * * * * * * * * * *
7. Wearing of finger tab 8. Wearing of arm guard 9. Retrieving arrows * B. Shooting Skills 1. Stance 2. Bow hold 3. Nocking the arrow 4. Set hook 5. Raise unit 6. Draw 7. The anchor a. primary anchor b. secondary anchor 8. Aiming a. instinctive b. point of aim c. gap methods d. bow sights * * * * * * * * * * * * *
8. Wearing of arm guard 9. Retrieving arrows * B. Shooting Skills 1. Stance 2. Bow hold 3. Nocking the arrow 4. Set hook 5. Raise unit 6. Draw 7. The anchor a. primary anchor b. secondary anchor 8. Aiming a. instinctive b. point of aim c. gap methods d. bow sights * * * * * * * * * * * * *
9. Retrieving arrows
B. Shooting Skills 1. Stance 2. Bow hold 3. Nocking the arrow 4. Set hook 5. Raise unit 6. Draw 7. The anchor a. primary anchor b. secondary anchor 8. Aiming a. instinctive b. point of aim c. gap methods d. bow sights * * * * * * * * * * * * *
1. Stance
1. Stance
2. Bow hold
3. Nocking the arrow
4. Set hook
5. Raise unit
6. Draw
7. The anchor a. primary anchor b. secondary anchor 8. Aiming a. instinctive b. point of aim c. gap methods d. bow sights *
a. primary anchor b. secondary anchor 8. Aiming a. instinctive b. point of aim c. gap methods d. bow sights * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
b. secondary anchor
8. Aiming a. instinctive b. point of aim c. gap methods d. bow sights *
a. instinctive
b. point of aim c. gap methods d. bow sights *
c. gap methods d. bow sights *
d. bow sights *
9. Release *
10. Follow-through *
C. Safety Rules *
D. Scoring *
F Archery
E. Archery *
F Archery Terms
F. Archery Terms *
C Care of Equipment
G. Care of Equipment *

CRO	ss-c	OINTRY RINNING				
		SKILLS		Lev		
		SKILLS	- 1	11	111	IV
Α.	Bac	ic Techniques of Running				
А.		Head position	*			
	2.	Body-lean	*			
	3.	Leg and footwalk				
		a. length of stride	*			
		b. leg lift	*			
	4.	Arm action				
		a. relaxation	*			
		b. rhythm	*			
	5.	Breathing control	*			
	_	Pacing	ying ying ywer aster * * * * * * * * * * * * *			
	7.	Various terrain			* * * * * *	
		a. flat	*			
		b. uphill	*			
		c. downhill	*			
В.	Tra	ining Methods				
	1.	Speed and distance varying				
		a. overdistance but slower				
		b. underdistance but faster		*		
		c. pace work			*	
	2.	Hill running				
		a. sustained hills			*	
		b. moderate hills		*		
		c. steep hills			*	
	3.	Strength training				
		a. weights				
		b. circuit training				
		c. stair running		*		
		d. snow or sand running				
		e. exercise bicycle			*	
	4.	Fartlek training				
		a. for recovery purposes				
		b. for developing aerobic capacity		*		
		c. hill fartlek				
		d. sprint fartlek				
		e. stride-outs				
		f. speed play			*	
	5.	Interval training				
		a. types				
		i. distance intervals				
		ii. speed intervals				
		iii. recovery intervals				
		b. number of intervals				
		c. safety problems				
	6.	Parlauf		*		
						1

CROSS-COUNTRY RUNNING

CROSS-COUNTRY RUNNING SKILLS	1	Lev	els	IV
C. Cross-Country Strategy 1. Individual strategy	*			
a. the start b. pacing				
i. time ii. placing		*		
c. the finish		*		
2. Team strategy	·			
a. the start			*	
b. rabbit running				*
c. pack running			*	
d. pair running			*	
D. Rules	*			
E. Officiating			*	
F. Terminology	*			
G. History	*			

FIVE-PIN BOWLING				
SKILLS		Lev	/els	
SKILLS	1	11	111	IV
A. Basic Skills				
1. Grip	*			
2. Stance	*	-		
3. Approach				
a. three-step	*			
4. Aiming				
a. pin bowling	*			
b. spot bowling	*			
5. Delivery				
a. straight ball	*			
b. back-up ball	*	*		
6. Follow-through	*			
P. Como Chushom				
B. Game Strategy 1. Making strikes				
a. left pocket			*	
b. right pocket	*	 		
2. Making spares		 		
a. handling corner pins	*			
b. groups of pins	*			
c. splits		-	*	
C. Scoring	*			
D. Rules	*			
E. Terminology	*			
F. History	*			

GOLF

		SKILLS		Lev		IV
Α.	Bas	ic Skills				
		* ~	*			
			*			
1. Selection a. clubs b. balls c. bags d. carts e. shoes f. glove 2. Swing a. grip i. o ii. i iii. b. b. stance i. s ii. o iii. c c. addres d. backsw e. forwar f. contac g. follow 3. Short iro a. puttin b. wedge c. pitch d. chippi e. approa 4. Long iron a. 1 thro 5. Woods a. driver b. fairwa B. Game Skills 1. Reading g 2. Bunker sh 3. Hills a. uphill b. downhi 4. Shots fro 5. Trees a. shooti b. shooti 6. Wind a. from t b. from t		*				
	Contact Cont					
			*			
			*			
	A. Basic Skills 1. Selection and equipment care a. clubs b. balls c. bags d. carts e. shoes f. qlove 2. Swing a. grip i. overlap ii. interlock iii. baseball b. stance i. square ii. open iii. closed c. addressing the ball d. backswing e. forward swing f. contact g. follow-through 3. Short irons a. putting b. wedge shots c. pitch shots d. chipping e. approach shots 4. Long irons a. 1 through 6 irons 5. Woods a. driver b. fairway woods B. Game Skills 1. Reading greens 2. Bunker shots 3. Hills a. uphill lie b. downhill lie b. downhill lie b. downhill lie b. downhill lie b. downhill lie b. downhill lie b. downhill lie b. downhill lie b. downhill lie b. shooting under b. shooting under b. shooting under c. wind a. from the side b. from the back * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *					
A. Basic Skills 1. Selection and equipment care a. clubs b. balls c. bags d. carts e. shoes f. glove 2. Swing a. grip i. overlap ii. interlock iii. baseball b. stance i. square ii. open iii. closed c. addressing the ball d. backswing e. forward swing f. contact g. follow-through 3. Short irons a. putting b. wedge shots c. pitch shots d. chipping e. approach shots 4. Long irons a. 1 through 6 irons 5. Woods a. driver b. fairway woods B. Game Skills 1. Reading greens 2. Bunker shots 3. Hills a. uphill lie b. downhill lie 4. Shots from the rough 5. Trees a. shooting over b. shooting under 6. Wind a. from the side b. from the back						
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	3.					
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			*			
f. contact g. follow-through 3. Short irons a. putting b. wedge shots c. pitch shots d. chipping e. approach shots 4. Long irons a. 1 through 6 irons	*					
			*	-	-	
	Λ.		-			
	4.		*			
b. balls						
	٥.	iii. baseball * stance * ii. open * iii. closed * addressing the ball * backswing * forward swing * contact * follow-through * ort irons * putting * wedge shots * pitch shots * chipping * approach shots * ng irons * 1 through 6 irons * ods * driver * fairway woods * kills ading greens nker shots * lls uphill lie				
			* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *			
		D. Tallway woods	 			
12	Cam	e Chille				
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	Δ.			-	*	_
						-
a. driver b. fairway woods B. Game Skills 1. Reading greens 2. Bunker shots 3. Hills a. uphill lie b. downhill lie 4. Shots from the rough 5. Trees a. shooting over b. shooting under				*		
			1			
e. approach shots 4. Long irons a. 1 through 6 irons 5. Woods a. driver b. fairway woods B. Game Skills 1. Reading greens 2. Bunker shots 3. Hills a. uphill lie b. downhill lie b. downhill lie 4. Shots from the rough 5. Trees a. shooting over b. shooting under 6. Wind	-					
	A. Basic Skills 1. Selection and equipment care					
1. Selecti a. club b. ball c. bags d. cart e. shoe f. glov 2. Swing a. grip ii. iii. iii. b. stan i. iii. iii. c. addr d. back e. forw f. cont g. foll 3. Short i a. putt b. wedg c. pitc d. chip e. appr 4. Long ir a. 1 th 5. Woods a. driv b. fair B. Game Skills 1. Reading 2. Bunker 3. Hills a. uphi b. dowr 4. Shots f 5. Trees a. shoo b. shoo 6. Wind a. from b. from		+			-	
				-		
		C. IIOM CHE IIOM				-

GOL	7				
	SKILLS			els	
			11	111	IV
C.	Types of Competition 1. Match play 2. Stroke play 3. Medal play 4. Two-ball foursome	* * * *			
D.	Scoring	*			
E.	Rules	*			
F.	Etiquette	*			
G.	Terminology	*			
н.	History	*			

I EW	-PIN BOWLING SKILLS				
		ı	11	III	IV
Α.	Basic Skills 1. Grip 2. Stance	*			
	3. Approach a. four-step	*			
	b. five-step 4. Aiming a. pin bowling	*			
	b. spot bowling5. Delivery	*			
	a. straight ball b. hook ball c. curve ball	*	*		
в.	d. backup ball Game Strategy			*	
ъ.	 Making strikes Making spares 	*			
	a. left centre group b. far left group c. right centre group	* *			
	d. far right group e. splits	*		*	
<u>c.</u>	Scoring	*			
D.	Rules	*			
	Etiquette	*			
F. G.	Terminology History	*			

TRA	CK A	ND FIELD				
		SKILLS			vels	
		OKIELO	1		111	IV
Α.	Dun	ning				
Α.		Sprints to middle distances				
	١.	a. starts				
		i. commands	*	ŀ		
		ii. elongated start		*		
		iii. bunch start	*			
		iv. standing	*			
		v. use of blocks	*			
		b. running form				
		i. body angle	*			
		ii. head position	*			
		iii. arm action	*			
		iv. leg action	*			
		v. stride length	*			
		c. pacing		*		
		d. finish		*		
		e. training techniques			*	
	2.	Hurdles				
		a. start	*			
		b. hurdling form				
		i. approval	*			
		ii. clearance	*			
		iii. sprinting between hurdles	*			
	3.	Relays				
		a. baton passes				
		i. non-visual				
		- palm up		*		
		- palm down		#:		
		ii. visual				
		- palm up	*			
		iii. passing zones	*			
В.	Jum	ping				
		Long jump				
		a. approach run	*			
		b. gather	*			
		c. take-off	*			
		d. flight				
		i. tuck	*			
		ii. hang			*	
		iii. hitch kick	*			
		e. landing	*			
	*2.	Triple jump				
		a. approach run	*			
		b. gather	*			
		c. take-off	*			
		d. hop	*			
		e. step	*			
		f. jump	*			

TRACK AND FIELD

	SKILLS	ı	Lev	els	IV
g. f	light				
_	i. tuck	*			
	ii. hangs				*
	ii. hitch kick				*
	anding	*			
3. High					
a. T	echniques				
	i. scissor jump	*			
_	ii. western roll		*		
	ii. straddle roll		*		
	iv. fosbury flop		*		
	pproach		*		
	ather		*		
	ake-off and jump		*		
	anding		*		
	vault				
<u>a.</u> g			*		
	arrying the pole		*		
	lant		*		
	wing		*		
<u>e. r</u>			*		
f. v	aulting				
_	i. no crossbar		*		
	ii. supported vaulting			*	
_	ii. full vault				*
g. b	ar clearance			*	
C. Throwing					
1. Shot					
a. g		*			
b. s	tarting position				
	i. front of circle	*			
	ii. back of circle		*		
c. p	putting				
	i. standing put	*			
	ii. glide across the circle put		*		
	elease	*			
	ecovery	*			
2. Disc					
a. g		*			
	tanding throw				
	i. stance	*			
	ii. preliminary swings	*			
-	ii. release	*			
	iv. follow-through	*			
	v. recovery	*			
c. f	ull turn throw				
-	i. stance		*		
	ii. preliminary swings		*		

TRACK AND FIELD				
SKILLS			els	
ONIZEO	1	11	111	IV
iii. turn		*		
iv. release		*		
v. recovery		*		
3. Javelin	*			
a. grip	*			
b. carry position c. approach				
i. one step	*			
ii. slow walk	*			
iii. full		*		
d. throw	*			
e. follow-through	*			
f. recovery		*		
D. Safety	*			
E. Rules	*			
E. Rules				
F. Officiating			*	
G. Terminology	*			
H. History	*			
*Research indicates that triple jump is not a safe activity for women.				

WEIGHTLIFTING

		IFTING SKILLS		Lev	els	IV
7\	Pag	ina				
Α.	_		*			
	-		*			
			*			
			*			
			*			
			*			
В.	Oly	mpic Lifts				
	1.	Snatch				
		a. grip	*			
		b. squat-style snatch	*			
		c. split-style snatch	*			
	2.	Clean and jerk				
		a. grip	*			
			*	Levels		
	3.					
				 		
						
			-		-	
			-	*		
	4.					
				1		
			-			_
						-
		d. presses benind the neck	-	-		
C.	Pow	erlifts				
			*			
	_		*			
			*			
	A. Basics 1. Warm-up 2. Strengthening legs 3. Strengthening chest 5. Strengthening shoulders 6. Strengthening arms 3. Olympic Lifts 1. Snatch a. grip b. squat-style snatch c. split-style snatch c. split-style snatch 2. Clean and jerk a. grip b. clean portion of lift c. jerk portion of lift c. jerk portion of lift c. jerk portion of lift 3. Training lifts for snatch a. power snatches b. snatch pulls c. overhead squats d. hang snatches 4. Training lifts for clean a. clean pulls b. jerk from the rack c. military press d. presses behind the nec C. Powerlifts 1. Squat 2. Bench press 3. Deadlift 4. Exercises for squat a. front squats b. leg extensions c. leg curls d. leg presses 5. Exercises for bench press a. inclined bench presses b. dumbell bench presses c. dips d. triceps extension 6. Exercises for deadlift a. bent-over rowing					
				*		
				*		
				*		
				*		
	5.					
		a. inclined bench presses		*		
				*		
				*		
				*		
	6.					
				*		
		b. stiff-legged deadlifts				
				*		
			## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##			

WEIGHTLIFTING				
SKILLS			els	
SKILLS	1	II	111	IV
D. Competitions 1. Weight classes 2. Scoring 3. Lifting order 4. Judging			* * * * * *	
E. Terminology	*			
B. Ichilliology				
F. History	*			
			'	

WRESTLING

	SKILLS			vels	
	ONEE	1	11	111	11
A.	Basic Exercises				
	1. Individual				
	a. front bridge	*			
	b. wrestler's bridge	*			
	c. forward belly-roll	*			
	d. bear crawl	*			
	e. alternate hand touches	*			
	f. push-ups	*			
	g. hurdler's stretch	*			
	h. shoulder roll	*			
	i. front roll	*			
	j. alternate toe touches	*			
	k. sit-ups	*			
	l. vertical sits	*			_
	m. horizontal dips	*			
	n. stride jumps	*			
	o. military crawl	*			
	p. cartwheels	*			
		*			
		1			
			*		
		+	*		-
		+	*		-
		+	*		-
		retrical sit-ups extrical sit-ups everse grip lift-overs t-ups on partner's back ip flops ack to back squats full into wrestler's bridge with extract's help for person pull-ups * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	-		
	q. giant stride Partner a. vertical sit-ups b. reverse grip lift-overs c. sit-ups on partner's back d. flip flops e. back to back squats f. fall into wrestler's bridge with partner's help g. two person pull-ups h. three point bridging i. partner squats j. partner squats				
		+			-
		+	-	-	-
		 	+		-
		-	*		-
			*		
	k. wall dips	+	*		├
	1. walk the wall	+	-		-
	Daniel Deskilou be Die				
	Prone Position to Pin	*			
	1. Half nelson 2. Chicken wing	+-	+		
		*	-	-	-
		*	-		-
	4. Reverse half nelson	+			
	5. Open the man up				4
	6. Power half nelson	*	-		- *
	7. Arm bar - outside crotch	 	-	+	*
	8. Ankle cross	-	-		-
0	Defended Decition				
	Referee's Position	*			
	1. Top	+ *		-	-
	2. Bottom		-	-	-

WRESTLING							
SKILLS							
SKILLS	1	11	111	IV			
D. Breakdowns							
1. Waistlock - near elbow	*						
2. Far arm - near knee	*	*					
3. Headlever	*						
4. Far ankle - far knee	*						
5. Double lock on far ankle	*		*				
6. Pancake	-	 	× -				
E. Scoring System	*	 					
		1					
F. Counters to Breakdowns							
1. Rock of Gibralter position	*						
2. Head up	*						
3. vs half nelson							
a. clear head	*	ļ	ļ				
b. lock-up and away	*						
c. elbow pressure	*						
4. vs chicken wing							
a. elbow pressure		*					
5. Winglocks							
a. near side		*					
b. far side		*					
c. double winglock		*					
G. Stances							
1. Square	*						
2. Staggered	*	ļ					
H. Takedowns							
1. Single leg pickup	*	ļ					
2. Single leg with leg hook		*	ļ				
3. Double leg				,			
a. to the side	*						
b. straight back	*	ļ					
c. spin behind	1	*					
4. Duck under							
a. takedown from behind		*					
I. Counters to Takedowns							
1. Sprawl	*						
2. Head control	*						
3. Cross face		*					
4. Crotch lift				*			
5. Head and arm				*			
J. Safety and Illegal Holds	*						
K. Officiating Techniques		*					

WRESTLING Levels SKILLS II | III | IV 1 | L. Rules * M. Terminology * N. History

SKII I S				Levels				
	SKILLS			11	III	IV		
Α.	Basic Skill	s						
	1. Balance	*						
	2. Coordin		*					
		r strength & endurance	*					
		respiratory fitness	*	-				
	5. Timing		*			-		
в.	Individual	Skills						
	1. Beginne							
		oment selection						
		poles	*					
		skis	*					
		boots	*					
		outerwear	*					
	b. fund	amental skills						
	i.	falling						
		- to side	*					
		- forward	*					
	ii.	rising from fall						
		- on flat surface	*					
		- on hill	*					
		- herringbone rise		*				
	iii.	climbing						
		- side step	*					
		- diagonal side step		*				
		- herringbone step		*				
	iv.	step turn						
		- on flat surface	*					
		- on incline	*					
		- starting on a slope	*					
	v.	straight running						
		- balance	*					
	vi.	snow plow						
		- straight line	*					
		- plow-run-plow	*	-				
		- turning	*					
		glide christie	*			_		
		elementary christie		*		_		
	ix.	basic parallel						
		- wide track		*				
	2. Interme			*				
	a. trave			-				
		slipping	4	*				
		straight		*				
		diagonal						
	c. chris			*				
		pivoting		*		-		
		edging		*				
	111.	pressure		-				

ALPINE SKIING (Downhill)						
SKILLS		Lev 	rels	IV		
a way in the simultaneous les matetion			*			
d. unweighting to simultaneous leg rotation e. skiing moguls						
i. leading surface			*			
ii. top surface			*			
3. Advanced						
a. christies						
i. edge control			*			
ii. pivoting control			*			
iii. pressure control			*			
b. dynamic parallel c. short radius christies				*		
i. slalom				*		
d. step turns						
i. skating steps				*		
ii. parallel steps				*		
e. moguls						
i. short radius (troughs)				*		
f. ice skiing				*		
g. powder skiing				*		
4. Lift riding						
a. chair	*					
b. rope c. t-bar	*					
d. poma	*					
CV POINT						
C. Competitive Forms						
1. Downhill				*		
2. Slalom				*		
3. Giant slalom				*		
4. Freestyle				*		
D. This much to	*					
D. Etiquette						
E. Terminology	*					
F. History	*					
				- 1		
				- 1		
)				

BACKPACKING/HIKING

		SKILLS			Levels			
2	7	in Chille						
Α.		ic Skills						
	1 •	Conditioning						
		a. feet and legs	*					
		i. rhythmic stride	*		-			
		- flat	*	-		-		
		- uphill	*			-		
		- downhill	*		*			
	2	b. with weighted pack				-		
	2.	Health and safety	*					
		a. familiar ground	-	-	-	-		
		b. finding your way	*					
		i. trails	-	*		-		
		ii. maps		*		-		
		iii. compass		*		-		
		iv. marking trails		-				
		c. avoiding danger	*					
		i. falls	*			-		
		ii. apparent shortcuts	*			-		
		iii. steep slopes	*			-		
		iv. snow and ice	*	-	-	-		
		v. fire vi. wild animals	*		-	-		
			*			-		
		vii. poisonous plants	*			-		
		viii. insects	*		-	-		
		d. first aid		-				
в.	Fau	ipment						
٠.	1.	_						
		a. upper	*					
		b. sole	*		-	-		
		c. shank	*					
		d. weight	*					
		e. fit	*			-		
		f. care and breaking in	*					
	2.	Stockings	*					
	3.	Clothing						
	٥.	a. underwear	*					
		b. second layer	*					
		c. third layer	*			-		
		d. fourth layer	*					
		e. fifth layer	*					
		f. hats	*					
		g. rainwear	*					
	4.	Bedding						
	4.	a. sleeping bags	*					
		b. ground cover		*				
		Dr ground cover						

BACKPACKING/HIKING					
SKILLS		Levels			
SKILLS	1	11		IV	
5. Shelter					
a. cabins	*				
b. tents	*				
c. tarps		*			
d. lean-to 6. The pack					
6. The pack a. knapsack	*				
b. rucksack	*				
c. packboard	*				
d. contour frame	*				
e. internal frame	*				
C. Packing					
1. "Taking your home with you"	*		*		
2. Balancing the load					
a. high-riding load	*				
b. low-riding load	*				
3. Adjusting the straps	*				
D. Carrying					
1. Comfort	*				
2. "Stop point"	*	*			
3. Resting					
79					
E. Walking					
 Personally suited posture a. forward lean 	*				
b. straight up	*				
2. Speed	*				
3. Varied terrain	*				
4. Regular rest period	*				
5. Warning indicators	*				
6. "Racing"	*				
F. Games and Other Things to Do					
1. Orienteering		*			
 Nature photography or sketching Wildlife photography or sketching Reading signs 		*			
3. Wildlife photography or sketching		*			
4. Reading signs			*		
5. "Hunting"				*	
G. Etiquette	*				
M. Mary Land					
H. Terminology	*				
I. History	*				

CAMPING

	SKILLS			Levels			
1		Selecting a Site	*				
		Level ground	*				
		High, dry ground	*				
		Water source	*				
		• Wood supply	*				
		Insects	*				
	6	Sheltered ground	*				
		a. wind	*				
		b. rain and snow			-		
1		Camp Procedures	*				
	1	Gather wood	*				
	2	Building a fire	*		-		
	3	Building a fire Set up sleeping area Set up shelter	*				
	4		*				
		a. tent	*		ļ		
		b. tarp		*			
	_	c. lean-to			*		
	5	Unpacking the pack Sanitation	*				
	6					1	
1		a. human waste					
		i. burying	*				
		b. garbage					
		i. burning	*				
		ii. carrying it out	*				
	7	Food cache	*				
	8	B. Breaking camp					
		a. putting out the fire	*				
		b. packing gear	*				
		c. cleaning the site	*				
	C. E	Ctiquette	*				
	D. 1	Perminology Property of the Pr	*				
	E. H	listory	*				

CANOFING Levels SKILLS		els	IV	
	•			
A. Canoe Profiles				
1. Bottom				į
a. flat	*			
b. round	*			
2. Tumblehome	*			
3. Keels				
a. standard	*			
b. lake	*			
c. shoe	*			
4. Bows and sterns				
a. narrow	*			
b. full	*			
c. rockered	*			
d. flat	*			
5. Construction				
a. wood and canvas	*			
b. fiberglass	*			
c. aluminum	*			
d. keular	*			
6. Paddles				
a. beavertail blade	*			
b. racing blade	*			
c. voyageur blade	*			
d. Indian river blade	*			
B. Launching a Canoe				
1. Carrying a canoe				
a. single carry	*			
b. multiple carry	*			
2. Launching				
a. shoreline				
i. single	*			
ii. two person	*			
b. dock				
i. single	*			
ii. two person	*			
C. Entering a Canoe				
1. From shoreline				
a. single	*			
b. double	*			
2. From dock				
a. single	*			
b. double	*			
D. Paddling Positions				
1. Standing				*
2. Sitting	*			

	SKILLS	Levels			
	SKILLO	1	11	III	1
	3. Kneeling				
	a. both knees	*			
	b. one knee			*	
	4. Squatting	*			
	5. Tandem paddling positions				
	a. calm water	*			
	b. rough weather		*		
	c. white water				,
	6. Changing positions		*		
E.	Strokes				
	1. Stop or jam stroke	*			
	2. Bow stroke	*	-		-
	3. J stroke	*			
	4. Draw stroke		*		
	5. Crossbow draw			*	
	6. Stern sweep			*	
	7. Reverse sweep		*		
	8. Pushaway			*	
	9. Canadian stroke			*	
	10. Backwater stroke			*	
	1. Quartering 2. Canoe catamaran 3. Turning			* *	
	5. Idining				-
G.	Portaging				
	1. Paddle lashing	*			
	2. Teepee or ranger lift		*		
	3. Solo lift		*		
	4. Two person carry	*			
	5. Tracking or lining			*	
н.	Safety Manoeuvres				
	1. Jumping out of a canoe				
	a. singles	*			
	b. doubles	*			
	2. Entering an upright canoe				
	a. singles	*			
	b. doubles	*			
	3. Swamped canoe				
	a. emptying from shoreline		*		
	b. emptying from dock		*		
	c. boarding		*		
	d. hand paddling		*		
	e. t-rescue			*	

CANOEING				
SKILLS	1	Lev II	els 	IV
I. Types of Canoeing 1. Lake 2. River	*			*
3. White water				-
J. Safety	*			
K. Terminology	*			
L. History	*			
M. Care of Equipment	*			
				l

CYCLING

	SKILLS		Levels			
		1	11	III	IV	
Α.	Checking a Bicycle's Condition					
	1. Wheels and tires	*				
	2. Spokes	*				
	3. Hubs	*				
	4. Brakes	*				
	5. Gears	*				
	6. Frame	*				
	7. Fenders	*				
	8. Chain wheel and bottom bracket	*				
	9. Pedals	*				
	10. Handlebars and saddle	*				
в.	Riding Basics ·					
	1. Pedaling		1			
	a. ankling	*				
	b. cadence	*				
	2. Changing gears					
	a. three-speed hub	*				
	b. derailleurs	*				
	3. Gripping handlebars					
	a. riding on the flat	*				
	b. uphill riding	*				
	c. downhill riding	*				
	d. riding into a head wind	*				
C.	1					
	1. Necessary supplies	*				
	2. Loading supplies		*			
	3. Riding a loaded bicycle		*			
	4. Group riding techniques		*		-	
	5. Roadside repairs		*			
D.	Cycle Racing					
	1. Time trial racing		*			
	2. Track racing		*			
	3. Road racing			*		
	4. Cyclo-cross racing			*		
E.	Safety					
	1. Legal aspects			-		
	2. Clothing					
	a. colors	*			-	
	b. warmth	*				
	3. Rainy weather	*				
	4. Snowy weather	*				
	5. Bridges	*				
	6. City	*				
	7. Country	*				
	8. Carrying passengers	*				

CYCLING Levels SKILLS 1 11 | 111 IV F. Terminology * G. History

	SKILLS			els	1 1
			- 11	111	-
A. Care	e and Selection of Equipment				
1.		*			
2.		*		-	-
3.		*			-
4.		*			-
	Poles	*			-
	Clothing	*			
	ic Skills				
1.					
	a. no poles	*			<u> </u>
	b. poles	*			_
	Falling and rising	*			_
3.	Kick turn	*			-
:					
	lls for Variety of Terrain				
1.		*			
	a. diagonal stride	*	*		-
	b. three-step diagonal stride		-		├-
	c. four-step diagonal stride		*		-
	d. double pole				
	i. one-step double pole		*		-
	ii. two-step double pole		*		-
2.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	a. diagonal stride	*			-
	b. side step	*			-
	c. traversing	*			-
	d. herringbone	*			
	e. tight diagonal			*	L
3.	Downhill terrain				
	a. straight run	*			-
	b. straight run over bumps and hollows	*			
	c. snowplough				
	i. turn	*			-
	ii. braking	*			-
	d. turns				
	i. step turn	*			-
	ii. kick turn	*			-
	iii. skate turn		*		-
	iv. telemark turn		*	*	
	v. skid turn		*		-
D. Wax	ing				
1.	Preparing the ski	*			
2.	Base wax	*			
3.		*			
4.		*			
5.	Glide zone	*			
6.	Waxless skiing	*			

NORDIC SKIING (Cross-Country)				
SKILLS			els	
	1	11	III	IV
	*			
E. Etiquette				
F. Touring Safety	*			
C. Horminology	*			
G. Terminology	<u> </u>			
H. History	*			

ORIENTEERING Levels SKILLS 1 | 11 | 111 | 17 Basic Skills 1. Locomotor skills a. running b. walking Map skills 2. a. reading a map b. orienting a map c. holding a map d. making a map 3. Space and time skills a. estimating distance on the site b. planning a route c. navigating a route d. orienting oneself Activities Utilizing Orienteering Skills 1. Treasure hunt Scavenger hunt * Miniature orienteering 4. Score orienteering Memory orienteering 6. Route orienteering Advanced Skills 1. Map skills a. reading a map i. as a group ii. individually iii. with ruler iv. with compass v. by estimating b. determining distance i. with ruler ii. with compass iii. by estimating c. constructing a mental image of terrain d. orienting a map i. by inspection ii. by using compass directions e. holding a map f. making a map g. retrospective map reading h. map memory 2. Space and time skills a. estimating distance on site i. pacing ii. time iii. map scale

ORIENTEERING Levels **SKILLS** 111 IV 11 b. planning and navigating a route i. paths of least resistance - elevations vegetation - pathways - distance c. route choice d. aiming-off Compass skills a. identifying compass parts b. holding a compass c. orienting a map d. taking a bearing from a map e. sighting on an object to take a bearing f. sighting on an object to take a back bearing g. moving along a predetermined bearing 4. Skill utilization a. map walk activity b. score orienteering c. cross-country orienteering d. line orienteering e. route orienteering f. map memory orienteering g. street orienteering h. relay orienteering * i. team orienteering j. project orienteering k. night orienteering 1. alternative methods of travel i. cross-country skiing ii. cycling * iii. canoeing + iv. snowshoeing D. Safety E. Rules F. Terminology G. History

SAILING

	SKILLS	Levels			
	OKILLO			III	1
A. Basic S	Skills				
1. Wo	king with various parts of a boat				
a.	centerboard	*			
b.	rudder	*			
c.	tiller	*			
	blocks	*			
	boom	*			
	mainsail	*			-
	mast	*			
	halyard	*			
	batten	*			
	ping				-
		*			
	righting a boat	*			-
D.	climbing into a boat			-	
	on the water				
	king from the dock	*			
	ting out of irons	*			_
	nm reach				
<u>a.</u>	heeling	*			
b.	hiking	*			
C.	blow-down	*			
4. Con	ning about	*			
	pad reach	*			
6. Sai	ling downwind				
a.	controlled jibe	*			
	ling upwind				
	tacking	*			1
<u> </u>					-
C. Stowage	and Care of Equipment				
	owing equipment	*			
			-		
	re and repair		*		
	sails				
<u>D.</u>	ropes			-	-
		*			
D. Rules o	of Sailing	-			-
E. Safety		*			_
F. Termino	ology	*			_
G. History		*			
			,		

SKATING				
SKILLS			els	
ORILLO		II	III	IV
A. Basic Skills				
1. Skates				
a. fitting	*			
b. tying	*			
2. Walking	*			
3. Getting on the ice	*			
4. Getting off the ice 5. Falling	*			
	*			
6. Getting up	*			
m				
B. Individual Skills	*			
 Walking on ice Starting 				
a. forward				
i. T push-off	*			
ii. V push-off	*			
iii. crossover		*		
b. backward				
i. C stride		*		
3. Skating				
a. forward				
i. gliding				
- two-feet	*			
- one-foot	*			
- inside edges	*			
<pre>- outside edges</pre>	*			
- around a turn	*			
ii. stroking				
- straight line	*			
- crossovers	*			
- flatfoot		*		
- slalom b. backward				
i. gliding				
- two-feet		*		
- one-foot		*		
- inside edges		*		
- outside edges		*		
- around a turn		*		
ii. stroking				
- straight line		*		
- crossovers		*		
4. Stopping				
a. half snowplow	*			
b. snowplow	*			
c. parallel	*			
d. one-foot	*			
e. back stop	*			

SKATING

	SKILLS	1	Lev	vels	1\
5.	Pivoting				
	a. front to back		*		
	b. back to front		*		
6.					
	a. tight	*			
	b. coasting	*			
7.	Jumping				
	a. from a standing position		*		
	b. forward two-foot jump		*		
	c. backward two-foot jump			*	
	d. bunny hop			*	
	e. waltz jump				*
	f. salchow				*
	g. toe loop jump				*
8.	Spinning				
	a. two-feet			*	
	b. one-foot				*
C. Ru	les	*			
D. Of	ficiating			*	
		*			
E. Te	erminology		-	-	-
F. Hi	story	*			
			1		1
			1		1

SNOWSHOEING

SKILLS	Levels		IV	
A. Equipment				
1. The snowshoe				
a. trail	*			
b. bearpaw	*			
c. beavertail	*			
2. Bindings	*			
3. Traction devices		*		
4. Balance aids	*			
B. Basic Skills				
1. Walking	*			
2. Falling and rising				
a. without poles	*			
b. with poles	*			
3. Using poles 4. Turns			*	
a. star turn	*			
b. kick turn	*			
5. Backing up	*		*	
6. Trail breaking				
G. Chille for Western of Manuals				
C. Skills for Variety of Terrain	*			
1. Flat terrain 2. Uphill terrain				
		*		
a. edging b. uphill step		*		
c. traversing		*		
3. Downhill terrain				
a. downhill stop turn		*		
b. downhill high stop		*		
c. jumping downhill			*	
4. Crossing creeks			*	
4. Clossing Creeks				
D. Etiquette	*			
E. Safety	*			
F. Terminology	*			
G. History	*			

WILDERNESS LIVING SKILLS

3. 4. 5. 6. 7. B. Fi 1. 2. 3. C. Sh 1.	Sleeping bags Axes Knives Saws Inding Your Way Map reading Compass Reading natural signs Heltering Spring, Summer and Fall weather a. brush mattress	* * * * * * * *	* *		
3. 4. 5. 6. 7. B. Fi 1. 2. 3. C. Sh 1.	Clothing a. summer b. spring c. winter Footwear a. leather boots b. rubber boots c. moccasins d. polar boot Packs Sleeping bags Axes Knives Saws Inding Your Way Map reading Compass Reading natural signs meltering Spring, Summer and Fall weather a. brush mattress	* * * * * * * *	*		
3. 4. 5. 6. 7. B. Fi 1. 2. 3. C. Sh 1.	Clothing a. summer b. spring c. winter Footwear a. leather boots b. rubber boots c. moccasins d. polar boot Packs Sleeping bags Axes Knives Saws Inding Your Way Map reading Compass Reading natural signs meltering Spring, Summer and Fall weather a. brush mattress	* * * * * * * *	*		
3. 4. 5. 6. 7. B. Fi 1. 2. 3. C. Sh 1.	a. summer b. spring c. winter Footwear a. leather boots b. rubber boots c. moccasins d. polar boot Packs Sleeping bags Axes Knives Saws Inding Your Way Map reading Compass Reading natural signs meltering Spring, Summer and Fall weather a. brush mattress	* * * * * * * *	*		
3. 4. 5. 6. 7. B. Fi 1. 2. 3. C. Sh 1.	b. spring c. winter Footwear a. leather boots b. rubber boots c. moccasins d. polar boot Packs Sleeping bags Axes Knives Saws Inding Your Way Map reading Compass Reading natural signs meltering Spring, Summer and Fall weather a. brush mattress	* * * * * * * *	*		
3. 4. 5. 6. 7. B. Fi 1. 2. 3. C. Sh 1.	c. winter Footwear a. leather boots b. rubber boots c. moccasins d. polar boot Packs Sleeping bags Axes Knives Saws Inding Your Way Map reading Compass Reading natural signs meltering Spring, Summer and Fall weather a. brush mattress	* * * * * * *	*		
3. 4. 5. 6. 7. B. Fi 1. 2. 3. C. Sh 1.	Footwear a. leather boots b. rubber boots c. moccasins d. polar boot Packs Sleeping bags Axes Knives Saws Inding Your Way Map reading Compass Reading natural signs meltering Spring, Summer and Fall weather a. brush mattress	* * * * * * *	*		
3. 4. 5. 6. 7. B. Fi 1. 2. 3. C. Sh 1.	a. leather boots b. rubber boots c. moccasins d. polar boot Packs Sleeping bags Axes Knives Saws Inding Your Way Map reading Compass Reading natural signs meltering Spring, Summer and Fall weather a. brush mattress	* * * * * *	*		
3. C. Sh 1.	b. rubber boots c. moccasins d. polar boot Packs Sleeping bags Axes Knives Saws Inding Your Way Map reading Compass Reading natural signs Heltering Spring, Summer and Fall weather a. brush mattress	* * * * * *	*		
3. C. Sh 1.	c. moccasins d. polar boot Packs Sleeping bags Axes Knives Saws Inding Your Way Map reading Compass Reading natural signs Heltering Spring, Summer and Fall weather a. brush mattress	* * * * *	*		
3. C. Sh 1.	d. polar boot Packs Sleeping bags Axes Knives Saws Anding Your Way Map reading Compass Reading natural signs Deltering Spring, Summer and Fall weather a. brush mattress	* * * *	*		
3. C. Sh 1.	Packs Sleeping bags Axes Knives Saws Inding Your Way Map reading Compass Reading natural signs meltering Spring, Summer and Fall weather a. brush mattress	* * * *	*		
3. C. Sh 1.	Sleeping bags Axes Knives Saws Inding Your Way Map reading Compass Reading natural signs Heltering Spring, Summer and Fall weather a. brush mattress	* * * *			
5. 6. 7. B. Fi 1. 2. 3. C. Sh 1.	Axes Knives Saws Inding Your Way Map reading Compass Reading natural signs Heltering Spring, Summer and Fall weather a. brush mattress	* *			
6. 7. B. Fi 1. 2. 3. C. Sh 1.	Knives Saws Inding Your Way Map reading Compass Reading natural signs Heltering Spring, Summer and Fall weather a. brush mattress	*			
7. B. Fi 1. 2. 3. C. Sh 1.	Saws Inding Your Way Map reading Compass Reading natural signs Heltering Spring, Summer and Fall weather a. brush mattress	*			
B. Fi 1. 2. 3. C. Sh 1.	Anding Your Way Map reading Compass Reading natural signs Meltering Spring, Summer and Fall weather a. brush mattress				
1. 2. 3. C. Sh 1.	Map reading Compass Reading natural signs neltering Spring, Summer and Fall weather a. brush mattress	*			
1. 2. 3. C. Sh 1.	Map reading Compass Reading natural signs neltering Spring, Summer and Fall weather a. brush mattress	*			
2. 3. C. sh 1.	Reading natural signs neltering Spring, Summer and Fall weather a. brush mattress	*			
3. C. sh 1.	Reading natural signs neltering Spring, Summer and Fall weather a. brush mattress	*	*		_
C. Sh 1.	neltering Spring, Summer and Fall weather a. brush mattress	*			-
2.	Spring, Summer and Fall weather a. brush mattress				
2.	Spring, Summer and Fall weather a. brush mattress				
2.	a. brush mattress				
		*			
	h troo choltore	-	-	-	-
	b. tree shelters c. lean-to				┼─
	i. brush		*		
	ii. tarp	*	-		\vdash
	iii. double lean-to with open ridge			*	-
	d. domed hut				٠,
	e. tipi		 		١,
					-
	a. snow cave		*		
	b. trench		*		-
	c. igloo				,
D. Fi	ire				
	Starting	-1			
	a. matches	*			
	b. alternative methods		*		-
2.		*			
3.		*			
E. Wa	ater				
1.		*			
2.			*		
	iditiying watci				
	in International Control of the Cont				
	Turing water				
	Turry mucci				

WILDERNESS LIVING SKILLS				
SKILLS				
SKILLS	1	l II	III	IV
F. Food		l		
1. What to bring along	*			
2. Wild game and fish		-		
a. hunting techniques		*		
b. snares			*	
c. deadfalls			*	
d. fishing		*		
de 115ming				
G. Camp Management				
1. Siting camp	*			
2. Waste disposal	*			
	*			
3. Storing equipment 4. Preserving food			*	
5. Camp clean-up	*	-		
J. Camp Cican up		 		
H. First Aid				
1. Cuts	*			
2. Sprains	*	 		
3. Fractures	_	*		
4. Hypothermia	*			
5. Frostbite		*		
6. Insect bites	*			
o. Insect bites		 		
I. Signalling for Assistance				
1. Fire and smoke	*			
2. Brush	*			
3. Flares	*			
4. Cloth	*			
		*	-	
	*			
			*	
7. Sound signals				
T Walking Out				
J. Walking Out		*		1
1. Cross-country 2. Traveling on water				*
				*
3. Traveling in Winter				
V Torminology	*			
K. Terminology				
L. History	*			
L. History				



IV. PLANNING FOR TEACHING SECONDARY PHYSICAL EDUCATION

A. GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT CHARACTERISTICS

Physical education aims to contribute to the positive development of the whole child in terms of the physical, mental, and social needs, which are unique to each individual. Physical education plays an essential role in a child's development since regular, vigorous physical activity is necessary to ensure normal growth and development.

Although patterns of growth and development and general characteristics have been identified for each age grouping, physical educators must be cognizant of the varying rates of development and accepting of a wide range of task responses. These patterns and stages of development must be considered during program planning, and daily lessons must be flexible enough to accommodate individual differences.

JUNIOR HIGH

Physical Characteristics

- the majority of students will have reached puberty by the end of this period.
- the body undergoes rapid physical change and growth.
- gross motor coordination may be poor and students will appear awkward as they experience their "growth spurt".
- fine motor coordination is fairly well developed and overall coordination will continue to improve.
- some aspects of fitness will be near equal between the sexes.
- females tend to mature earlier than males, who will later surpass them in terms of strength, speed, and total body mass.
- students tend to tire easily but endurance continues to improve as heart and lung size increases.

Mental Characteristics

- attention span is increasing and students are capable of understanding abstract concepts and learning complex skills.
- their power of reasoning is fairly well developed and they show interest in the technical aspects of a subject.
- students enjoy a challenge and become keenly competitive with respect to both individual and team situations.

- they are interested in practising and mastering a skill and are generally enthusiastic and highly motivated.
- students develop an awareness of social concerns and strive for independence.
- at this age, they accept responsibility for their actions and are capable of making their own decisions.

Social and Emotional Characteristics

- students seek acknowledgement and need encouragement and reassurance.
- peers play an ever increasing role of importance and deep group loyalties are evident.
- permanent friendships are also evident and students have a strong need to "belong".
- emotions are difficult to control and attitudes may fluctuate.
- students are becoming interested in the opposite sex and are more concerned about their personal appearance and hygiene.

Program Implications

- regular vigorous physical activity is essential to facilitate normal growth and development.
- a wide variety of differing activities must be provided which will progressively challenge the students as they become capable of mastering more and more complex skills.
- an opportunity for co-educational activities should exist to help develop positive social skills and behaviors.
- large muscle activities as well as those which develop balance, eye-hand coordination, good posture, general body awareness and fine motor coordination, are needed.
- students should acquire an understanding of the changes taking place within themselves and be given the opportunity to succeed and form a realistic and positive self-concept.
- the opportunity to engage in activities which develop leadership skills, stimulate creativity, and allow for planning and decision-making by the students.

SENIOR HIGH

Physical Characteristics

- most students will outgrow their "awkward" stage as they approach physical maturity during their high school years.
- they will experience significant gains in weight, strength, and both cardiovascular and muscular endurance.
- fine and gross motor coordination and muscular control is greatly enhanced.
- females tend to reach physical maturity earlier than males and may begin to experience a decrease in strength and flexibility, for example, unless actively maintained.
- motor skill development is advanced.
- males are capable of attaining higher fitness and physical performance scores than females in most aspects of fitness.

Mental Characteristics

- students now have a much longer attention span and are able to concentrate for prolonged periods of time.
- a greater interest is shown in intellectual and aesthetic pursuits.
- a concern for their successes and failures is apparent as they are looking towards their futures and begin to relate to immediate and long-range goals.
- abstract reasoning is fairly well developed.
- in short, all mental abilities are well developed and students need only more exposure and experience to function as adults.

Social and Emotional Characteristics

- peers have perhaps the strongest influence on an individual during this period of life and peer group loyalties are very strong, as is the need to "belong".
- students strive for and demand greater independence and may resent controls placed upon them.
- most are more sensitive to the needs of others and are aware and sensitive of the opposite sex.
- personal appearance and hygiene is of great importance.
- many are striving for a personal identity.

Program Implications

- students at this level should participate in activities which have complex strategies and require an advanced level of coordination and skill development.
- they should have an in-depth understanding of the components of fitness and the positive effects of engaging in a regular fitness program tailored to their specific needs, interests, and body types.
- activities which develop responsibility, leadership qualities and good sportsmanship, are needed.
- an increasing opportunity to interact with members of the opposite sex.
- engage in activities which maintain or improve existing levels of endurance, strength, speed, agility, and flexibility.
- the opportunity to specialize in areas of interest or talent and effectively plan for leisure time pursuits, should exist.

B. WAYS IN WHICH STUDENTS LEARN

Teachers of students in physical education are concerned with both the how and why of learning. On one hand, certain skills, knowledge and understanding, and attitudes and appreciations are learned through teacher guidance and direction. On the other hand, a student's self-direction (his exploration, inventiveness and problem-solving) are considered equally as important. Individual student's needs can be met in each of these areas with an understanding of the ways in which children learn.

- Experimentation: Each student is provided with the opportunity and time to experiment with open-ended tasks (guided experiences) in order to explore possible solutions. A variety of actions and ideas are explored.
- 2. Selection: The teacher assists in the selection of the appropriate solutions through observation and demonstration, and modifies the task(s) through the introduction of rules, limited space, or specific equipment. Upper levels are encouraged to become more selective.

- Repetition: Students are provided opportunities for repetition of familiar activities with familiar equipment to achieve quality. Activities are individual and simple for beginning levels and many repetitions are necessary in order to develop skill. At senior levels, pupils combine a number of skills and perform the repetitions necessary for further improvement. At senior levels, skills may be further practised and improved by working in small groups.
- 4. <u>Consolidation</u>: The teacher assists students in consolidating and combining skills into quality performance through extension and refinement.

C. THE EXCEPTIONAL STUDENT — ADAPTED PHYSICAL EDUCATION

Adapted physical education programs should provide for the individual differences of all gifted and/or disabled students.

In physical education activities, characteristics of the atypical child include children who are highly skilled, slow learners, obese, hearing impaired or those who have perceptual motor deficiencies. These exceptional students can be adapted into the physical education setting. Taking into consideration the ways in which children learn skills and concepts, the suggested methodologies that emphasize an individual approach to learning encourage children to respond to problems and tasks set by the teacher. The goal is for each child (within his or her particular capabilities) to respond to the best of his own abilities. This approach allows for all children to be successful, as success is determined by how well each child answers the tasks set out by the teacher. This approach should include a diversified program of developmental activities, games, sports, and rhythms, suited to the interests, capacities, and potentials of students with disabilities who may not safely or successfully engage in unrestricted participation in the regular activities of the general physical education program.

Note: For assistance, consult the monograph on "Adapted Physical Education" available through the Alberta School Book Branch.

D. PLANNING CONSIDERATIONS

1. Yearly Planning

Thorough planning is essential to an effective, efficient quality program of physical education. A well-planned program will benefit both the students and the teachers.

Program planning is a process of making decisions concerning what the program is to accomplish and the means by which this will be achieved. It is very important that all members of the physical education staff are involved in making these decisions.

Planning the year's program will involve determining a philosophical basis which states specific aims, goals, objectives, and current priorities; a scope and sequence; a schedule of activities or units to be taught; policies and procedures; and means of evaluating the students and the program.

Due to the numerous and variable factors that must be given consideration when planning a physical education program, no set program or course can serve all situations equally well. Each physical education team should go through the planning process, referring to the guidelines and recommendations of the provincial curriculum, to create a program that is best suited to the particular needs of their students and school.

Many factors affect the decisions made when planning a physical education program. Such factors include students, facilities, equipment, staff, budget, safety, program philosophy, transportation, administrative factors and community.

One practical approach to formulating the yearly plan involves a step-by-step process of making the necessary decisions and a means of illustrating the resultant program on large wall charts for students, parents, staff and administration to see.

This planning process involves defining and/or developing the following areas:

- . school profile
- · program philosophy
- . scope and sequence of activities
- · program balance
- · scheduling
- . student evaluation
- program evaluation

2. Unit Planning

The yearly plan facilitates the planning of the units as many decisions have been made regarding the yearly program prior to unit development. The unit plan provides a comprehensive, detailed outline of how the particular activity will be utilized and taught so as to make specific contributions to the achievement of the overall program objectives.

The unit plan should consist of four main components: specific objectives, carefully selected learning activities, evaluation techniques for both the students and the unit, and resources to be used.

3. Lesson Planning

The lesson plan should provide a well thought out proposal for the organization and management of the time, space, equipment, learning activities and the students to be taught, in order to maximize the attainment of lesson, unit and program objectives. It serves as a flexible guideline, not as a rigid, unalterable framework for the lesson. Spontaneous teaching and learning opportunities may necessitate some amendment to the prepared lesson plan.

E. PROGRAM BALANCE

The term "balance" is used frequently with reference to a physical education program. There are a number of "balances" that must be considered.

- The balance of physical education in terms of the total school program, usually realized by the time allotment, timetable considerations, staffing, and budget given to physical education.
- 2. The balance of the instructional intramural and interscholastic portions of the physical education program in terms of the time, effort, money, commitment, and staff deployment in these areas.

- 3. The balance of development in the three domains the psychomotor (physical skills and fitness); the cognitive (knowledge and understandings); and the affective (attitudes, appreciations, social skills).
- 4. The balance in terms of the dimensions and activities offered in a physical education program.

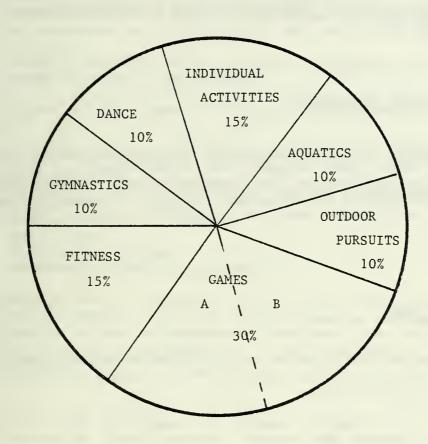
Balance is usually thought of in terms of the proportion of time devoted to an activity or some aspect of the program. Proficiency, commitment, and enthusiasm of the teachers, although difficult to measure, are also important contributing factors to the concept of balance.

Good balance does not mean equal amounts of time. A well-balanced program provides opportunities for students to participate in activities from all seven dimensions, appreciating local considerations, such as budget, facilities, religious persuasion, etc. Such a balance will provide a broad and varied program of physical education.

- A well-balanced program provides opportunity for students in all dimensions in order that the students receive broad and varied programs of physical education. Local conditions may preclude some activities within a dimension.
- 2. A well-balanced program has greater potential for accommodating the wide range of interests, needs, and individual differences of the students.
- 3. Balance does not imply equal amounts of time for each dimension. Activity selection and time allocation will be determined by the needs and development of the students, program objectives and many other factors.
- 4. The program balance may differ somewhat between the boys' and girls' programs. It may also differ from grade to grade, and from junior high to senior high school depending on such factors as perceived needs, time and facilities.

- 5. The dimensions may overlap. For example, films may be offered as a discrete dimension consisting of independent units and activities, or be incorporated in part or in total into the other dimensions.
- 6. The program balance should reflect the philosophical bases and emphases of the program.

Program Balance - Sample Weightings



G. INTRAMURAL PROGRAM

A component of the co-curricular program, intramural activities should provide all students with the opportunity to participate. Intramurals consist of leagues, tournaments, special days, clubs and self-directed activities.

- 1. Elementary Physical Education Curriculum Guide, Alberta Education
- 2. Intramurals: A Teacher's Guide, Hendy & McGregor.
- 3. Pre-requisites of an Intramural Program, R.H. Penner.
- 4. Contributions of Intramurals to the Educational Program, P.V. Keen.

H. INTERSCHOOL PROGRAM

A component of the co-curricular program, interschool activities consist of groups that compete with other schools. Most physical activities are governed by the Alberta Schools Athletic Association (A.S.A.A.) and include such things as: Volleyball, Basketball, Badminton, Gymnastics, Golf, Track and Field, Football, Curling, Wrestling and Cheerleading.

I. DRESS CODE

All students participating in a physical education class should be required to change from their regular school clothing to ensure a state of readiness for the activity.

Clothing and footwear should be appropriate for the specified activity and physical environment. Jewelry should be removed to avoid injury to self and others.

Physical education attire should facilitate freedom of movement, promote safety and be neat in appearance. A standard school uniform may be desirable but not necessary.

J. SAFETY AND PHYSICAL EDUCATION

Because of its nature, there will always be some risk of accidental injury associated with physical education. The school is always responsible for minimizing the possibility of mishaps occurring. Establishing and maintaining a safe learning environment requires that the following conditions be met:

- 1. Facilities and equipment must be appropriate for the activity, and in good working order.
- 2. Students must receive instruction prior to their participation in an activity. Attention should be paid to appropriate skill progressions and readiness of students.
- 3. Students engaged in an activity must be supervised in a manner suitable to the occasion.

To ensure optimal safety conditions, the teacher should also consider:

- 1. Teacher qualifications (expertise, background, experience)
- 2. Teaching method
- Students' skills, understanding, attitude and physical condition
- 4. Warm-up and major activities
- 5. Safety rules
- 6. First aid procedures
- 7. Procedure for reporting accidents

Physical activity is important to the normal growth and development of every child. Teachers should not exclude vigorous activity from their programs because of fear of accidents. They should use prudence in the selection, instruction, and supervision of all activities in the physical education program. 1

¹K-12 Physical Education, Manitoba Department of Education, 1981. p. 81.

K. LEGAL LIABILITY FOR INJURY

Physical educators have become increasingly concerned about the legal implications resulting from injuries which may occur while students are participating in the physical education program. The frequency of pupil injury accidents has severe implications for physical educators, so it is imperative that physical educators, coaches, and administrators know the legal parameters within which they function. At this time all schools are governed by:

- 1. Criminal Code of Canada
- 2. Alberta School Act
- 3. The particular school board policies and regulations
- 4. Policies of the school at which you are employed
- 5. Departmental policies

Although physical educators are individually responsible for personal acts of negligence, there are subsequent legal attachments relative to the school board employer. Therefore, the physical education teacher must be familiar with all facets of the law as it applies to his or her specific position: legal liability, insurance, travel regulations, administration and supervision, curriculum development, segregation of pupils, installation and repair of equipment and facilities.

A further consideration is the obligation physical educators have to develop and administer programs which have as their primary concern the total welfare of all students involved.

It is with this basic concern that continual on-going development of policies and procedures can effectively minimize the risk of student injury.

L. FACILITIES

The gymnasium is the primary facility where physical activity will be carried out. This facility should:

- 1. have properly painted lines on the floor
- 2. be free of safety and health hazards
- 3. have a ceiling at least 6.7m high
- 4. be large enough to enable the school to schedule physical education for the minimum required time per week, per pupil.

The gymnasium and auxiliary indoor teaching stations are not the only places where physical activity can occur. Usable areas within the school may include hallways, stairs and classrooms.

School grounds should be large enough to provide space for a variety of activities. They should be properly surfaced, graded, drained, enclosed and free of safety hazards.

Community facilities such as tennis courts, pools, rinks, should be used as well. In many communities there is a joint-use agreement between the school and the community for the use of these facilities. Some other facilities usually available in many communities are the curling rinks, bowling alleys and golf courses. These facilities enhance the scope of the program.

More detailed information on facilities may be obtained from the publication A Guide to Planning of Physical Education Facilities in Alberta Schools (revised edition), Health and Physical Education Council of the Alberta Teachers' Association 1979, Edmonton.

Community Resources

Alberta Education recognizes the logic and benefits of community use of schools and the reciprocal use of community resources by schools within the province. The logic pertains to obtaining the most benefit from facilities built with public funds.

Physical education covers a broad spectrum of sports and leisure activities, and the use of community resources is strongly encouraged and supported as a means of enhancing physical education programs at all levels.

M. BUDGET

Money Management

Fiscal planning is an essential part of a well co-ordinated physical education program. The budget reflects department objectives, educational priorities and program. Funds then must be secured using sound business procedures, expended in relation to program objectives and accounted for with the use of an inventory.

What types of budget planning needs to be done?

There are two plans which should be considered:

Short term - This is often called the operational or yearly budget. It contains such things as equipment, facility rental, busing, repairs and textbooks. Usually the type of equipment purchased in the operational budget are expendables such as balls; high cost items such as gymnastic equipment are often purchased through a capital equipment budget. 2. Long term - Long range planning is often overlooked but is an opportunity to indicate priorities when purchasing equipment, plan for purchases of major capital items, influence school philosophies and determine what areas of the program need to be developed.

N. FEE ASSESSMENT

Physical education is a required subject for all students, Grades 1 to 10. This being the case, physical education programs should not discriminate between students on the basis of ability and/or willingness to pay certain imposed extra fees in order to participate.

In establishing a yearly plan of activities within a physical education program, one should keep in mind areas of expenditure that may exist. Areas identified in this study include:

- 1. Physical education
- 2. Lock/locker rental
- 3. Insurance coverage
- 4. "Lab" fees standard fees charged to all students at the beginning of a school year or charged on an individual activity basis, or a combination of both
 - such fees in most cases involve off-school sites
 and include:
 - a. facility rental
 - b. special equipment rental or purchase
 - c. hiring of qualified personnel
 - d. transportation

O. EQUIPMENT

Equipment Purchasing Guidelines

The selection and purchase of equipment is an important task. The amount and kind of equipment is determined by the:

- 1. age of students
- 2. number of students
- 3. size and kind of facilities
- 4. program content
- 5. funds available

Selection of Equipment

Some considerations when working on this task are:

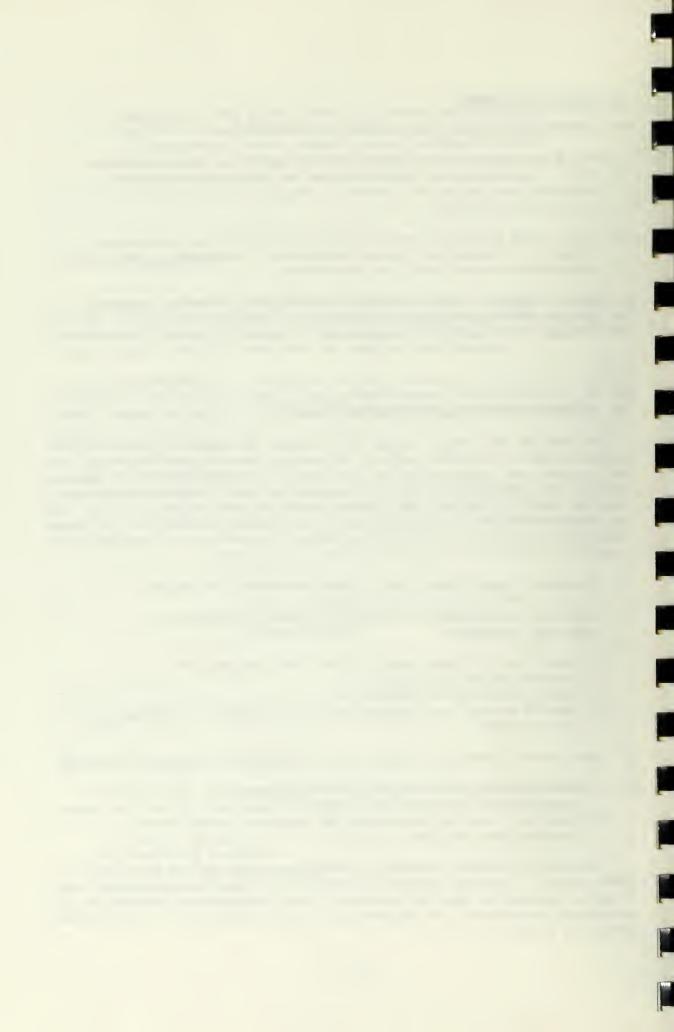
- 1. The basic needs of the instructional program should be considered first. Consideration should be given to the purchase of extra equipment for use in the intramural program as well as the co-curricular program.
- 2. Price alone should not be the determining factor for purchasing equipment. Protection, safety, durability, performance and maintenance factors should be considered.
- 3. School jurisdictions may consider establishing a central loan pool to provide the larger pieces of gymnastics apparatus and outdoor equipment necessary for the program.

P. ACCIDENT PROCEDURES AND FIRST AID

Because of its nature, there will always be some risk of accidental injury associated with the subject of physical education. The school and the teacher are responsible for minimizing the possibility of mishaps occurring. Establishing and maintaining a safe learning environment requires that the school and teacher know and are concerned about the importance of First Aid and Safety. In being successful with these endeavours each of them must follow certain rules that are applicable to them.

- 1. The school board should have an accident policy on record.
- 2. The school administration should provide a procedure for reporting accidents:
 - i) have a set of school safety rules that includes the physical education areas.
 - ii) have a first aid kit available.
 - iii) provide a form to be filled out by the teacher to report the accident.
- 3. The physical education teacher should:
 - i) know school safety rules, first aid procedures, procedure for reporting accidents.
 - ii) make sure that the facilities and equipment are in good working order and safe to use.

Physical activity is important to the normal growth and development of every child. Teachers should not exclude vigorous activity from their programs because of fear of accidents. They should use prudence in the selection, instruction and supervision of all activities in the physical education program.



V. PROGRAM IMPLEMENTATION DETAILS

A. TEACHING CONSIDERATIONS

1. Teaching Methods in Health and Physical Education

The breadth of concepts, skills, and attitudes learned in health and physical education and the variety of learners suggests that teachers should acquire an array of teaching approaches. Depending upon desired learner outcomes, subject matter, the nature of the learners and their stage of learning, and the number in the class, the teacher may use many methods in any one lesson. An effective teacher of health or physical education has a repertoire of methods and uses them in specific situations in relation to the particular needs of the moment.

Current literature suggests the availability of an array of teaching methods. A teaching model that has been developed is based on the axiom that "teaching behavior is a chain of decision-making." (5) As the decision-making shifts from the teacher to the learner, different teaching methods evolve. Three categories of decisions are made in any teaching/learning situation. They are pre-impact, impact and post-impact decisions. Decisions in the pre-impact category include planning decisions such as when, whom, what, where, and how. Impact decisions concern classroom actions or performance. These decisions focus on implementing the pre-impact decisions. The post-impact category is concerned with evaluation of the impact decisions and, as such, involve reflecting upon both the pre-impact and impact decisions.

Differences in teaching methods used are characterized by who makes the decisions. Thus, a continuum of teaching methods has evolved. At one end of the continuum, the teacher makes all the decisions in each of the three categories while the learner's role is to respond and obey. At the opposite end of the continuum, the learner makes all the decisions while the teacher acts as a resource person.

As decision-making shifts from the teacher to the learner, different teaching methods emerge. Mosston, for example, identifies distinct teaching methods along a continuum.

- (1) The COMMAND METHOD requires the teacher to make all decisions in all three categories while the learner obeys and follows the decision of the teacher.
- (2) The PRACTICE METHOD requires the learner to make decisions in the IMPACT category. Decisions include where to work or sit within the teaching/learning area and how much time to spend on an assigned task.

- (3) The RECIPROCAL or PAIRS METHOD requires learners to work with a partner. One student is the doer while the other acts as an observer who makes decisions in the post-impact category, using a prescribed criteria.
- (4) The SELF-CHECK METHOD continues to have learners make decisions in the post-impact category, but these decisions change from the learners mutually using a criteria to evaluate each other's performance to individual learners evaluating their own performance.
- (5) The INCLUSION METHOD introduces multiple levels of performance in the same task. Learners now decide where to engage the subject matter and at what level of performance.
 - (6) The GUIDED DISCOVERY METHOD allows each learner to respond to a sequence of teacher prescribed tasks or questions and to discover the resulting consequences. This method is structured because the teacher determines the facts, ideas, concepts, relationships or principles to be discovered.
 - (7) The DIVERGENT METHOD encourages learners to solve problems. A problem is structured by the teacher, and learners determine all of the possible solutions. Once all alternatives have been explored, specific criteria are provided and the learners are required to determine the best solution.
- (8) The GOING BEYOND METHOD is one in which the learner discovers and designs the question, the problem. This method is used when the learner makes decisions in all three decision sets.

2. Achieving Variety and Quality in Students' Work

Many techniques may be used by the teacher in order to develop variety or quality. Note that consideration should be given to achieving a balance between variety and quality in students' responses.

To develop variety:

- a) Rephrase the task.
- b) Vary the task by changing:
 - . Speed
 - . Pathway
 - . Number of parts used
 - . Named parts used
 - . Parts leading
 - . Level
 - . Shape
 - · Order of sequence
 - · Apparatus
 - . Apparatus arrangement

To develop quality: 1

- a) Insist that students answer the task.
- b) Coach individuals stressing:
 - Time used: e.g.,
 Explode into action.
 Make a faster start.
 Move slowly into a balance.
 - Muscular tension required:
 e.g.,

Lock elbows.

Be soft on feet.

Keep rigid.

 Amount of personal space required: e.g., Stretch toes to ceiling. Tuck in arms and legs.

In order for students to achieve their greatest potential in both variety and quality of responses, teacher involvement and input are necessary throughout the lesson. Three strategies assist students' development for variety and quality: effective use of questions and comments, teacher observation, and demonstrations.

a. Effective Use of Questions and Comments

Rephrase the Task: Rephrase a task to present the same challenge in a new way ("Balance on one foot, place your free foot behind you ... where else can you place your free foot?").

Rephrase (student): Ask a student to rephrase a task in his or her own words ("John, tell me how you can get more height in your jump.").

Class Coaching:

The teacher, noting general difficulties, stops the class and provides teaching points. "We all need to try to throw our hands up to lead us in our jumps ... let's try that again."

Gymnastics - A Movement Approach, Calgary Board of Education, 1980, page 15.

Individual Coaching: Noting individual differences, the teacher moves from student to student making comments and suggestions while the class continues to work.

Questioning:

Through questions and answers the teacher makes a point by asking students questions relating to what they have been doing ("John, what did you do in that last jump to help you get higher?").

Class Observations:

Observing a class closely provides feedback for determining achievement, progress, and potential difficulties. As a result of observing students' responses, tasks may be clarified either for the class or for individuals experiencing difficulty.

Student Observations:

Through observing individual students during the school year, it is possible to develop a movement picture for each student. This picture is used to evaluate each student's progress.

What to Observe:

Observation provides feedback for potential difficulties in the following movement concepts:

Body awareness - Can students control their whole body in movement (e.g., running, and stopping, laterally)? Can students control individual body parts in different actions and movements (e.g., arms, legs, heads)? Do students know where their body parts are in their personal space when their bodies are in different positions (shapes and spaces)? Can students achieve balance (stillness) in different ways?

Space awareness - Can students move efficiently and effectively in different directions, levels and pathways?

Effort awareness - Are students progressing in using effort, flow of movement, speed changes and contrast in heavy and light movements? Can students carry out a movement sequence or rhythmic response commensurate with their growth and development?

Relationships - Are students progressing in and able to work with a partner or in groups in cooperative and competitive situations (commensurate with their growth and development)? Are students demonstrating enjoyment initiative, freedom and inventiveness?

b. Use of Demonstrations

Demonstrations are effective teaching tools. They are useful to:



- clarify a task set by the teacher
- help students see, practise and learn new skills from others
- motivate students towards improving variety and quality

Demonstrations are most effective if the following procedures are followed:



- students are directed what to observe
- the demonstrators are in a good position
- the demonstration is brief and clear
- demonstrations are used wisely and not too often
- practise follows each demonstration
- all students, at some point, are given a chance to participate.

Demonstrations can be done by students. Some ways in which demonstrations may occur include:

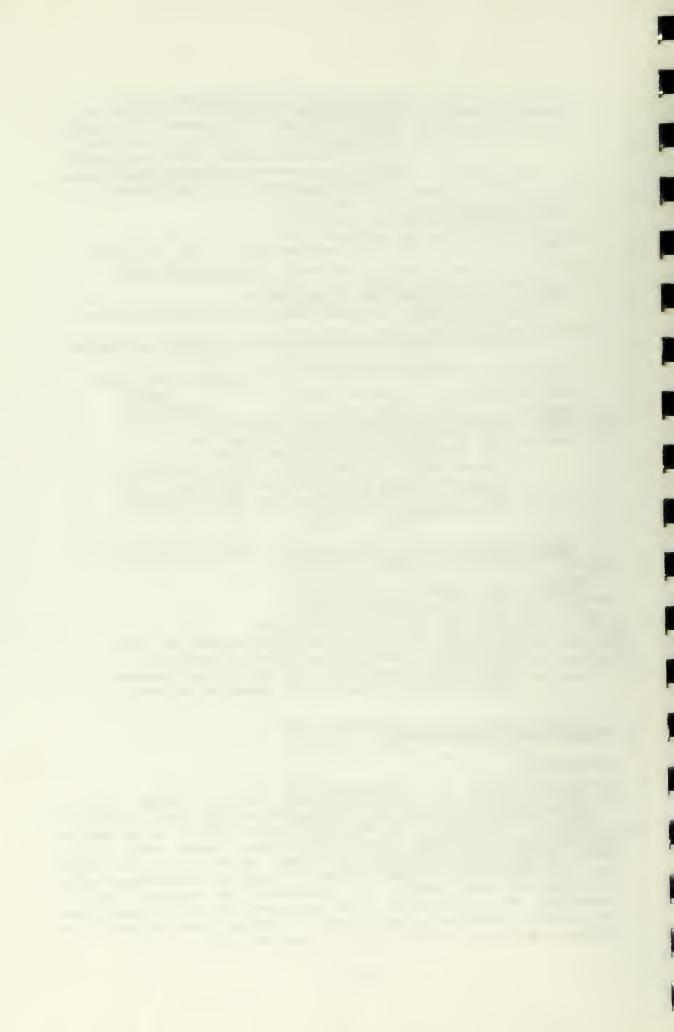


- one student to one student
- one student to the class
- half the class to half the class
- the class observing two or three students at work
- the teacher demonstrating an action, a skill, a possible response to a task. The student observes then responds by questioning, analyzing and moving.

3. Individualization of Instruction

Description

A basic premise in any curriculum delivery system is that individualized learning can occur in a group setting. This process for individual development may be accomplished through a variety of organizational procedures involving the whole class, small groups, pairs, or individuals working on their own. In this guide, activities have been organized into four "levels" of sequentially-developed skills involving all three domains; the psychomotor, the cognitive, and the affective. The levels are not to be interpreted as meaning grade level but rather a hierarchy of skills with a foundation basis in Level I and progressing to more advanced skills in Levels II, III, and IV.



VI. EVALUATION /

A. EVALUATION OF STUDENT PROGRESS

The importance of evaluation and reporting in physical education is in providing students, teachers and parents with information regarding students' progress in relation to physical skills, physical fitness, knowledge and understanding, social skills and positive attitudes. The weighing of these four criteria reflects the emphasis in the program. In physical education each child has his/her own standard of performance, therefore each assessment should be based upon the degree to which the student achieves his/her maximum potential.

1. Purpose

- a. To inform students, teachers, and parents regarding student progress.
- b. To motivate teachers and students toward improvement.

Principles

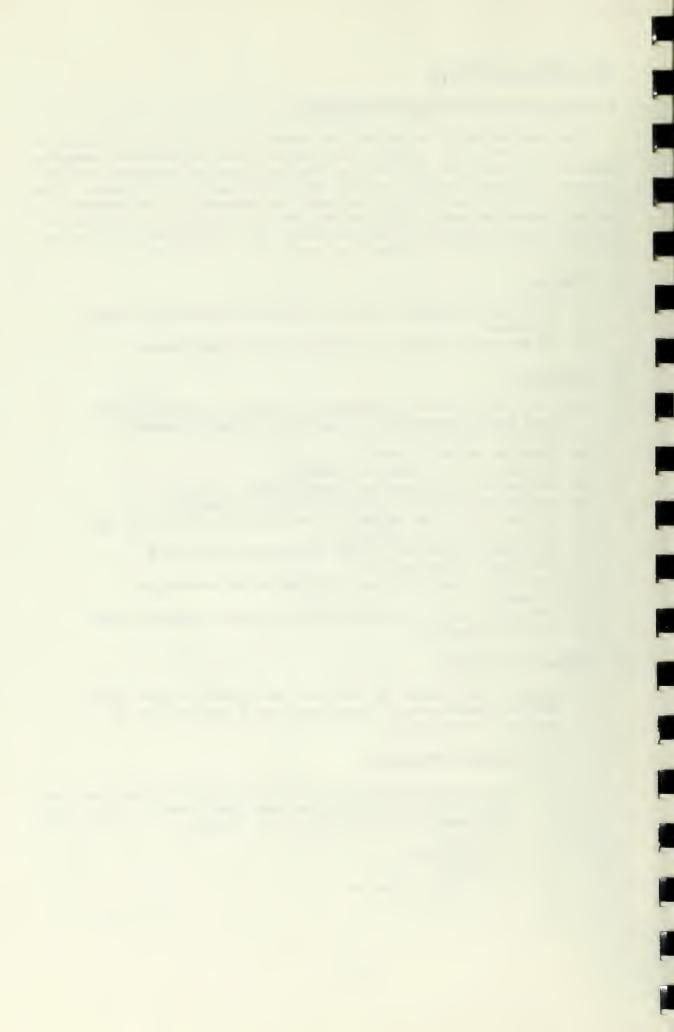
- a. Consider individual differences: physical characteristics, body build, background of experience, level of maturity, physical ability.
- b. Consider student potential.
- Evaluation is an ongoing process.
- d. Evaluation should consider improvement.
- e. Evaluation includes observation and measurement.
- f. Students should be informed of evaluative criteria and may be involved in the process.
- g. Reporting should be in terms of content covered and individual achievement.
- h. Evaluation should reflect a balance of all evaluative criteria.
- i. Evaluation should foster a positive student attitude toward physical education.

3: Evaluative Criteria

a. Goal 1 - Development of efficient and effective motor skills and the application of these skills in a wide variety of physical activities.

i) Technique Evaluation

- Is a subjective and/or objective evaluation based upon the skill sequence suggested at each grade level for activities throughout all dimensions of the program.
 - Games
 - Gymnastics
 - Dance
 - Outdoor Pursuits



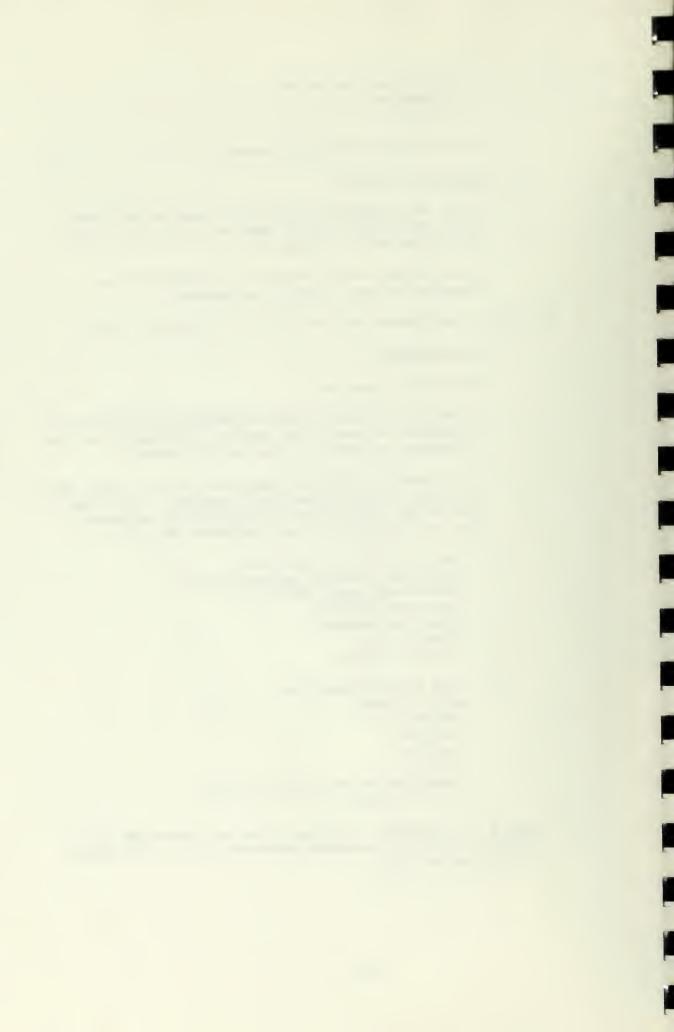
- Individual Activities
- Aquatics
- Fitness
- Is an ongoing evaluation process.

ii) Application of Skill

- Is to be a subjective evaluation (observation) based upon improvement of skill application in each of the activities for all dimensions.
- A pre-rating, which takes into consideration the potential of each student, is necessary.
- b. Goal 2 Development and maintenance of physical fitness.

Fitness Testing

- Objective evaluation.
- A series of uniform fitness indicators to be initiated throughout the year to be used as a diagnostic tool for an ongoing assessment of the child's fitness.
- It is essential that all dimensions of the program meet the needs of the fitness goal, therefore, activities to provide the following components must be integrated into each and every lesson throughout the year.
- i) Functional Fitness Capacities (essential to health and well-being)
 - cardiorespiratory efficiency
 - muscular endurance
 - muscular strength
 - flexibility
 - weight control
- ii) Motor Ability Capacities
 (skill related)
 - speed
 - balance
 - agility
 - power
 - coordination (hand-eye, foot-eye)
 - reaction time
- c. Goal 3 Development of knowledge and the understanding of factors involved in attaining competence in and appreciation of physical activity.



Knowledge Test

- Objective evaluation to measure retention of important concepts.
- Test prior to reporting period to ensure measurement of all relevant material as well as important concepts only.
- d. Goal 4 Development and maintenance of positive personal attributes and interpersonal relationships, including a positive attitude towards continued participation in physical activity.

i) Social Skills

- sportsmanship
- cooperation
- responsibility
- communication
- consideration for others

ii) Attitudes and Appreciations

- desire to participate
- appreciation of quality effort and performance
- appreciation of one's own abilities and abilities of others
- attitudes and appreciation of safety for self and others
- appreciation of a positive self-concept

4. Reporting of Evaluation

Progress in the specific areas within physical education is to be reported in terms of:

80 - 100% ---- Excellent

65 - 79% ---- Good

50 - 64% ---- Satisfactory

40 - 49% ---- Weak

0 - 39% ---- Fail

Evaluative Criteria With Sample Weightings

a .	Development	and	application	of	phycical	ckille.	30%

b. Development and maintenance of physical fitness. 15%

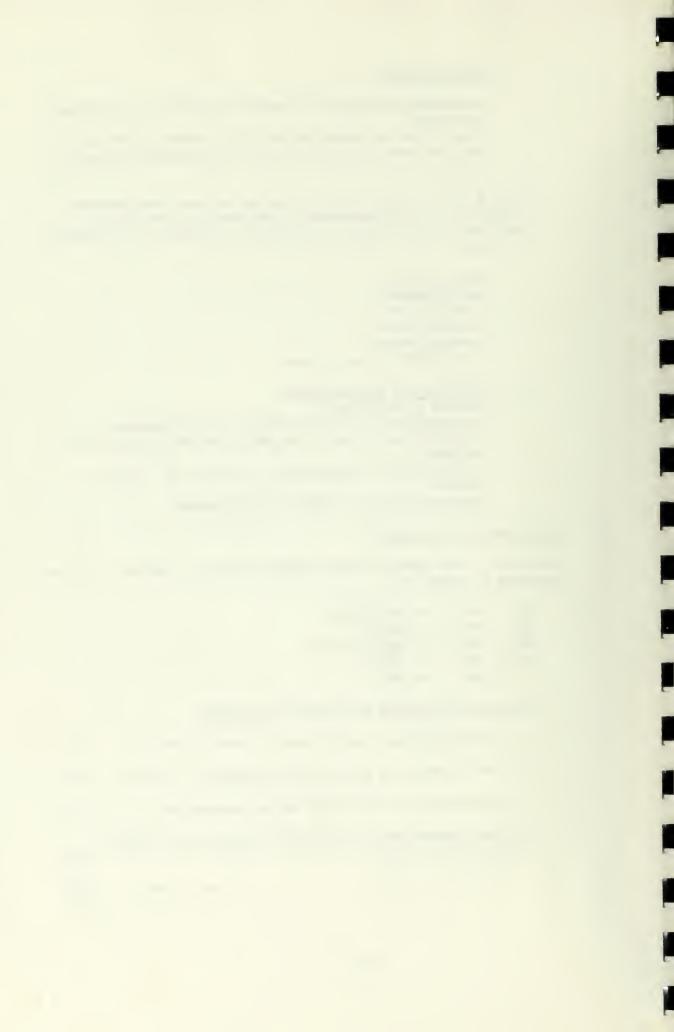
c. Development of knowledge and understanding. 25%

d. Development and maintenance of positive attitudes and social skills.

Overall mark 100%

====

30%



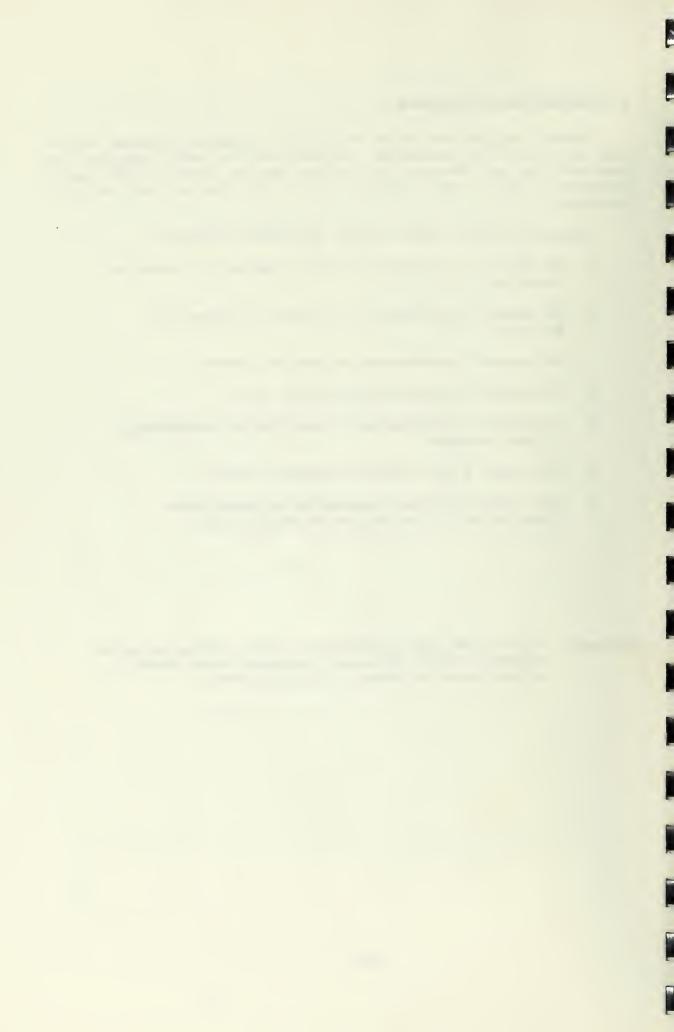
B. EVALUATION OF PROGRAM

Regular on-going evaluation of physical education programs should serve as a basis for upgrading. In addition, an annual appraisal by administrators and teachers can provide insight into program needs, facilitate planning and provide a basis for setting and revising objectives.

Program evaluation should provide information relative to:

- 1. The extent to which administrative organization is meeting objectives.
- The program's contribution to student's interest and attitude.
- 3. The program's contribution to physical fitness.
- 4. The program's contribution to social skills.
- 5. The program's contribution to knowledge and understanding of basic concepts.
- 6. The program's contribution to physical skills.
- 7. The program's success in accomplishing school based objectives set by the physical education staff.

Reference: PLANNING THE JUNIOR/SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL PHYSICAL EDUCATION PROGRAM, Physical Education Curriculum Action Project, Calgary Board of Education, February, 1983.



II. APPENDICES

APPENDIX D — Leadership

Leadership is a process of structuring, organizing and guiding a situation so that all members of the group can achieve common goals with a maximum of economy and a minimum of time and effort.

Dynamic volunteer leadership is one of the greatest needs in our society. Today's students will be future playground leaders, minor league coaches and managers, camp counselors, officials and parents teaching their children to play.

The integration of leadership skills should be a fundamental part of all dimensions which comprise the total physical education curriculum.

In the general class instructional program, students can develop leadership skills in the following positions and situations:

- squad leaders
- captain of a team
- demonstration in class
- leading warm-up activities
- officiating
- leading games of low organization
- giving individual help to other studentspeers, younger children
- spotting and assisting others
- managing equipment distribution, set-up,
 care, etc.
- assisting in the administration of testing
 - skills, fitness
- organization and administration of class tournaments, meets, displays
- self-testing activities, circuits, personal training programs
- small group compositions and the teaching of routines to other class members
- teaching assistants
- organizational activities for camping and other outdoor pursuits

Extra curricular programs provide opportunities for volunteer leadership through intramural and interscholastic activities.

- ask students what they (or their friends) do best
- be kind
- be fair
- make jokes within reason
- pat a lot of backs (or heads)

SMILE A LOT

Mary Ann Downing - Physical Education Inservice -September 1978

Through deliberately structuring lessons and situations in all dimensions of physical education with leadership objectives in mind, the following leadership skills and knowledge will not be left to chance.

- the ability to organize effectively and efficiently
- decision making skills
- communication skills
- group interaction skills
- learning to cope with conflicts and differences of opinion
- goal setting techniques
- problem solving skills
- knowledge and understanding specific to tasks, example tournament structures, types of competition, meet organization, etc.
- the ability to plan, administer, and evaluate an activity
- officiating skills

As we provide opportunities for the development of leadership skills in our students the following personal qualities of a good leader can also be developed through the medium of physical activity.

- reliability
- perseverance
- initiative
- self-confidence
- sociability
- empathy, tolerance, understanding
- self-control
- enthusiasm
- cooperation
- responsibility of the individual to the group
- sense of justice and fair play
- responsibility
- positive self-concept

The following opportunities can be used to develop student leadership in intramural programs:

- councils and committees
- officiating and judging
- organization and administration of activities
- equipment care, organization, management
- promotion
- awards
- record keeping

The interscholastic program provides the following possibilities for developing students' leadership skills and personal qualities:

- team managers
- coaching assistants
- equipment managers
- officiating and judging
- publicity, reporting etc.
- team trainers
- statisticians
- membership on a team
- captain of a team

Teachers in facilitating the development of leadership skills in their students should:

- use student leaders whenever and wherever possible
- be organized so students know what to do
- have a suitable well supplied student work area
- take the time to explain tasks clearly
- let students choose jobs and working partners whenever possible
- set out reasonable deadlines for jobs
- let students learn by making their own mistakes, then let them correct their own mistakes
- praise a job well done
- offer loads of encouragement
- exercise patience
- rotate tedious jobs frequently
- encourage student to ask questions
- plan ahead
- encourage suggestions great ideas will emerge!
- meet with students frequently to discuss progress and future tasks
- help with some jobs on occasion "get in the act"
- be fair in making a criticism of a job done poorly
- apologize if you're in the wrong or lose your temper
- communicate.

The outcome of leadership training should be a consciousness raising experience through which students are able to:

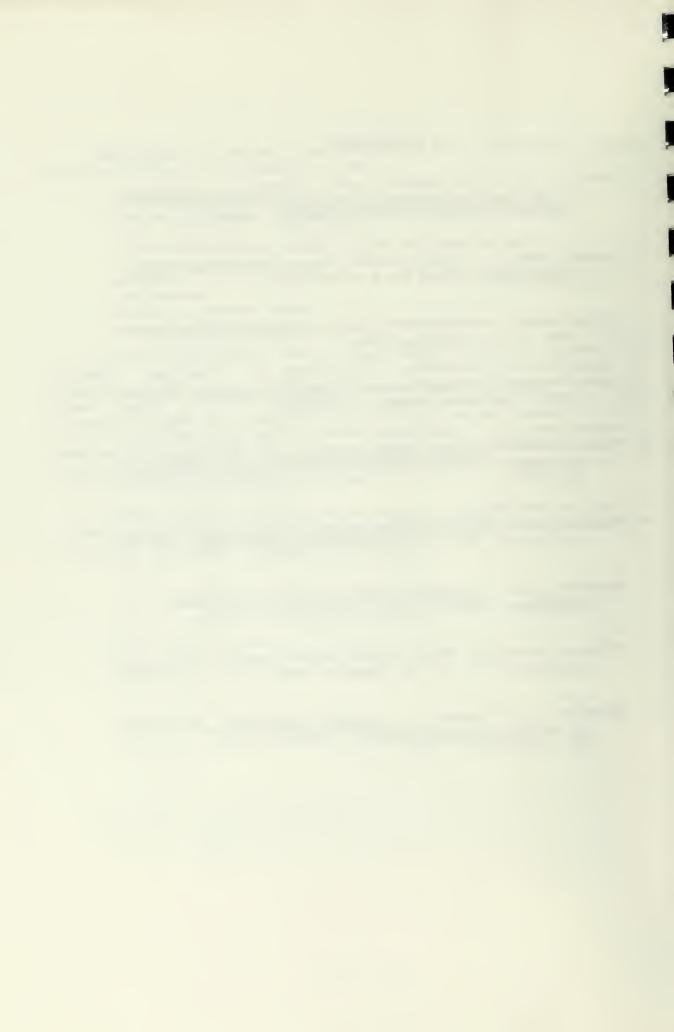
- describe the responsibilities of leadership
- distinguish between characteristics of good leadership and poor leadership
- solve problems, make decisions, plan and organize using selected procedures
- develop a knowledge of following other leaders in different situations
- identify leadership types
- value the privilege of leadership as a service to others

In conclusion, much has been said and written regarding the population explosion, integration of multicultural societies, the expansion of technology and automation, increased leisure time and stressful competition in all facets of life. If students, present and future, are to cope successfully with these factors, they will need strong leadership skills which they can apply to their lifetime activities. An inherent factor in teaching these leadership skills is that they should disperse and integrate with other subject areas and have certain utilitarian values which can be utilized once formal schooling has ceased.

Physical education is fully aware of its responsibility and the role it must play if it is to do its part in educating students to better health and greater enjoyment of their life styles.

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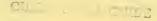
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